

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS  
DEPARTMENT OF FERTILIZERS

**LOK SABHA**

**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1132 TO BE ANSWERED ON: 24.07.2026**

Allocation of Fertilizers Subsidy

†1132. **Mrs Ruchi Vira:**

**Shri Utkarsh Verma Madhur:**

**Shri Harendra Singh Malik:**

Will the Minister of **CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS** be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government is aware of complaints from sugarcane farmers regarding the shortage and black marketing of fertilizers including NPK, DAP and Urea during the peak agricultural season, if so, the current status of the buffer stock, district-wise including Moradabad, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor and Lakhimpur Kheri districts in Uttar Pradesh;
- (b) the details of the total quantity of fertilizers, allocated and the actual demand in the said districts during the last two years, year-wise;
- (c) whether the Government proposes to simplify and make more transparent the transfer of fertilizer subsidy benefits directly into farmers' bank accounts to reduce input costs, if so, the details thereof;
- (d) whether the Government proposes to provide additional subsidies/training/subsidized kits through local cooperative societies to promote Nano Urea and Nano DAP, if so, the details thereof alongwith the percentage of farmers using them in the said district;
- (e) whether the Government proposes to increase the number of fertilizer distribution centres and introduce a transparent digital monitoring system in the said districts, if so, the details thereof, district-wise; and
- (f) whether any awareness campaign is being conducted to protect groundwater and soil health from excessive use of chemical fertilizers in Lakhimpur Kheri district of Uttar Pradesh?

**ANSWER**

**THE MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS & FERTILIZERS**

**(SHRI JAGAT PRAKASH NADDA)**

- (a) & (b) The availability of fertilizers, viz. Urea, DAP, MOP and NPKS, in the State of Uttar Pradesh during the ongoing Kharif 2026 season is adequate. The details

regarding the requirement, availability, sales and closing stock of the said fertilizers in the State, as on 21.07.2026, are given below:

| UTTAR PRADESH                                                                             |         |             |              |           |                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|--------------|-----------|------------------------------|
| AVAILABILITY OF FERTILIZERS DURING THE ONGOING KHARIF 2026<br>(FROM 01.04.26 TO 21.07.26) |         |             |              |           |                              |
|                                                                                           |         |             |              |           | fig. in LMT                  |
| S. No.                                                                                    | Product | Requirement | Availability | DBT Sales | Closing Stock as on 21.07.26 |
| 1                                                                                         | UREA    | 23.38       | 33.66        | 17.36     | 16.30                        |
| 2                                                                                         | DAP     | 4.92        | 8.63         | 3.45      | 5.17                         |
| 3                                                                                         | MOP     | 1.42        | 1.37         | 0.23      | 1.14                         |
| 4                                                                                         | NPKS    | 1.95        | 6.26         | 1.28      | 4.98                         |

1. Primary Indicator of comfortable availability: Availability > Requirement
2. Secondary Indicator of comfortable availability: Availability > Sales

However, the distribution of fertilizers within the State at district level is done by the respective State Government.

Further, the Department of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (DA&FW) in consultation with the State Government is regularly monitoring the enforcement action taken by State Government against the cases of Black marketing, Hoarding, Sub-standard and Diversion on weekly basis. In the State of Uttar Pradesh, since April 2026 to July 2026 (as on 17.07.2026), 9,687 raids have been conducted with 1,083 show cause notices issued, 548 licenses suspended/cancelled and 38 FIRs registered against defaulters in the State.

Furthermore, the Government of Uttar Pradesh also informed that the State remains fully committed to safeguard interests of farmers and addressing all issues relating to fertilizers, including black marketing, overrating, tagging and other irregularities through continuous monitoring and enforcement measures. Adequate quantities of Urea, DAP and NPK complexes are presently available across all districts of Uttar Pradesh, including Moradabad, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor and Lakhimpur Kheri.

The details are as under:-

|         |                 |            |          |            | Qty. in MT |
|---------|-----------------|------------|----------|------------|------------|
| 2024-25 |                 |            |          | 2025-26    |            |
| S. No.  | Districts       | Allocation | Sale     | Allocation | Sale       |
| 1       | Moradabad       | 1,94,365   | 1,61,300 | 1,82,979   | 1,61,596   |
| 2       | Muzaffarnagar   | 1,56,282   | 1,45,552 | 1,59,448   | 1,48,110   |
| 3       | Bijnor          | 2,10,764   | 1,82,471 | 2,04,352   | 1,77,082   |
| 4       | Lakhimpur Kheri | 3,22,001   | 3,36,385 | 3,47,270   | 3,39,878   |

(c) Under 'DBT in Fertilizers system, 100% subsidy on various fertilizer grades is released to the fertilizer companies, on actual sales to the beneficiaries based on Aadhaar authentication through PoS devices installed at each retail shop.

As on date, since the database of identified farmers is not saturated, the direct cash transfer is not envisaged till now.

(d) In order to promote the use of Nano Fertilizers among farmers across the country, the following measures have been undertaken:

- i. Use of Nano Urea is promoted through different activities such as awareness camps, webinars, field demonstrations, Kisan Sammelans and films in regional languages etc.
- ii. Nano Urea and Nano DAP are made available at Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samridhi Kendras (PMKSKs) by concerned companies.
- iii. For ease in application and utilization of Nano fertilizers like Nano Urea through foliar application, initiatives such as innovative spraying options like 'Kisan Drones' and distribution of battery operated sprayers at retail points are undertaken. For this purpose, pilot training and custom hiring spraying services through Village Level Entrepreneurs are actively promoted.
- iv. Fertilizer companies have undertaken extensive awareness and promotional activities to encourage the adoption of nano fertilizers across major agricultural states. These include farmer meetings, crop seminars, field demonstrations, field days, and institutional trials to educate farmers on product usage, nutrient efficiency, cost benefits, and crop performance.
- v. The Fertilizer Companies have also partnered with ICAR institutes, Krishi Vigyan Kendras (KVKs), State Agricultural Universities, and State Agriculture Departments to conduct research, field trials, and training programmes for extension workers, retailers, and other stakeholders to promote the correct use of Nano fertilizers.
- vi. To further increase awareness, companies have used television campaigns, Kisan Melas, agricultural exhibitions, wall paintings, hoardings, dealer displays, mobile campaigns, printed literature, and digital platforms such as YouTube and Facebook. Special outreach programmes, including Kisan Goshthis, Viksit Bharat Sankalp Yatra activities, and village-level campaigns, have also been organized.
- vii. Manufacturers such as IFFCO and Coromandel International Limited (CIL) have informed that farmer feedback has been collected through interactions and testimonials. According to the companies, farmers have generally reported positive experiences with nano fertilizers and have shown willingness to continue using them.

With respect to incentives, the States of Gujarat and Rajasthan provide a 50% subsidy on Nano Urea and Nano DAP, while Uttarakhand has made their use mandatory in demonstrations under Central and State schemes.

(e) IFMS is integrated with the implementation and monitoring of Movement Control Order through online monitoring of fertilizer allocation, dispatch and supply position. State-wise and month-wise supply plans approved by DoF are uploaded in iFMS and fertilizer companies are required to make dispatches accordingly. The system captures movement and dispatch details through integration with company SAP/ERP systems and provides continuous monitoring of fertilizer availability and supply position at pan

India level, including Moradabad, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor and Lakhimpur Kheri districts in Uttar Pradesh.

(f) The Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR) has conducted a nationwide awareness campaign on balanced fertilization in 721 districts, including Lakhimpur Kheri, to protect soil health from the excessive use of chemical fertilizers. The campaign promotes soil test-based balanced fertilization and Integrated Nutrient Management (INM) through farmer training, demonstrations, capacity-building programmes, and awareness activities. Farmers encouraged to adopt judicious use of chemical fertilizers along with organic manures, biofertilizers, green manuring, and other sustainable nutrient management practices to maintain soil health and improve nutrient-use efficiency.

Further, Government promotes judicious use of fertilizer through Soil Health & Fertility scheme. The scheme is being implemented since 2014-15 to provide Soil Health Cards (SHCs) for all farm holdings, to promote balanced and integrated nutrient management for improving productivity and soil fertility.

Soil samples are processed as per standard procedures and analyzed for parameters such as pH, Electrical Conductivity, Organic Carbon, available Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Potassium, Sulphur, and micronutrients (Zinc, Copper, Iron, Manganese & Boron). In addition to state soil labs, 1020 school mini soil labs are also established in the country under school soil health programme. 93781 farmer's trainings, 6.80 lakh demonstrations, 7425 farmer's melas/campaigns on soil health card recommendations have been organized across the country. 1351166 ha area also covered under Promotion & Distribution of Micronutrients in the scheme. Since 2014-15, 4.09 crore Soil Health Cards have been generated/distributed as on date across in Uttar Pradesh.

The Soil Health Card (SHCs) issued/ generated in the Lakhimpur district of Uttar Pradesh in last 03 years are as under:

|           |         |         |         |         | In Numbers |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------|
| District  | 2023-24 | 2024-25 | 2025-26 | 2026-27 | Total      |
| Lakhimpur | 9000    | 15000   | 28800   | 200     | 53000      |

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