

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE  
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, COOPERATION AND FARMERS WELFARE

**LOK SABHA**  
**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.442**  
TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 19<sup>TH</sup> JULY, 2016

**REMUNERATIVE PRICES TO FARMERS**

442. SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR SINGH:  
SHRI RAHUL KASWAN:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE एवं किसान कल्याण  
½âããè  
be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has taken a decision recently to increase the MSP for various agricultural crops to provide adequate remunerative prices to the farmers as well as to increase the agricultural production, if so, the details thereof along with the total number of crops covered by MSP;
- (b) whether the Union Government and the State Governments propose to add 10% profit every year in the MSP given to the farmers, if so the details thereof; and
- (c) whether the Government proposes to implement recommendation of Swaminathan Commission in toto, if so, the details thereof?

**ANSWER**

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

½âããè एवं किसान कल्याण ½âããè ½ãñã Åã¼ã ½âããè ( SHRI  
SUDARSHAN BHAGAT)

(a): The Government has fixed the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for 2014-15, 2015-16 and Kharif crops of 2016-17 are given at **Annexure**.

(b): Government fixes Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) of various crops based on the recommendations of the Commission for Agricultural Costs & Prices (CACP), views of concerned State Governments and Central Ministries/Departments and other relevant factors. While formulating its recommendations on price policy, the CACP considers, interalia, a number of important factors including cost of production, changes in input prices, trends in market prices, demand and supply situation, effect on general price level, effect on cost of living, etc.

(c): The National Commission on Farmers (NCF) under the Chairmanship of Dr. M.S. Swaminathan was set up in 2004. The Commission submitted its report to the Government in 2006. After due examination, Government accepted many of the recommendations of the NCF and based on these Government approved the 'National Policy For Farmers, 2007' (NPF 2007). The NPF-2007 aims to improve economic viability of farming and increases net income of farmers. The Ministry has adopted various schemes/programmes based on the NPF, 2007.

## Annexure

### Minimum Support Price for 2014-15 and 2015-16

(in Rs per quintal)

Sl. No.	Commodity	Variety	2014-15	2015-16	
	<b><u>KHARIF CROPS</u></b>				
1	PADDY	Common	1360	1410	1470
		Grade 'A'	1400	1450	1510
2	JOWAR	Hybrid	1530	1570	1625
		Maldandi	1550	1590	1650
3	BAJRA		1250	1275	1330
4	MAIZE		1310	1325	1365
5	RAGI		1550	1650	1725
6	ARHAR(Tur)		4350	4625 <sup>^</sup>	5050 <sup>^^</sup>
7	MOONG		4600	4850 <sup>^</sup>	5225 <sup>^^</sup>
8	URAD		4350	4625 <sup>^</sup>	5000 <sup>^^</sup>
9	COTTON	Medium Staple	3750	3800	3860
		Long Staple	4050	4100	4160
10	GROUNDNUT IN SHELL		4000	4030	4220*
11	SUNFLOWER SEED		3750	3800	3950*
12	SOYABEEN	Black	2500	-	-
		Yellow	2560	2600	2775*
13	SESAMUM		4600	4700	5000 <sup>^</sup>
14	NIGERSEED		3600	3650	3825*
	<b><u>RABI CROPS</u></b>				
15	WHEAT		1450	1525	
16	BARLEY		1150	1225	
17	GRAM		3175	3500 <sup>**</sup>	
18	MASUR (LENTIL)		3075	3400 <sup>**</sup>	
19	RAPSEED/MUSTARD		3100	3350	
20	SAFFLOWER		3050	3300	
21	TORIA		3020	3290	

\*Including Bonus of Rs. 100 per quintal.

\*\*Including Bonus of Rs. 75 per quintal .

<sup>^</sup>Including Bonus of Rs. 200 per quintal.

<sup>^^</sup>Including Bonus of Rs. 425 per quintal.

\*\*\*\*\*