

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE  
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

**LOK SABHA**  
**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 3923**  
TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 17<sup>TH</sup> MARCH, 2026

**ORGANIC FARMING IN RAJASTHAN**

3923. SMT. MANJU SHARMA:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्री be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the demand of organic products have increased in the international market and these products are fetching good prices;
- (b) if so, the details of steps taken by the Government to promote the organic farming, State-wise especially in the State of Rajasthan;
- (c) whether the Government propose to provide assistance for promoting & encouraging organic farming in the country, if so, the details thereof;
- (d) whether it has been established that organic farming would increase the availability of land and fertility of soil, if so, the details thereof;
- (e) the total increase in the organic farming in the country including the State of Rajasthan during the last three years; and
- (f) the total number of farmers who are engaged in organic farming?

**ANSWER**

MINISTER OF STATE FOR AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE  
कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण राज्य मंत्री (SHRI BHAGIRATH CHOUDHARY)

(a): As reported by Agricultural and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority (APEDA) of Ministry of Commerce and Industry, the global demand of organic products has been growing consistently as evident from growth in the world market from 129.00 billion USD in 2020 to 156.94 billion USD in 2024.

(b) & (c): To promote organic farming in the country, the Government is implementing two schemes namely Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana (PKVY) in all the States/UTs except North Eastern States and Mission Organic Value Chain Development for North Eastern Region (MOVCDNER) for the North Eastern States. Both schemes stress on end-to-end support to farmers engaged in organic farming i.e. from production to processing, certification and marketing. Primary focus of the schemes is to form organic clusters, with preference to small and marginal farmers, to create a supply chain. Under PKVY scheme, assistance of Rs. 31,500 per ha is provided over 3 years for promotion of organic farming. Out of this, assistance of Rs. 15,000 per ha is provided to farmers through Direct Benefit Transfer for on-farm/off-farm organic inputs, financial assistance of ₹4,500 per ha for marketing and branding, ₹3,000 per ha for certification, and ₹9,000 per ha for training and capacity building. The funds released to the States/UTs under PKVY and MOVCDNER is at Annexure -I.

As informed by Govt. of Rajasthan, organic farming is promoted through PKVY, State Scheme-Goverdhan Jaivik Urvak Yojana and Bullock Farming Scheme & Organic award. To enhance availability of Organic Product to consumers State has started organic food market in Jaipur, Kota and Udaipur.

(d): Organic Farming Schemes promote natural resource-based, integrated, and climate-resilient farming systems that conserve resources, enhance soil health, and minimise dependence on external inputs. The main objective of organic farming is to promote Integrated Nutrient Management (INM) by ensuring a balanced and efficient use of chemical fertilizers, bio-fertilizers, and organic manures. The evaluation conducted by NITI Aayog during 2025 assessed the promotion of organic farming practices for its effectiveness in terms of agronomic benefits in the country. As per the evaluation report, 75.85% farmers reported that adopting organic methods led to significant improvement in soil fertility, reduced chemical input cost or enhanced produce quality.

(e): During the last three years i.e 2022-23, 2023-24 and 2024-25, total area of 7.54 lakh ha has been covered in the country under PKVY scheme. The State wise information on areas covered and farmers benefitted including state of Rajasthan during the last three years is at Annexure II.

(f): Since the inception of the schemes, 33.93 lakhs farmers under PKVY scheme and 2.70 lakhs farmers benefitted under MOVCDNER scheme as on 31.12..2025.

Details of the State-wise Allocation and released under PKVY scheme since 2015-16 (as on 31.12.2025) (Rs in lakh)	
Name of the State	Release
Andhra Pradesh	38437.49
Bihar	7244.08
Chhattisgarh	10846.92
Gujarat	1863.12
Goa	1192.90
Haryana	104.56
Jharkhand	3686.42
Karnataka	10049.36
Kerala	7322.97
Madhya Pradesh	15919.63
Maharashtra	16093.01
Odisha	9941.10
Punjab	3365.55
Rajasthan	18605.26
Tamil Nadu	6236.35
Telangana	3576.78
Uttar Pradesh	29395.08
West Bengal	4758.01
Assam	3012.55
Arunachal Pradesh	234.56
Mizoram	469.61
Manipur	163.46
Nagaland	333.72
Sikkim	1848.88
Tripura	687.05
Meghalaya	448.12
Himachal Pradesh	4123.25
Jammu & Kashmir	979.81
Uttarakhand	45675.28
Andman & Nicobar	163.00
Daman & Diu	235.55
Dadar Nagar	1000.00
Delhi	471.45
Puducherry	97.82
Chandigarh	77.42
Lakshadweep	227.20
Ladakh	541.85
Total	249429.16

Details of the State-wise Allocation and released under MOVCDNER scheme since 2015-16 (as on 31.12.2025) (Rs in lakh)	
	Released
Arunachal Pradesh	20055.01
Assam	14653.85
Manipur	30714.93
Meghalaya	11754.78
Nagaland	21724.72
Mizoram	14846.61
Sikkim	16732.07
Tripura	15532.49
Total	146014.47

The State wise details of number of clusters, area covered and farmers benefitted under PKVY scheme in last three years (2022-23 to 2024-25)		
States / UT's	Area Covered (in ha)	Farmers Benefitted
Andhra Pradesh	300902.00	645493
Bihar	5620.00	6369
Chhattisgarh	82279.00	41297
Goa	5459.40	6737
Gujarat	12500.00	13217
Himachal Pradesh	27.55	71
Jharkhand	20300.00	22492
Madhya Pradesh	43350.00	46230
Maharashtra	27000.00	28562
Odisha	6500.00	9661
Punjab	2837.00	2785
Rajasthan	77640.00	99829
Tamil Nadu	12000.00	12235
Telangana	639.33	1307
Uttar Pradesh	91400.00	128161
West Bengal	55650.84	124111
Jammu and Kashmir	4562.14	13643
Ladakh	5000.00	12986
Puducherry	600.00	827
Total	754267.26	1216013

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