MINISTRY OF FINANCE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS

LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1033 TO BE ANSWERED ON DECEMBER 4, 2015

"FOREIGN INVESTMENT" QUESTION

1033: SHRI P. V. MIDHUN REDDY, SMT. JAYASHREBEN PATEL, SHRI GOPAL SHETTY, SHRI MALLIKARJUN KHARGE

Will the Minister of FINANCE be please to state:

- (a) The details of foreign investment including Foreign Portfolio Investment (FPI)
 made in the country during each of the last three years and the current year,
 country-wise;
- (b) Whether India's ranking has improved on the global competitive Index, if so the details thereof along with the factors attributed to this improved ranking of the country;
- (c) Whether foreign investment particularly FPI has slowed down during the current year, if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor; and
- (d) The steps taken by the Government to boost foreign investment?

ANSWER MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JAYANT SINHA)

(a) to (d) The Foreign Investment Policy is reviewed on an ongoing basis, with a view to make it more investor friendly. Significant changes have been made in the Foreign Investment Policy regime, from time to time, to ensure that India remains an increasingly attractive investment destination.

Year-wise statistics of FDI and FPI inflow for last three years country-wise: -

(Amount in Rs. in Cr.)

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Country	2012-13		2013-14		2014-15		2015-16	(upto	
							Sep., 2015)		
	FDI*	FPI	FDI*	FPI	FDI*	FPI	FDI*	FPI#	
Mauritius	51,654	10,147	29,360		55,172	26,955	23,490		
Singapore	12,594	46,434	35,625		41,350	66,898	43,096		
U.K.	5,797	14,065	20,426	3,927	8,769		2,287		
Japan	12,243		10,550		12,752	11,887	5,219	12,463	
U.S.A.	3,033	44,950	4,807	72,250	11,150	1,02,123	5,435	56,027	
From All Countries	1,21,907	1,63,348	1,47,518	62,286	1,89,107	2,56,213	1,06,693	72,970	

^{*}FDI Data is maintained on Financial Year Basis.

FPI Data is upto November 27, 2015.

Some of the common factors that influence FPIs investment, inter alia, includes the following: -

- 1) Country rating of the concerned jurisdiction;
- 2) Prevailing financial market conditions;
- 3) Anticipated future returns out of the proposed investment;
- Market infrastructure in the concerned jurisdiction;
- 5) Liquidity and volatility in the markets of the concerned jurisdiction;
- 6) Regulatory regime prevailing in the concerned jurisdiction;

The Government has taken various measures to improve Foreign Investment, which inter alia, includes: -

- (a) The Government has increased the FDI limit to 49% in Insurance Sector.
- (b) Government has allowed the FDI limit upto 49% in respect of Pension fund set up under the provisions of Pension PFRDA Act, 2013.
- (c) The FDI Policy has been simplified by introducing composite cap to include all forms of foreign investment i.e. FDI, FII, FPI, NRI, QFI, FVCI, ADR & GDR.
- (d) Partly Paid Shares and Warrants are treated as an eligible financial instruments for foreign investment under FDI Policy.
- (e) The procedure and other norms for entry has been simplified and a riskbased approach towards KYC has been adopted.
- (f) FPIs have been permitted to invest in Government and Corporate Debt without purchasing debt limits till the overall investment reaches 90%.
- (g) FPIs have been permitted to invest in Credit Enhanced INR Bounds upto an equivalent of US\$ 5 billion within the overall Corporate Bond limit of US\$ 51 billion.
- (h) Sub limit for FPI investment in Commercial Papers has been reduced from of US\$ 5 billion to US\$ 2 billion within the Corporate debt limit of US\$ 51 billion.
- (i) Debt limits for investment by FPIs in Central Government securities were increased to INR 1,29,900 crore from the existing limit of 1,24,432 crore and this limit shall further be increased to INR 1,35,400 crore on January 01, 2016.

All the efforts have yielded results, which has improved India's ranking. India now stood at rank 130 as per World Bank Report 2016

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