

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING
DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING
LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1480
TO BE ANSWERED ON 09Th DECEMBER, 2025

ANIMAL HUSBANDRY INFRASTRUCTURE

1480. SHRI BAPI HALDAR:

Will the Minister of FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING
मत्स्यपालन, पशुपालन और डेयरी मंत्री
be pleased to state:

- (a) the measures taken by the Government to improve the animal husbandry infrastructure in the country;
- (b) the key schemes or initiatives being implemented to support farmers and enhance productivity in the animal husbandry sector;
- (c) the details of funds allocated and utilized under these schemes during the last five years, State/UT-wise, especially in West Bengal; and
- (d) the steps taken by the Government to address challenges such as disease outbreaks, fodder scarcity, or lack of veterinary services faced by livestock rearers?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING

(SHRI RAJIV RANJAN SINGH ALIAS LALAN SINGH)

(a) and (b) The Central Government is providing incentives to strengthen infrastructure for dairy processing, meat processing, animal feed plants, livestock farms, breed improvement infrastructure through (a) Infrastructure Development Fund, (b) National Livestock Mission, (c) Rashtriya Gokul Mission and (d) National Programme for Dairy Development (NPDD). The aforementioned, schemes are targeted to benefit the farmers involved in the livestock sector in the following manners:

(i) Under the NLM, the Entrepreneurship Programme (NLM-EDP) is a key component under which 50% capital subsidy up to Rs.50.00 lakh is provided to individuals, Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs), Self-Help Groups (SHGs), Joint Liability Groups (JLGs), Farmer Cooperative Organizations (FCOs) and Section 8 companies. This subsidy supports the establishment of rural poultry breeding farms, sheep/goat, pig, camel, horse, donkey breeding farms, as well as fodder value-addition units such as hay, silage, Total Mixed Ration (TMR), fodder blocks and fodder seed processing, grading and storage units.

(ii) Rashtriya Gokul Mission (RGM): RGM is implemented for development and conservation of indigenous breeds, genetic upgradation of bovine population and enhancement of milk production and productivity of bovines.

(iii) National Programme for Dairy Development (NPDD): NPDD is implemented with following 2 components:

- (i) **Component "A"** of NPDD focuses on creating/ strengthening of infrastructure for quality milk testing equipment as well as primary chilling facilities for State Cooperative Dairy Federations/ District Cooperative Milk Producers' Union/ Self Help Groups (SHGs)/ Milk Producer Companies/ Farmer Producer Organizations.
- (ii) **Component "B"** of the NPDD scheme "Dairying through Cooperatives" Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) assisted, aims to increase sale of milk and dairy products by

increasing farmer's access to organized market, upgrading dairy processing facilities and marketing infrastructure and enhancing the capacity of producer owned institutions.

(iv) Under the Infrastructure Development Fund, the following two schemes are implemented:

(a) Supporting Dairy Cooperatives & Farmer Producer Organizations engaged in dairy activities (SDCFPO): To assist the State Dairy Cooperative Federations by providing interest subvention (regular 2% and additional 2% on prompt repayment) with respect to soft working capital loan to tide over the crisis on account severely adverse market conditions or natural calamities.

(b) Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Development Fund (AHIDF): AHIDF provides interest subvention at the rate 3% per annum for creation/ strengthening of livestock product processing and diversification infrastructure thereby providing greater access for unorganized producer members to organized market.

(c) The details of funds allocated and utilized under these schemes during the last five years, State/UT-wise, especially in West Bengal is at Annexure I

(d) The Central Government is implementing the **Livestock Health and Disease Control Programme (LHDCP)**: to provide for prophylactic vaccination against animal diseases, capacity building of veterinary services, disease surveillance, and strengthening veterinary infrastructure. Also, a new component of Pashu Aushadhi is added under the scheme to ensure availability of affordable generic veterinary medicine across the country through Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samridhi Kendras (PM-KSK) and Cooperative Societies. The scheme envisages prophylactic vaccination against the Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD), Brucellosis, *Peste des petits ruminant* (PPR), Classical Swine Fever (CSF) to prevent outbreak of these diseases. Additionally, the assistance are also provided to states to carry out vaccination programme for other economically important diseases as per the priority to the states to prevent disease outbreak.

In order to address the challenges of veterinary services, the Central Government has provided 4019 number of Mobile Veterinary Units (MVUs) during 2021-23 to deliver veterinary services at farmers doorstep. Every year, under this LHDCP Scheme, Govt. of India provides budgetary support to States and UTs on sharing basis to run these mobile units.

Additionally, the Central Government has issued various guidelines to address disease outbreaks and lack of veterinary services faced by livestock rearers, the list of guidelines issued by the Central Government is as under:

1. National Action Plans (NAPs) for identification and notification of the affected area, isolation of affected animals and implementation of biosecurity measures, restriction on movement of livestock etc.
2. Advisories on animal diseases like Avian Influenza, Glanders, African swine fever, Lumpy Skin Disease to control disease outbreaks in definite timeline.
3. The Crisis Management Plan (CMP) for Livestock diseases in managing and responding to animal disease outbreaks, ensuring swift containment and mitigation.
4. 'Standard Veterinary Treatment Guidelines (SVTGs) for best practices in veterinary care to enhance livestock health and disease control.

5. Pandemic Fund Project launched for strengthening Animal Health Security for Pandemic Preparedness and Response”.
6. The National Joint Outbreak Response Team (NJORT) involving members from National Center for Disease Control (NCDC), Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR), Wildlife and Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying (DAHD) has been constituted to conduct joint investigation and suggestion for future preparedness
7. Carcass Disposal and Disinfection guidelines have been framed for scientific disposal of animal carcass and animal waste.

To address the issue of fodder scarcity, the Central Government is undertaking multiple initiatives aimed at the development of fodder across the Nation. To enhance the efforts of the State Governments and Union Territories, the Union Government is executing the Centrally Sponsored Scheme known as the National Livestock Mission, which includes a Sub Mission focused on Feed and Fodder Development. This Scheme has been in operation throughout the country since the 2014-15 fiscal year. The Sub-Mission on Feed and Fodder Development is having following components:

- (i) Assistance for Quality Fodder Seed Production
- (ii) Entrepreneurial activities in feed and fodder
- (iii) Establishment of Entrepreneurs for Fodder Seed processing Infrastructure (processing and grading unit/ fodder seed storage godown)
- (iv) Fodder production from Non-Forest Wasteland/Rangeland/Non-arable Land” and “Fodder Production from Forest Land

Further, the Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying has requested all the State Governments to establish fodder task force to increase the fodder cultivation areas and convergence of other schemes of the States and Central Government.

The details of funds released under National Livestock Mission (NLM) scheme during the last five years, State/UT-wise, including West Bengal is as under:

(Rs. in Lakh)

Sl. No	State/UT	Fund released	Fund utilized
1	Andhra Pradesh	12110.58	12110.58
2	Bihar	0.00	0.00
3	Chhattisgarh	2328.39	2328.39
4	Goa	0.00	0.00
5	Gujarat	100.00	100.00
6	Haryana	1382.50	1382.50
7	Himachal Pradesh	2483.47	2483.47
9	Jharkhand	64.00	64.00
10	Karnataka	2477.19	2477.19
11	Kerala	713.00	713.00
12	Madhya Pradesh	2560.63	2560.63
13	Maharashtra	1087.07	1087.07
14	Odisha	2175.01	2175.01
15	Punjab	369.66	369.66
16	Rajasthan	100.00	100.00
17	Tamil Nadu	1702.16	1702.16
18	Telangana	1745.87	1745.87
19	Uttar Pradesh	871.00	871.00
20	Uttarakhand	3052.56	3052.56
21	West Bengal	598.63	598.63
22	Arunachal Pradesh	3473.64	3473.64
23	Assam	1089.29	1089.29
24	Manipur	2382.27	2382.27
25	Meghalaya	3992.74	3992.74
26	Mizoram	1334.51	1334.51
27	Nagaland	1903.96	1903.96
28	Sikkim	1209.08	1209.08
29	Tripura	1303.97	1303.97
30	A & N Islands	13.07	13.07
31	Chandigarh	0.00	0.00
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.00	0.00
33	Daman & Diu	0.00	0.00
34	Delhi	0.00	0.00
35	Jammu & Kashmir	3959.52	3959.52
36	Lakshadweep	59.00	59.00
37	Puducherry	0.00	0.00
38	Ladakh	335.80	335.80
Grand Total		56978.57	56978.57

Apart from this under NLM-EDP 3843 projects have been approved with total project cost of Rs.2672.45 Cr. and approved subsidy of Rs.1233.69 Cr. Of these 2014 project has received the 1st Instalment of subsidy to the tune of Rs.354.06 Cr. and 706 projects has received the 2nd Instalment of subsidy to the tune of Rs.119.34 Cr. These subsidies have been released directly to the beneficiaries and funds were not released to the State Governments. In West Bengal 14 projects have been approved with project cost of Rs.7.07 Cr and approved subsidy of Rs.3.05 Cr. out of 14 project 5 applicant have received their 1st Instalment of Rs.0.85 Cr.

The details of Interest Subvention released to the bank and not to the State Government under Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Development Fund (AHIDF) scheme during the last five years, State/UT-wise, including West Bengal is as under:

(Rs. in Cr.)

S No	State/UT	Total
1	Andhra Pradesh	7.66
2	Assam	2.93
3	Bihar	13.41
4	Chandigarh	0
5	Chhattisgarh	11.9
6	Delhi	0.1
7	Goa	0
8	Gujarat	34.31
9	Haryana	16.52
10	Himachal Pradesh	0.11
11	Jammu & Kashmir	0.12
12	Jharkhand	7.75
13	Karnataka	27.92
14	Kerala	0.74
15	Madhya Pradesh	38.44
16	Maharashtra	72.66
17	Manipur	0
18	Nagaland	0
19	Odisha	7.78
20	Puducherry	0.13
21	Punjab	18.12
22	Rajasthan	10.23
23	Tamil Nadu	63.48
24	Telangana	41.42
25	Tripura	0
26	Uttar Pradesh	26.38
27	Uttarakhand	0.56
28	West Bengal	13.55
Grand Total		416.22

The details of fund released under Rashtriya Gokul Mission (RGM) during the last five years, State/UT-wise, including West Bengal is as under:

(Rs. in Lakh)

Sl. No.	State/UT	Fund released	Fund utilized
1	Andhra Pradesh	17102.31	17102.31
2	Arunachal Pradesh	4070.35	4070.35
3	Assam	3879.75	3879.75
4	Bihar	13377.85	13377.85
5	Chhattisgarh	1344.9	1344.9
6	Goa	0	0
7	Gujarat	6336.56	6336.56
8	Haryana	401.83	401.83
9	Himachal Pradesh	6070.83	6070.83
10	Jammu & Kashmir	10273.8	10273.8
11	Jharkhand	5345.78	5345.78
12	Karnataka	7457.77	7457.77
13	Kerala	12155.13	12155.13
14	Madhya Pradesh	21978.83	21978.83
15	Maharashtra	4908.56	4908.56
16	Manipur	962.31	962.31
17	Meghalaya	2777.43	2777.43
18	Mizoram	1408.45	1408.45
19	Nagaland	1941.82	1941.82
20	Orissa	6525.73	6525.73
21	Punjab	714.13	714.13
22	Rajasthan	2659.77	2659.77
23	Sikkim	1939.07	1939.07
24	Tamil Nadu	19174.43	19174.43
25	Telangana	5795.39	5795.39
26	Tripura	2524.17	2524.17
27	Uttar Pradesh	21267.29	21267.29
28	Uttarakhand	13106.64	13106.64
29	West Bengal	9953.22	9953.22
30	A & N Lands	0	0
31	Chandigarh	0	0
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0
34	Lakshadweep	0	0
35	Ladakh	147	147
36	Puducherry	357.85	357.85
Grand Total		205958.95	205958.95

The details of fund released under National Programme for Dairy Development (NPDD-Comp A) during the last five years, State/UT-wise, including West Bengal is as under:

(Rs. In crore)

S. No.	State	Fund released	Fund utilized
1	Andhra Pradesh	73.42	40.19
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0.00	0.00
3	Assam	3.36	0.92
4	Bihar	104.18	104.18
5	Chhattisgarh	2.51	2.30
6	Goa	0.40	0.40
7	Gujarat	177.14	166.87
8	Haryana	5.03	0.87
9	Himachal Pradesh	26.89	26.55
10	Jammu & Kashmir	107.99	107.99
11	Jharkhand	9.16	8.27
12	Karnataka	162.22	157.30
13	Kerala	45.78	44.24
14	Ladakh	0.50	0.50
15	Madhya Pradesh	27.34	14.59
16	Maharashtra	30.43	22.99
17	Manipur	14.17	7.15
18	Meghalaya	38.85	38.85
19	Mizoram	0.20	0.20
20	Nagaland	4.11	4.11
21	Odisha	18.84	18.79
22	Puducherry	4.81	3.29
23	Punjab	99.09	94.24
24	Rajasthan	113.02	107.36
25	Sikkim	36.09	33.61
26	Tamil Nadu	142.12	140.87
27	Telangana	21.54	20.02
28	Tripura	7.13	7.09
29	Uttar Pradesh	5.45	3.83
30	Uttarakhand	23.42	23.42
31	West Bengal	0.71	0.71
Grand total		1305.89	1201.72