

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
 MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE  
 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

**LOK SABHA**  
**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 584**  
 TO BE ANSWERED ON 3<sup>RD</sup> FEBRUARY, 2026

**PROGRESS OF FARMERS WELFARE SCHEMES**

584. SHRI JASWANTSINH SUMANBHAI BHABHOR:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्री be pleased to state:

- (a) the total amount transferred directly to farmers' accounts in the Dahod Lok Sabha constituency through the PM-KISAN Samman Nidhi scheme;
- (b) the number of farmers in the Dahod Lok Sabha Constituency who have been given financial protection under the Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (Prime Minister's Crop Insurance Scheme) in case of natural calamities; and
- (c) the achievements of the new 'Krishi Vigyan Kendras' (Agricultural Science Centres) established by the Government in the Dahod Lok Sabha Constituency with the objective of doubling farmers' income?

**ANSWER**

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE  
 कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण राज्य मंत्री (SHRI RAMNATH THAKUR)

(a): The PM-KISAN scheme is a central sector scheme launched in February 2019 by the Hon'ble Prime Minister to supplement the financial needs of farmers with cultivable land-holding. Under the scheme, a financial benefit of ₹ 6,000/- per year is transferred in three equal instalments, into the Aadhaar seeded bank accounts of farmers through Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) mode. Under the PM-KISAN Scheme, cultivable landholding is primary eligibility criteria to receive benefit of the Scheme subject to certain exclusions relating to higher economic status.

A farmer-centric digital infrastructure has ensured the benefits of the scheme reach all the farmers across the country without involvement of any intermediaries. Maintaining absolute transparency in registering and verifying beneficiaries, the Government of India has disbursed over ₹ 4.09 lakh Cr. through 21 installments since inception of the Scheme. The amount released to the beneficiaries of Districts under Dahod Constituency of Gujarat, since inception of the Scheme, is as follows:

SI No.	District Name	Amount released (In Rupees Crore)
1	Dahod	1,238.60
2	Mahisagar	660.73

(b): "Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojna (PMFBY) was introduced in the country from Kharif 2016 season. PMFBY provides for comprehensive risk insurance against crop damage from pre-sowing to post-harvest for crops and area notified by the concerned State Government. The scheme not only safeguards against wide spread yield loss due to non-preventable natural risks/ & extreme climate calamities such as flood, inundation, etc. but also against farm level yield loss due to localized risks (including inundation, cloud burst etc) and post-harvest losses due to cyclone, cyclonic/unseasonal rain and hailstorm and prevented sowing. This scheme is voluntary for States as well as farmers. All willing farmers are eligible to enroll under the scheme. However, State of Gujarat is currently not implementing the scheme.

The Department is regularly conducting weekly video conferences of all stakeholders, one to one meetings as well as National Review Conferences with all State/UTs, including non-implementing State/UTs in order to encourage non-implementing States/UTs adopt PMFBY. Recently the Hon'ble Agriculture & Farmers Welfare Minister has written demi-official letters to the Hon'ble Chief Ministers of non-implementing States to encourage their participation in the scheme.

(c): The Krishi Vigyan Kendra (Agricultural Science Centres) Dahod has been established with mandate of technology assessment and demonstration for its application and capacity development. The activities of KrishiVigyan Kendra (KVKs) include on-farm testing to identify the location specificity of technology under various farming systems; frontline demonstration to establish the production potential of improved agricultural technologies on the farmers' fields; capacity development of farmers for knowledge and skill upgradation; and production of quality seeds, planting materials and other technology inputs for availability to the farmers. Besides, a large number of extension activities are taken up by the KVKs to create awareness of modern agricultural technology. The activities of KVKs motivate the farmers to adopt modern agricultural technologies leading to increased productivity and income.

During the last five years, the KVK organized 3,150 demonstrations on improved agricultural technologies. In addition, the KVK trained 21,649 farmers/farm women/rural youth through training programmes and created awareness among 2.62 lakh stakeholders on various technologies related to agriculture and allied sectors through different extension activities. To promote the adoption of improved crop varieties, the KVK produced 504.65 quintals of quality seed of field crops and 2.20 lakh planting materials of horticultural crops.

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