

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS
LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4504
TO BE ANSWERED ON MARCH 19, 2026**

ACHIEVEMENT OF TARGET UNDER AMRUT

NO. 4504. SHRI THARANIVENTHAN M S:

Will the Minister of HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT) 2.0 has achieved its target to provide access to clean water to all urban citizens and if so, the details thereof;**
- (b) the details of the increase in the number of new water tap connections and coverage of sewerage and septage connections to households in urban slums during the last three years, especially in Arani Lok Sabha Constituency;**
- (c) the details of the projects on parks and green spaces approved under AMRUT 2.0 in Tamil Nadu during the last four years; and**
- (d) the details of the funds spent on sewerage/septage management and water body rejuvenation projects under the said mission since its inception in Tamil Nadu, district-wise?**

ANSWER

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE
MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS
(SHRI TOKHAN SAHU)**

(a) & (b): Water and sanitation is a State subject; and management of water including provision of clean drinking water in urban areas is responsibility of the State Governments and concerned Urban Local Bodies (ULBs)/Urban Development Authorities. Government of India supplements the efforts of the States through schematic interventions/ advisories. It provides financial and technical support to the States through various Mission/ Schemes such as Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT)/ AMRUT 2.0.

AMRUT 2.0 has been launched on 01 October 2021 in all Urban Local Bodies (ULBs)/ cities, enabling the cities to become 'self-reliant' and 'water secure'. Providing universal coverage of sewerage & septage management in 500 AMRUT cities is one of the major focus areas of AMRUT 2.0. Rejuvenation of water bodies, development of green spaces and parks are other components of the Mission.

AMRUT 2.0 guidelines also allows for replacement of legacy infrastructure, vulnerable crossings and pressure-managed systems to reduce contamination risks as per priority of States/ UTs. Further, AMRUT 2.0 Mission promotes 24x7 water supply with quality assurance, Drink from Tap (DfT) quality water in selected District Metered Areas (DMAs)/wards, online water quality monitoring, sensors and Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA), community participation, especially Women Self Help Groups (SHGs), in water quality testing.

Under AMRUT 2.0, the State Water Action Plans comprising of 3,531 water supply projects worth ₹1,19,670.51 crore, 584 sewerage and septage management projects worth ₹65,624.98 crore and 2,991 water body rejuvenation projects worth ₹6,083.32 crore and 1,665 green spaces and park projects worth ₹1,103.71 crore have been approved so far. Approved projects cover 178 lakh new water tap connections, 65 lakh new sewer connection, development of 11,395 MLD of water treatment plant capacity and 6,649 MLD of sewerage treatment capacity.

Through AMRUT/ AMRUT 2.0 and in convergence with the States, 246 lakh water tap connections in the urban areas have been provided so far and 182 lakh sewer connections (including households covered through Faecal Sludge and Septage Management (FSSM)) have been provided through AMRUT/ AMRUT 2.0 and in convergence in AMRUT Cities. 93,457.51 km of water pipeline network has been laid/ replaced and 26,995.61 km of sewer network has been laid/ replaced.

Under AMRUT, 258 water supply schemes have smart monitoring systems such as SCADA system and 1,422 water supply projects under AMRUT 2.0 has provision for SCADA system. Mission advocates ease of getting connections to minimize illegal connections. Mission has provision of ₹3,000 per connection to enhance last mile connectivity. Mission advocates use of smart elements, flow meters, pressure valves, etc. to strengthen maintenance systems, digital monitoring, energy efficiency, etc.

For improvement in service delivery, States have taken up DfT projects and States are encouraged to implement at least one DfT project in a DMA or ward within each AMRUT city. 407 projects with 1,153 DMAs benefitting 16.72 lakh Households have been approved in 348 ULBs under AMRUT 2.0.

As informed by the State of Tamil Nadu, in the Arani Lok Sabha constituency one water supply project has been taken up in Ginjee Town panchayat to cover 6862 households with 5077 new water tap connections under AMRUT 2.0. The physical work has been completed. There is no sewerage and septage project taken under AMRUT 2.0 in the Arani Lok Sabha constituency.

(c): Under AMRUT 2.0, the State Water Action Plans of Tamil Nadu comprising of 561 green spaces and park projects worth ₹112.97 crore have been approved. The State has informed that 558 projects at total cost of Rs.160.65 Crores have been completed so far.

(d): Under AMRUT 2.0, the State Water Action Plans of Tamil Nadu comprising of 30 sewerage/ septage management projects worth ₹6,623.40 crore and 467 water body rejuvenation projects worth ₹225.83 crore have been approved.

Funds under AMRUT 2.0 are released/ Mother Sanction is issued to State/UTs and not component/ULBs wise. However, as informed by the State, total amount of Rs.1491.77 crore in the sewerage sector and total amount of Rs.109.91 Crore in the water body rejuvenation projects have been spent on these projects. The district-wise details, as informed by the State are given in Annexure.

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (D) OF UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4504 DUE FOR ANSWER IN THE LOK SABHA ON 19 MARCH, 2026 REGARDING “ACHIEVEMENT OF TARGET UNDER AMRUT”

Fund spent under AMRUT 2.0 on Sewerage/ septage management projects and water body rejuvenation projects as informed by the State of Tamil Nadu (as on 28.02.2026)

S.no	District	Sewerage/ Septage Projects (₹ in crore)	water body rejuvenation projects (₹ in crore)
1	Ariyalur		1.64
2	Chengalpattu		5.36
3	Chennai	797.84	1.99
4	Coimbatore	210.17	3.18
5	Cuddalore		3.96
6	Dharmapuri		0.49
7	Dindigul		3.37
8	Erode		2.14
9	Kallakurichi		2.46
10	Kancheepuram		2.85
11	Kaniyakumari		6.31
12	Karur		0.68
13	Krishnagiri	74.81	1.36
14	Madurai	20.00	2.13
15	Mayiladuthurai		2.66
16	Nagapattinam		1.49
17	Namakkal		2.41
18	Perambalur		0.76
19	Pudukottai	5.50	4.23
20	Ramanathapuram		4.52
21	Ranipet		4.06
22	Salem	60.52	2.85
23	Sivagangai	2.00	7.35
24	Tenkasi		1.90
25	Thanjavur		3.82
26	The Nilgiris		0.82
27	Theni		1.41
28	Thirupathur		1.30
29	Thiruvallur	22.87	3.75
30	Thiruvannamalai	4.31	2.93
31	Thiruvarur		1.84
32	Thoothukudi	79.43	2.40
33	Tiruchirappalli	140.34	4.53
34	Tirunelveli		3.26
35	Tiruppur	73.99	3.82
36	Vellore		3.64
37	Villupuram		3.20
38	Virudhunagar		3.06
	Total	1491.77	109.90