

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2957
ANSWERED ON 10/03/2026**

EMPLOYMENT GENERATION UNDER PMAY-G

**2957. Shri Bhumare Sandipanrao Asaram:
Shri Gyaneshwar Patil:
Smt. Delkar Kalaben Mohanbhai:**

Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Gramin) (PMAY-G) implemented by the Government in the country has contributed to employment generation in rural areas of various States of the country;**
- (b) if so, the details thereof along with the number of estimated person-days of employment generated under the scheme since 2016 and figures, State and district-wise including Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, UT of Dadra and Nager Haveli;**
- (c) the details of amalgamation of PMAY-G with other Government schemes like Viksit Bharat Ji Ram Ji Yojana for provision of unskilled labour assistance and other facilities; and**
- (d) the details of steps taken under the Rural Mason Training (RMT) Programme and its impact on the availability of skilled human resources, State-wise including Maharashtra and UT of Dadra and Nager Haveli?**

ANSWER

**MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
(DR. CHANDRA SEKHAR PEMMASANI)**

(a) & (c): To achieve the target of "Housing for All" in rural areas, the Ministry of Rural Development is implementing Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana- Gramin (PMAY-G) with effect from 1st April 2016 to provide assistance to eligible rural households with an overall target to construct 4.95 crore pucca houses with basic amenities by 2029. The Union Cabinet approved the Implementation of the Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana – Gramin (PMAY-G) for construction of 2 crore additional rural houses during FY 2024-25 to 2028-29. As on

06.03.2025, a total target of 4.14 crore houses has been allotted to the States/UTs and out of which 3.89 crore houses have been sanctioned by the States/UTs and 2.97 crore houses have been completed.

As per Schedule I, Para 4(1), II (B) (iv) of the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), unskilled wage component for construction of houses sanctioned under PMAY-G or other State/Central Government schemes was permissible. Under this, it was mandatory to provide support of 90/95 person days to unskilled wage employment at the current rates to a PMAY-G beneficiary for construction of his /her house in convergence with MGNREGS. Subsequently, a new Act titled "The Vikshit Bharat - Guarantee for Rozgar and Ajeevika Mission (Gramin) (VB - GRAM G)" was enacted in December 2025. Schedule I of the VB-G RAM G Act, Para 4(b) (viii), includes rural housing works permissible under the schemes of the Central Government, including those under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana-Gramin, as admissible works.

The PMAY-G households are also provided water, LPG and electricity connections in convergence with other relevant schemes.

(b): State and District - wise persondays generated for PMAY-G beneficiaries for construction of houses in convergence with MGNREGS can be accessed via report number R29 (PMAY-G) of NREGASoft at the following link, which is available in public domain:

https://mnregaweb4.nic.in/netnrega/ongo_comp_pds_wrk_rpt_new.aspx?lflag=eng&fin_year=2025-2026&source=national&labels=labels&Digest=0a5fZ+hdClswROP5LqpxKg

(d): Under PMAY-G, Rural Mason Training (RMT) is a key initiative aimed at ensuring quality construction and supporting sustainable livelihoods in rural areas. The programme focuses on developing a pool of skilled and certified masons capable of constructing disaster-resilient, durable, and cost-effective pucca houses using locally available materials and appropriate technologies. These trained masons contribute significantly to improved construction quality, faster completion, and adherence to design and safety standards. So far, 3.81 lakh candidates have been enrolled, 3.48 lakh have been assessed, and 3.08 lakh individuals have been certified as trained rural masons under PMAY-G. These trainees have undergone structured on-site training modules, with certification conducted by the Construction Skill Development Council of India (CSDCI). This

systematic and practical training approach ensures that masons develop the hands-on skills required for high-quality, safe, and durable housing construction in rural areas. In reference to this, out of 52,255 enrolled candidates in the State of Maharashtra, 49,393 have been assessed, and 44,929 individuals have been certified as trained rural masons.

In addition to the on-site training model, a parallel RMT initiative has been introduced through the Rural Self Employment Training Institutes (RSETIs) to broaden outreach and strengthen livelihood opportunities. The RSETI model offers a structured training environment with a standardized curriculum and hands-on practical exposure, thereby reinforcing the mason skilling ecosystem and improving access to local employment for trained candidates. A total of 12,592 candidates have been certified through this initiative. In reference to this, 65 individuals have been certified as trained rural masons under RSETIs in the State of Maharashtra.
