Subject: Lok Sabha Admitted Question No. 3330 for dated 05.08.2016 raised by Shri ASHWINI KUMAR, M.P. Lok Sabha regarding SUBSIDY.

'SUBSIDY'	To be answered on 05.08.2016					
3330 by Shri ASHWINI	SHRI ARJUN RAM MEGHWAL					
KUMAR, M.P, Lok Sabha	Minister of State for Finance					
Will the Minister of FINANCE						
be pleased to state:						
Question	Answer					
(a) the item-wise amount of funds spent on subsidy during the last three years	(a) to (b). Item-wise subsidy expenditure is detailed below: (In crores of Rupees)					
and the current year;		Actuals	Actuals	Revised	Budget	
		2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	
	Major Subsidies	244717	249016	241857	231782	
	Fertilizer	67339	71076	72438	70000	
(b) the items of expenditure	Food	92000	117671	139419	134835	
covered under subsidy to	Petroleum	85378	60269	30000	26947	
be released during the said	Interest	8137	7632	13808	15523	
period of time;	Other	1778	1610	2136	3128	
(c) whether any steps have been taken to streamline	Total - Subsidies	254632	258258	257801	250433	
the subsidy, control the	(c) & (D) The government is committed to progressively					
expenditure on all the	pursuing subsidy reforms in a manner that will ensure					
subsidies and reduce the fiscal deficit; and	efficient and better targeting of subsidies to the poor and					
	needy, while also saving scarce financial resources for					
(d) if so, the details	(d) if so, the details investment in infrastructure and pursuit of new develop					
thereof?	programs ann	rograms announced by the government. Some of the				
	major steps taken are given below:					
	, .					
	i. The steps taken by the Government to deregulate petrol					
and diesel prices, and to boost direct benefit transf					transfer of	
	subsidy for	subsidy for domestic LPG, along with decline in global				
crude oil prices, have helped in containing the p					petroleum	
	subsidy bill.					
	ii. The significantly positive response to the call to give up					
	LPG subsidy under the "give-it-up" campaign has					

- created some fiscal space and facilitated provision of LPG connections to the poor.
- iii. The rationalization and reprioritization of subsidies through better targeting plays a vital role in fiscal consolidation and in targeting expenditure more towards inclusive development.
- iv. The Government has also launched a dedicated scheme for end-to-end computerization of Public Distribution System throughout the country. 15 States have already joined the National Food Security Act (NFSA) framework. The Government has launched a drive to ensure universal coverage of Aadhaar throughout the country. End-to-end computerization, combined with Aadhaar coverage to improve the targeting efficiency of PDS system in the country.
- v. 100% neem coating of indigenous production of subsidized urea has been made compulsory from 25.05.2015 to help prevent its diversion for industrial use.
- vi. Cash transfer of Food Subsidy Rules, 2015 which was notified on 21.8.2015 under the National Food Security Act, 2013 is currently being implemented on a pilot basis in Union Territories of Chandigarh and Puducherry w.e.f. September, 2015.