GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 879 TO BE ANSWERED ON 21.07.2016

Funds for Drinking Water and Sanitation Schemes

†879. SHRI RAHUL KASWAN:

Will the Minister of DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the amount provided by the Union Government to the Government of Rajasthan for drinking water and sanitation during each of the last three years and the current year separately;
- (b) whether the said amount is sufficient for the purpose; and
- (c) if not, the work yet to be carried out in the area of drinking water and sanitation in Rajasthan and the steps taken by the Government to provide more funds to the State?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION (SHRI RAMESH CHANDAPPA JIGAJINAGI)

(a) The amount provided by the Union Government to the Government of Rajasthan under National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) and Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin)(SBM(G)) during last three years and the current years is as under :-

NRDWP

Years	Fund released (in Rs. Crores)
2013-14	1332.49
2014-15	1304.64
2015-16	526.75
2016-17	289.20
(as on 18.07.2016)	

SBM(G):-

Year	Funds released (Rs. in crore)
2013-14	0
2014-15	271.56
2015-16	938.73
2016-17	627.30

(b) & (c) Under the NRDWP funds are released to States in accordance with a pre-approved criteria. The State of Rajasthan has been the largest recipient of funds under NRDWP due to its peculiar dry conditions and difficult geographical terrain. As per information provided by State of Rajasthan on IMIS, there are 1,21,648 rural habitations in the State out of which, 54,616 are fully covered getting at least 40 litres per capita per day (lpcd), 46,137 are partially covered getting less than 40 lpcd and 20,895 habitations are quality affected in which one or more water sources contain chemical contaminant. Till 18.07.2016, an amount of Rs. 289.20 Crores has been released to State Govt. of Rajasthan for rural drinking water supply under NRDWP.

Keeping in view of huge water quality problems in the State, an amount of Rs. 431.29 Crores has also been released by NITI Aayog to State Government of Rajasthan separately for tackling Arsenic and Fluoride affected habitations only.

Besides, State has also been asked to send the projects regarding drinking water supply to be funded from external lending agencies like World Bank, Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA), New Development Bank (NDB) in order to bridge the gap between the requirement of funds and supply.

Under SBM (G), the funds provided to States has been found to be sufficient.
