

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF NEW AND RENEWABLE ENERGY
LOK SABHA
STARRED QUESTION NO. 253
ANSWERED ON 05.08.2026

FINANCIAL ALLOCATION FOR PM-SGMBY

*253. SHRI RAVINDRA DATTARAM WAIKAR
DR. SHRIKANT EKNATH SHINDE

Will the Minister of NEW AND RENEWABLE ENERGY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether renewable energy financial allocation has been increased in the Budget 2026-27 with relation specifically for Pradhan Mantri-Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana (PM-SGMBY) representing solar budget and if so, the details of the strategic priorities driving this allocation;
- (b) the number of rooftop installations have added in systems demonstrating accelerating adoption along with the details of Government target for the financial year 2026-27;
- (c) whether subsidies per household for systems with collateral-free loans through a national digital portal have democratized access to solar power and if so, the details of registration and installation completion rates;
- (d) whether duty exemptions on battery storage capital goods and solar glass inputs alongside tax incentives for domestic manufacturing aim to build an atmanirbhar solar ecosystem and if so, the details thereof; and
- (e) whether PM-SGMBY transforms consumers into prosumers generating their own electricity while reducing distribution losses and supporting the non-fossil fuel capacity target by year 2030 and if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF NEW & RENEWABLE ENERGY, CONSUMER AFFAIRS & FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION AND EDUCATION.

(SHRI PRALHAD JOSHI)

(a) to (e): A statement is laid on the table of the house.

STATEMENT

A statement referred to in reply of parts (a) to (e) of Lok Sabha Starred Question No. 253 to be answered on 05.08.2026 regarding Financial Allocation for PM-SGMBY

(a) to (c): The budget of Ministry of New and Renewable Energy (MNRE) has been increased from Rs. 25,301.22 Cr at Revised Budget stage in 2025-26 to Rs. 32,914.67 Cr at Budget Estimate stage in 2026-27 and the corresponding increase in the budget for PM Surya Ghar: Muft Bijli Yojana (PMSG: MBY) is from Rs. 17,000 Cr at Revised Budget stage in 2025-26 to Rs. 22,000 Cr at Budget Estimate stage in 2026-27. The increase in the budget of PMSG: MBY is mainly on account of accelerated adoption of RTS systems installations by residential households under the scheme.

As a result of various steps taken by the MNRE, including timely disbursement of subsidies and facilitating timely sanction of collateral-free loans through digital portals, the rate of installation of RTS systems which was few months for coverage of one lakh households during the initial phase of implementation of the scheme has now reached to around 6 days for covering one lakh households.

Under the PMSG: MBY, which is a demand driven scheme launched in February 2024, a total of 77,44,376 applications have been received, with a cumulative installed capacity of 14.8 GW have been installed, benefitting over 50 lakh households, with ₹28,024 crore as Central Financial Assistance (CFA) across the country, as on 04.08.2026.

(d): To promote domestic manufacturing of solar glass, the Government has waived off Basic Customs Duty (BCD) on import of sodium antimonate for use in manufacture of solar glass.

Additionally, to promote indigenous manufacturing capabilities and develop an Aatmanirbhar ecosystem for battery storage in the country, exemption from BCD has been provided on specified capital goods, machinery and equipment required for the manufacture of lithium-ion cells for batteries used in electric vehicles and Battery Energy Storage Systems (BESS).

(e): Households with rooftop solar systems, generate their own electricity for self-consumption and may export surplus power to the grid, as per prevailing State/UT regulations. Since, RTS systems are installed at the consumption end or tail end of distribution network, therefore, it reduces distribution losses. Under the PMSG: MBY, solar power generation capacity of over 14.65 GW has been added till 31.7.2026, contributing to the non-fossil fuel capacity target of 500 GW by year 2030.
