

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT  
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION**

**LOK SABHA  
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1273  
TO BE ANSWERED ON 02.05.2016**

**Higher Educational Institutions**

1273. SHRIMATI SANTOSH AHLAWAT

SHRI OM PRAKASH YADAV

SHRI OM BIRLA

SHRI CHANDU LAL SAHU:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has launched Unnat Bharat Abhiyan in the country;
- (b) if so, the details thereof, State-wise;
- (c) whether the Government has issued directions to all higher educational institutions to adopt backward villages in their vicinity and apply their knowledge and expertise to improve the infrastructure in Gram Panchayats under their watch under Unnat Bharat Abhiyan if so, the details thereof;
- (d) whether the Government has entrusted some tasks under the Abhiyan to higher educational institutions if so, the details thereof; and
- (e) whether the higher educational institutions have identified villages in their vicinity for intervention if so, the details thereof?

**ANSWER**

**MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT**

**(SMT. SMRITI ZUBIN IRANI)**

(a) to (c) : Yes Sir. The Ministry of Human Resource Development (MHRD) has launched Unnat Bharat Abhiyan (UBA) on 11<sup>th</sup> November, 2014 to enable higher educational institutions to work with the people of rural India in identifying development challenges and evolving appropriate solutions for accelerating sustainable growth. The MHRD has advised all the higher educational institutions which are funded by the Central /State Government and all institutions

which are under approval by the regulatory bodies to adopt clusters of backward Gram Panchayats / villages in their vicinity and apply their knowledge and expertise to improve the infrastructure in the Gram Panchayats (GPs). The details regarding the UBA can be accessed at <http://unnat.iitd.ac.in>. The State-wise details are provided in *Annexure*.

(d): Higher educational institutions have been advised to give special emphasis on issues pertaining to sanitation, drinking water supply, energy, agriculture and allied activities, irrigation, education, health, etc. and to provide innovative solution in consultation with Panchayat Raj Institutions (PRIs).

(e): Two Hundred and One (201) villages have been identified for intervention by institutions of higher education. The institute wise number of villages identified is given in *Annexure*.

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## **Annexure**

Annexure referred to in reply to the part (a) to (c) and part (e) of the Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1273 for 02.05.2016 regarding Higher Educational Institutions.

### **State-wise and institution-wise villages identified and adopted under Unnat Bharat Abhiyan**

<b>Sl. No.</b>	<b>State</b>	<b>Institution</b>	<b>No. of Villages identified</b>
1.	Arunachal Pradesh	National Institute of Technology, Papum Pare, Arunachal Pradesh	5
2.	Assam	Indian Institute of Technology, Guwahati	10
	Assam	National Institute of Technology, Silchar	3
3.	Bihar	Indian Institute of Technology, Patna	2
4.	Chhattisgarh	Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi	5
5.	Goa	National Institute of Technology, Goa	3
6.	Gujarat	Indian Institute of Technology, Gandhinagar	2
7.	Haryana	Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi	1
8.	Himachal Pradesh	National Institute of Technology, Hamirpur	6
	Himachal Pradesh	Central University of Himachal Pradesh, Kangra	7
	Himachal Pradesh	Indian Institute of Technology, Mandi	1
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	National Institute of Technology, Srinagar	5
10.	Jharkhand	Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi	5
11.	Karnataka	Indian Institute of Management, Bangalore	14
12.	Kerala	Indian Institute of Science Education and Research, Thiruvananthapuram	1
13.	Madhya Pradesh	Indian Institute of Technology, Bhopal	1
14.	Maharashtra	Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi	4
15.	Manipur	National Institute of Technology, Imphal	5
16.	Meghalaya	National Institute of Technology, Shillong	5
17.	Mizoram	National Institute of Technology, Aizawl	1
18.	Odisha	Indian Institute of Technology, Bhubaneswar	1
19.	Punjab	Indian Institute of Technology, Ropar	1
20.	Rajasthan	Indian Institute of Technology, Jodhpur	2
	Rajasthan	Malviya National Institute of Technology, Jaipur	5
	Rajasthan	Central University of Rajasthan, Ajmer	9
21.	Tamil Nadu	Indian Institute of Technology Madras, Chennai	2
22.	Telangana	Indian Institute of Technology, Hyderabad	4
	Telangana	National Institute of Technology, Warangal	18
23.	Uttar Pradesh	Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi	16
	Uttar Pradesh	Indian Institute of Technology (BHU), Varanasi	9
	Uttar Pradesh	Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur	11
	Uttar Pradesh	Motilal Nehru National Institute of Technology, Allahabad	3
	Uttar Pradesh	Feroze Gandhi Institute of Engineering & Technology, Raibareilly	6
24.	Uttarakhand	Indian Institute of Technology, Roorkee	5
25.	West Bengal	Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur	13
	West Bengal	National Institute of Technology, Durgapur	10
	<b>Total</b>		<b>201</b>