

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES,  
RIVER DEVELOPMENT & GANGA REJUVENATION  
**LOK SABHA**  
**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4368**  
ANSWERED ON 11.08.2016

**SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS UNDER NAMAMI GANGE MISSION**

4368.           SHRIMATI KAVITHA KALVAKUNTLA  
                  SHRI BRIJBHUSHAN SHARAN SINGH

Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT AND GANGA REJUVENATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the location and State-wise details of Sewage Treatment Plants set up in the first phase of Namami Gange Mission in the country so far;
- (b) the names of States whose participation have been decided for making this project a success;
- (c) whether the Government is aware that some States are facing financial stress and are not able to complete their Sewage Treatment Plants (STPs) in time due to delays and resultant cost escalations;
- (d) if so, the details thereof and the action taken/to be taken to resolve the issue;
- (e) whether any survey or research has been conducted by the Government to authenticate the outcome of the study conducted by National Cancer Registry Programme stating that the people living on banks of Ganga river in Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and Bengal are more vulnerable to cancer; and
- (f) if so, the details thereof and the action taken thereon?

**ANSWER**

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT AND GANGA REJUVENATION  
(DR. SANJEEV KUMAR BALYAN)

(a) As on 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2016, 58 project on Sewerage and Sanitation have been sanctioned. This includes 51 projects for STPs and sewerage network Schemes and 7 projects only for laying / rehabilitation of sewer lines. This would create 808.23 MLD (new) and rehabilitation of 1089.00 MLD treatment capacity and 3627.15 Km sewer network. Till date 7 STP projects are completed which has created 126.5 MLD capacity. The details of the STPs is given in annexure 1.

(b) Primarily, support from main stem Ganga states (Uttarakhand, Uttar-Pradesh, Bihar, Jharkhand and West Bengal) is required for the making the programme a success along river Ganga. Support from states along river Yamuna (Haryana, Delhi) is also necessary as Yamuna is a highly polluted major tributary of river Ganga. Additionally, support from the other Ganga Basin States Himachal Pradesh, Rajasthan, Madhya

Pradesh and Chhattisgarh are equally important to the programme a success for cleaning the tributaries of river Ganga passing through these states.

(c) & (d) All the projects under the new Namami Gange is fully funded by the Government (100% funding) under the central sponsored scheme. Earlier sanctioned STP schemes funded under NGRBA were sanctioned under 70:30 sharing basis. One of the conditions of sanction was that any escalation and/or time overrun has to be borne by the state.

(e) No, Madam. The Government has not conducted any survey so far to authenticate any study on vulnerability of people living on banks of river Ganga to cancer by National Cancer Registry Programme.

(f) Does not arise.

**Annexure 1**

Annexure referred to in reply of Lok Sabha unstarred Question No. 4368 due for reply on 11.08.2016

The state-wise location details of Sewage Treatment plants under construction/completed under Namami Gange Programme

	<b>State</b>	<b>No. of STP proposed</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>STPs completed if any</b>
	UK	9	Badrinath, Karnprayag, Devprayag, Rudraprayag, Tapovan (Tehri), Haridwar-2, Gangotri, Muni-Ki-Reti.	3 (Tapovan, Devprayag, Haridwar-1)
	UP	14	Allahabad-5, Garhmukteswar-2, Moradabad, Kannauj (Kali river), Varanasi, Bithoor, Anupsahar-2, Narora.	4 (Allahabad)
	Bihar	11	Buxar, Begusarai, Munger, Hajipur, Patna (7)	
	Jharkhand	1	Sahibganaj	
	West Bengal	6	Kalyani, Gayeshpur, Bhatpara, Halisahar, Budge budge and Barrackpore	
	Haryana	6	Panipat (4) and Sonipat (2)	
	Delhi	4	Rithala (3) and Kondli	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>51</b>		

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