GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. *15 TO BE ANSWERED ON 30TH NOVEMBER, 2015

REGISTERED UNEMPLOYED

*15. SHRI BHAIRON PRASAD MISHRA: SHRI P. KUMAR:

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether a large number of people are unemployed in the country and if so, the number of unemployed registered, State/UT-wise;
- (b) whether adequate employment opportunities have not been created resulting in decrease in employment over a period of time;
- (c) whether the annual growth of employment opportunities also is not commensurate with the growth of economy and if so, the reaction of the Government thereto;
- (d) the percentage of employment opportunities generated by big business houses and corporate sectors during each of the last three years and the current year, Sector-wise; and
- (e) the various measures taken by the Government to generate more employment opportunities along with the details of the targets set in various sectors during the said period, sector-wise?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE (IC) FOR LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI BANDARU DATTATREYA)

- (a) to (e): A Statement is laid on the Table of the House.
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STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) to (e) OF LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. *15 DUE FOR REPLY ON 30.11.2015 BY SHRI BHAIRON PRASAD MISHRA AND SHRI P. KUMAR REGARDING REGISTERED UNEMPLOYED.

(a): As per results of labour force survey on employment and unemployment conducted during 2011-12 by National Sample Survey Office (NSSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, estimated number of unemployed person on usual status basis in the country was 1.06 crore. State-wise details of unemployment rates on usual status basis in the country are given at Annex.

(b) & (c): Estimated employment on usual status basis increased from 45.10 crore during 2004-05 to 47.41 crore during 2011-12, registering an annual growth rate of 0.46 per cent, whereas real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) grew at 8.5 per cent annually during the same period.

(d): Distribution of workforce estimated on usual status basis engaged in major sectors of the economy including big business houses and corporate sectors during 2004-05, 2009-10 and 2011-12 are given below:

	(in crore persons)		
Workforce by Major Sector	2004-2005	2009-2010	2011-2012
Agriculture & Allied	26.83	24.74	23.18
Industry	8.35	10.00	11.50
Services	10.73	11.81	12.73
Total Workforce	45.91	46.55	47.41

(e): 12th Five Year Plan targeted creation of 5 crore of additional employment opportunities in the non-farm sectors in the country during the plan period. In order to address this issue various employment generation schemes are being implemented by the government in the country such as Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), Swarna Jayanti Shahri Rozgar Yojana (SJSRY) restructured into National Urban Livelihoods Mission (NULM) since September, 2013, Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY), and Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP). In addition, the government is promoting labour-intensive manufacturing and increasing employment opportunities by promoting tourism and agro-based industries. Statement referred to in reply to part (a) of Lok Sabha starred Question No. *15 due for reply on 30.11.2015

SI. No.	State/UTs	Unemployment Rate
1	Andhra Pradesh	2.0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	2.0
3	Assam	4.6
3 4	Bihar	3.4
		1.4
6	Chhattisgarh Delhi	3.8
7	Goa	4.9
8	Gujarat	<u> </u>
9		2.9
	Haryana Himachal Pradesh	1.3
10	Jammu & Kashmir	3.4
11	Jammu & Kashmir Jharkhand	2.6
12	Karnataka	
13	Karnataka	1.6
14		0.9
15	Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra	1.3
16		3.7
17	Manipur Mashalaya	
18	Meghalaya Mizoram	0.8
20		17.7
21	Odisha	2.4
22	Punjab	2.2
23	Rajasthan	1.2
24	Sikkim	1.2
25	Tamil Nadu	2.3
26	Tripura	12.8
27	Uttarakhand	3.1
28	Uttar Pradesh	1.6
29	West Bengal	3.3
30	A& N Islands	6.5
31	Chandigarh	6.0
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.0
33	Daman & Diu	0.1
34	Lakshadweep	13.8
35	Puducherry	2.1
	All India	2.2

State-wise details of unemployment rate on usual status basis during 2011-12

Source: NSSO Reports, 2011-12.