GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1136
TO BE ANSWERED ON 5TH DECEMBER, 2025

RISING CANCER CASES IN INDIA

1136 SHRIMATI KANIMOZHI KARUNANIDHI:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Union Government is aware of the recent study conducted by the Global Cancer Observatory which reveals that India accounts for the third highest number of cancer cases globally during the last ten years;

(b) if so, the details of cancer cases, State/UT-wise, year-wise;

(c) the steps taken/proposed to be taken by the Government to address cancers, including breast and cervical cancer among women, which account for fifty one per cent, the highest proportion of cancer cases in the country;

(d) the fixed timeline for introduction and implementation of the cervical cancer vaccine; and

(e) the details of the comprehensive cancer mapping and the measures taken or proposed by the Union Government to strengthen early detection, screening and provision of affordable cancer treatment facilities across the country, including under schemes such as Ayushman Bharat and Rashtriya Arogya Nidhi (RAN) ?

ANSWER
THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY
WELFARE
(SHRI PRATAPRAO JADHAV)

(a) & (b): As informed by the Global Cancer Observatory, International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the estimated incidence of cancer cases in India (14,13,316, rate of 98.5 per 100000) accounts for the third highest number of cancer cases after China (48,24,703, rate of 201.6 per 100000) and United States of America (23,80,189, rate of 367 per 100000).

As per the Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) -National Cancer Registry Programme (NCRP), the estimated number of incidence of all types of cancer cases in the country for the last ten years by States and Union Territories-wise is at Annexure.

(c): The Department of Health & Family Welfare, Government of India, provides technical and financial support to the States/UTs under the National Programme for Prevention and Control of Non Communicable Diseases (NP-NCD) as part of National Health Mission (NHM), based on the proposals received from the States/UTs and subject to the resource envelope.

The National Programme for Prevention and Control of Non-Communicable Diseases (NP-NCD) has significantly strengthened service delivery across India. A robust infrastructure has been established, comprising 36 State NCD Cells, 753 District NCD Cells, 770 District NCD Clinics, 233 Cardiac Care Units, 364 District Day Care Centres, and 6,410 NCD Clinics at Community Health Centres.

A population-based initiative for prevention, control and screening for common NCDs i.e. diabetes, hypertension and common cancers (Oral, Breast and Cervical) has been rolled out as a part of Comprehensive Primary Health Care in the country under NHM. Screening of these common NCDs is an integral part of service delivery under Ayushman Arogya Mandir.

Under the 'Strengthening of Tertiary Care Cancer Facilities Scheme' 19 State Cancer Institutes (SCI) and 20 Tertiary Care Cancer Centres (TCCC) have been set up across the country. The National Cancer Institute at Jhajjar (Haryana) and the second campus of Chittaranjan National Cancer Institute, Kolkata have been set up to provide advanced diagnostic and treatment facilities. Cancer treatment facilities have also been approved in all 22 new All India Institute of Medical Science (AIIMS).

297 District Day Care Cancer Centre (DCCC) have been approved for the financial year 2025 -26 to ensure cancer care accessibility at district hospital level.

Fit India movement is implemented by Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports, and various Yoga related activities are carried out by Ministry of AYUSH. In addition, NP-NCD gives financial support under NHM for awareness generation (IEC) activities for NCDs to be undertaken by the States/UTs as per their Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs).

(d): The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW) has initiated the capacity building exercise of medical and paramedical staff for the cervical cancer vaccine.

(e): National NCD Portal has been rolled out by the Government of India in 2018 under NP-NCD for NCD screening and management and ensuring continuum of care. This portal enables population enumeration, risk assessment and screening for five common NCDs (Hypertension, Diabetes, Oral, Breast & Cervical Cancer) of 30+ population.

The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare provides one-time financial assistance of up to Rs. 15 lakh under the Health Minister's Cancer Patient Fund (HMCPF), a component of the Umbrella Scheme of Rashtriya Arogya Nidhi (RAN), for the treatment of poor patients suffering from cancer at Regional Cancer Centres (RCCs), Tertiary Care Cancer Centres (TCCCs), State Cancer Institutes (SCIs), and other Government hospitals/institutes with cancer treatment facilities.

Treatment of major NCDs including cancer is available under Ayushman Bharat – Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (AB PMJAY). This scheme provides for Rs. 5 lakhs per family annually for secondary and tertiary care. Quality generic medicines for NCDs are made available at affordable prices to all, under 'Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana (PMBJP). Affordable Medicines and Reliable Implants for Treatment (AMRIT) provides affordable medicines for treatment of various diseases including NCDs including cancer.

Estimated Incidence of Cancer Cases in India (All Sites – Both Sexes)
State/UT-wise: 2015 to 2024

State/UT	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Jammu & Kashmir	14864	15652	16480	17351	12396	12726	13060	13395	13744	14112
Ladakh	-	-	-	-	279	286	294	302	309	318
Himachal Pradesh	7722	8029	8348	8679	8589	8799	8978	9164	9373	9566
Punjab	31214	32474	33781	35137	37744	38636	39521	40435	41337	42288
Chandigarh	1217	1274	1335	1398	994	1024	1053	1088	1120	1152
Uttarakhand	11796	12381	12995	13640	11216	11482	11779	12065	12348	12642
Haryana	29240	30611	32049	33558	28453	29219	30015	30851	31679	32513
Delhi	19168	20015	20899	21821	24436	25178	25969	26735	27561	28387
Rajasthan	79160	82836	86675	90686	69156	70987	72825	74725	76655	78604
Uttar Pradesh	233659	245231	257353	270053	196652	201319	206088	210958	215931	221000
Bihar	123949	130628	137656	145051	101014	103711	106435	109274	112180	115123
Sikkim	473	479	485	490	443	445	465	496	525	561
Arunachal Pradesh	1252	1272	1292	1313	1015	1035	1064	1087	1125	1143
Nagaland	1294	1300	1309	1318	1719	1768	1805	1854	1890	1935
Manipur	2916	2998	3082	3168	1844	1899	2022	2097	2169	2250
Mizoram	1618	1652	1687	1723	1783	1837	1919	1985	2063	2114
Tripura	2169	2199	2229	2260	2507	2574	2623	2715	2790	2871
Meghalaya	3246	3311	3376	3442	2808	2879	2943	3025	3099	3168
Assam	31474	31825	32177	32530	36948	37880	38834	39787	40721	41713
West Bengal	103532	107906	112466	117220	105814	108394	110972	113581	116230	118910

Jharkhand	38947	40959	43071	45289	33045	33961	34910	35860	36840	37824
Odisha	47666	49674	51763	53936	49604	50692	51829	52960	54136	55335
Chhattisgarh	30239	31817	33477	35223	27113	27828	28529	29253	30014	30763
Madhya Pradesh	85078	89315	93754	98403	75911	77888	79871	81901	84029	86124
Gujarat	70171	73551	77097	80820	67841	69660	71507	73382	75290	77205
Daman & Diu	385	440	504	579	118	124	135	150	161	173
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	457	497	542	591	186	206	219	238	252	268
Maharashtra	127390	132726	138271	144032	113374	116121	118906	121717	124584	127512
Telangana	40177	41939	43784	45713	46464	47620	48775	49983	51145	52334
Andhra Pradesh	55776	58072	60475	62978	68883	70424	71970	73536	75086	76708
Karnataka	70302	73511	76867	80381	83824	85968	88126	90349	92560	94832
Goa	1655	1726	1801	1881	1591	1618	1652	1700	1735	1783
Lakshadweep	82	89	96	104	27	27	28	28	31	32
Kerala	39672	42004	44566	47382	56148	57155	58139	59143	60162	61175
Tamil Nadu	78512	80999	83554	86180	86596	88866	91184	93536	95944	98386
Puducherry	1510	1596	1687	1783	1523	1577	1623	1679	1753	1823
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	415	429	443	458	357	366	380	393	401	408