## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. COOPERATION AND FARMERS WELFARE

## LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.3860 TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 9<sup>TH</sup> AUGUST, 2016

## SEED CERTIFICATION BY OECD

3860. DR. KAMBHAMPATI HARIBABU:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE ‡ãðŠãäÓã एवं किसान कल्याण ½ãâ¨ããè

be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there is a proposal with the Government for seed certification by Organization for Economic Co-operation Development (OECD);
- (b) if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) the manner in which the said seed certification is likely to improve the quality of seeds in the country?

## **ANSWER**

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE ‡ãoŠãaÓã एवं किसान कल्याण ½ãa¨ããÊã¾ã ½ãñâ À㕾ã ½ãâ¨ããè (SHRI PARSHOTTAM RUPALA)

- (a) & (b): Yes, Madam. India has joined Organization for Economic Co-operation Development (OECD) seed schemes in October, 2008. OECD Seed Certification schemes provide an international framework for the certification of Seeds for International trade. India participates in five seed schemes i.e. Cereals, Maize & Sorghum, Crucifers & other oil or fiber species, Grasses & legumes and vegetables. The scheme is implemented by ten Designated Authorities viz., State Seed Certification Agencies of Assam, Bihar, Haryana, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Telangana, Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand. Joint Secretary (Seeds) is the National Designated Authority.
- (c): OECD Seed Certification Scheme is a global framework and the objective is to encourage the use of quality guaranteed seeds, facilitate the import and export of seeds by the removal of technical trade barriers through internationally recognized labels in the participating countries.

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