

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP**

LOK SABHA

**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2867
TO BE ANSWERED ON 11.05.2016**

IMPLEMENTATION OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMMES

**†2867. SHRI BHARAT SINGH:
SHRI VIJAY KUMAR HANSDAK:**

Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state:

- (a) whether quality of training is the biggest challenge for skill development;
- (b) if so, the steps being taken by the Government for the continuous improvement in imparting quality training and the manner in which the Government proposes to involve private sector in this regard; and
- (c) the position of India in skill development training as compared to other countries?

ANSWER

**MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) IN THE MINISTRY OF
SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP
(SHRI RAJIV PRATAP RUDY)**

(a) & (b) There are skill gaps qualitatively and quantitatively. National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC) under Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE) has set up 40 SSCs led by industry to address skill related issues in their sectors. SSCs assess skill needs of various job roles in their sector in consultation with the industry and develop job specific standards called Qualification Packs – National Occupational Standards (QP-NOS). Till now, SSCs have developed 1661 Qualification Packs – National Occupational Standards (QP-NOS). These QP-NOS are compliant to National Skill Qualification Framework and are aligned to standards set by the industry to make the training relevant to the industry needs.

(c) As per National Policy for Skill Development and Entrepreneurship 2015, 4.69% of the total workforce in India has undergone formal skill training as compared to 68% in UK, 75% in Germany, 52% in USA, 80% in Japan and 96% in South Korea.
