# GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT & GANGA REJUVENATION

### **LOK SABHA**

## **UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2185**

ANSWERED ON 10.03.2016

## DEVELOPMENT OF RIVERS UNDER NRCP

2185. DR. GOKARAJU GHANGA RAJU

SHRI KAMAL NATH

SHRI JYOTIRADITYA M. SCINDIA

Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT AND GANGA REJUVENATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the State/UT-wise details and names of rivers covered under National River Conservation Plan (NRCP) along with regulating authorities of NRCP;
- (b) whether the Government proposes to bring all such rivers under the jurisdiction of her ministry to evolve an integrated approach for conservation of water resources;
- (c) if so, the details in this regard;
- (d) whether the Government is aware of mismanagement of funds for river development during the last two years; and
- (e) if so, the details thereof and the extent to which bringing of the said rivers under the jurisdiction of her ministry are likely to put a check on the mismanagement of funds for river development?

#### ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT AND GANGA REJUVENATION

(PROF. SANWAR LAL JAT)

(a) Discharge of untreated and partially treated sewage from cities/towns and industrial effluents constitute a major source of pollution in rivers. It is the responsibility of the State Governments/concerned local bodies to set up proper facilities for collection, transportation and treatment of sewage being generated and ensure that untreated sewage does not fall into the rivers thereby polluting them.

The Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change (MoEF&CC), has been supplementing the efforts of the State Governments in abatement of pollution in identified stretches of various rivers under the National River Conservation Plan (NRCP) and NGRBA (National Ganga River Basin Authority)

programmes respectively, for implementation of projects on a cost sharing basis between the Central and State Governments.

From 01/08/2014, the works relating to Ganga & its tributaries, including NGRBA programme, has been transferred to Ministry of Water Resources, River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation.

NRCP (excluding Ganga and its tributaries) has covered polluted stretches of 31 rivers in 75 towns spread over 14 States at a sanctioned cost of Rs.4517.82 crore. Execution of sanctioned works under NRCP is carried out by the implementing agencies of the State Governments.

The State-wise details and names of rivers covered under National River Conservation Plan (NRCP) in given in annexure 1.

- (b) & (c) As of now, with effect from 01/08/2014, only works relating to Ganga & its tributaries, including NGRBA programme, have been transferred to Ministry of Water Resources, River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation.
- (d) & (e) No, Madam. The National Mission for Clean Ganga (NMCG) is not aware of any mismanagement of funds for development of river Ganga during the period 01/08/2014 till date.

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Annexure-I referred to in reply to part (a) of Lok Sabha unstarred question No 2185 due for reply on Thursday, 10th March, 2016 on Development of Rivers under NRCP

SI.	State	River	Sanctioned Cost (Rs. in
			crore)
1	Andhra Pradesh	Godavari	21.79
2	Telangana	Godavari & Musi	345.72
3	Gujarat	Sabarmati, Mindola	808.53
4	Goa	Mandovi	14.10
5	Jharkhand	Subarnarekha	3.14
6	Karnataka	Bhadra, Tungabhadra, Cauvery, Tunga & Pennar	66.25
7	Maharashtra	Krishna, Godavari, Tapi & Panchganga & Mula	1182.86
		Mutha	
8	Madhya Pradesh	Tapti, Wainganga, & Narmada	20.16
9	Odisha	Brahmini & Mahanadi	92.74
10	Punjab	Satluj & Seas	774.43
11	Tamil Nadu	Cauvery, Adyar, Cooum, Vennar, Vaigai &	905.78
		Tambarani	
12	Kerala	Pamba	18.45
13	Sikkim	Rani Chu	181.09
14	Nagaland	Diphu & Dhansiri	82.80
	TD 4 1		4517.04
	Total		4517.84