

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT
LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1322
TO BE ANSWERED ON 27.07.2026**

**WELFARE AND EMPLOYMENT GENERATION IN HEALTHCARE
OUTSOURCING SECTOR**

1322. SHRI M K RAGHAVAN:

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government is aware of the recent large scale layoffs by multinational healthcare outsourcing companies, including medical coding and medical scribing firms and if so, the details thereof;**
- (b) whether the Government has examined reports that recent changes in labour laws and labour codes have contributed to such workforce rationalisation;**
- (c) if so, the details thereof including number of employees affected, particularly in Kerala, Tamil Nadu and Karnataka;**
- (d) the details of the measures taken by the Government to ensure compliance with statutory provisions relating to notice compensation and social security for retrenched employees; and**
- (e) the steps taken by the Government to promote employment generation and skill upgradation in the medical coding and medical scribing sector?**

ANSWER

**MINISTER OF STATE FOR LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT
(SUSHRI SHOBHA KARANDLAJE)**

(a) to (e): “Labour” as a subject falls in the Concurrent List. Based on their respective jurisdiction as demarcated in the Industrial Relations Code, 2020, Central and State Governments take actions to address the issues of the workers and protect their interests. In the establishments that lie in the jurisdiction of Central Government, the Central Industrial Relations Machinery (CIRM) is entrusted with the task of maintaining good industrial relations and protecting the interest of workers including in matters relating to termination, retrenchment or lay-off and its prevention.

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The Industrial Relations Code, 2020 contains various provisions to safeguard workers' rights and job security, including statutory safeguards in the form of mandatory notice period, retrenchment compensation and provision for retrenched workers to be given preference in re-employment are applicable for all retrenched workers. The Code also introduces Workers Re-skilling fund for training of retrenched workers for the first time with a view to providing financial support to retrenched workers to utilize that amount for his re-skilling. The Negotiating Unions/Negotiating Councils have been brought under the statutory provisions to strengthen collective bargaining.

Further, the industrial establishments having 300 or more workers are required to seek prior permission of the appropriate government for lay-off, retrenchment and closure.

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