

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY  
DEPARTMENT FOR PROMOTION OF INDUSTRY AND INTERNAL TRADE  
LOK SABHA**

**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2651.  
TO BE ANSWERED ON TUESDAY, THE 05<sup>TH</sup> AUGUST, 2025.**

**PROJECTS UNDER MAKE IN INDIA**

**2651. SHRI NAVASKANI K:  
SHRI SELVAM G:  
SHRI C N ANNADURAI:**

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY** be pleased to state:

**वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री**

- (a) the number of projects initiated under the Make in India initiative since its launch in the State of Tamil Nadu;
- (b) the details of such projects, including project name, location, sector, investment amount, and the status of completed and ongoing projects;
- (c) the key sectors targeted under the Make in India initiative nationally and in Tamil Nadu specifically and detail as Sector-wise investment proposals approved and number of industrial units established in each sector;
- (d) the steps taken by the Government to promote indigenous manufacturing in high-priority sectors;
- (e) the total employment generated through Make in India-related projects in Tamil Nadu and nationally since the inception of the initiative;
- (f) whether the Government proposes to expand the scope of the Make in India initiative in the coming years and if so, the details thereof along with the new sectors or geographies identified for expansion?

**ANSWER**

**वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री जितिन प्रसाद)**

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY  
(SHRI JITIN PRASADA)**

- (a) to (f):** 'Make in India' initiative was launched on 25<sup>th</sup> September 2014 to facilitate Investment, foster Innovation, build best in class Infrastructure, and make India a hub for manufacturing, design, and innovation. Presently, Make in India 2.0 focuses on 27 sectors including 15 manufacturing sectors, implemented across various Ministries and Departments and State Governments. The list of sectors under Make in India 2.0 is placed at **Annexure I**.

Government has taken a series of policy initiatives that include the Atmanirbhar Bharat packages, investment opportunities under National Infrastructure Pipeline (NIP) and National Monetisation Pipeline (NMP), India Industrial Land Bank (IILB), Industrial Park Rating System (IPRS), soft launch of the National Single Window System (NSWS), etc. to promote

manufacturing. An institutional mechanism to fast-track investments has been put in place, in the form of Project Development Cells (PDCs) in all concerned Ministries/Departments of Government of India. All the above initiatives/schemes are implemented across various Ministries/Departments, Central Government, State Governments, including Tamil Nadu.

To further the Make in India initiative, Government of India has announced the National Manufacturing Mission (NMM) in the Union Budget 2025-26 with an outlay of ₹ 100 crore. The Mission will lay emphasis on five focal areas i.e. ease and cost of doing business; future ready workforce for in-demand jobs; a vibrant and dynamic MSME sector; availability of technology; and quality products.

Further, keeping in view India's vision of becoming 'Aatmanirbhar' and to enhance India's manufacturing capabilities and exports, Production Linked Incentive (PLI) schemes have been launched for 14 key sectors with an outlay of Rs. 1.97 lakh crore. These schemes have the potential of significantly boosting production, increasing manufacturing output and contributing to faster economic growth in future. The purpose of PLI Schemes is to attract investments in key sectors and cutting-edge technology; ensure efficiency and bring economies of size and scale in the manufacturing sector and make Indian companies and manufacturers globally competitive. These schemes have the potential of significantly boosting production, employment and economic growth over the next five years or so. PLI Schemes have resulted in an employment generation of over 12 lakhs (direct and indirect) nationally including Tamil Nadu.

As of now 806 applications have been approved across the country in 14 sectors including Tamil Nadu. The details of the sector-wise number of manufacturing units established and employment generated under the scheme in Tamil Nadu is placed at **Annexure II**. The State ranks fifth in terms of Investment through cumulative FDI equity inflow of USD 14.61 billion reported in the country during October 2019 – March 2025. **(Source: DPIIT FDI factsheet)**

In addition to ongoing schemes of various Departments and Ministries, Government has taken various steps to boost domestic and foreign investments in India. These include the introduction of Goods and Services Tax, reduction in corporate tax, improving ease of doing business, FDI policy reforms, measures for reduction in compliance burden, measures to boost domestic manufacturing through public procurement orders, Phased Manufacturing Programme (PMP) and QCOs (Quality Control Orders), to name a few.

The activities under the Make in India initiative are also being undertaken by all the Central Government Ministries/ Departments and various State Governments. Ministries formulate action plans, programs, schemes and policies for the sectors being dealt by them, while States also have their own Schemes for attracting investments.

**ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) to (f) OF THE  
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**Manufacturing Sectors**

- i. Aerospace and Defence
- ii. Automotive and Auto Components
- iii. Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices
- iv. Bio-Technology
- v. Capital Goods
- vi. Textile and Apparels
- vii. Chemicals and Petro chemicals
- viii. Electronics System Design and Manufacturing (ESDM)
- ix. Leather & Footwear
- x. Food Processing
- xi. Gems and Jewellery
- xii. Shipping
- xiii. Railways
- xiv. Construction
- xv. New and Renewable Energy

**Service Sectors**

- i. Information Technology & Information Technology enabled Services (IT & ITeS)
- ii. Tourism and Hospitality Services
- iii. Medical Value Travel
- iv. Transport and Logistics Services
- v. Accounting and Finance Services
- vi. Audio Visual Services
- vii. Legal Services
- viii. Communication Services
- ix. Construction and Related Engineering Services
- x. Environmental Services
- xi. Financial Services
- xii. Education Services

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**ANNEXURE-II**

**ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) to (f) OF THE  
LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2651 FOR ANSWER ON 05.08.2025.**

<b>S.No.</b>	<b>Sectors</b>	<b>No. of Manufacturing units</b>	<b>Employment Generated</b>
1.	Pharmaceuticals Drugs	16	3086
2.	Large Scale Electronics Manufacturing	6	58,301
3.	Telecom & Networking Products	13	2759
4.	Food Products	12	24,431
5.	Bulk Drugs	2	87
6.	Manufacturing of Medical Devices	2	113
7.	White Goods (ACs & LEDs)	8	4236
8.	Drones and Drone Components	3	318
9.	IT Hardware 2.0	9	1058
10.	Automobiles & Auto Components	36	20,417
11.	Textile Products: MMF Segment and Technical Textiles	11	5295
12.	High Efficiency Solar PV Modules (Tranche I & II)	3	5952
13.	Advance Chemistry Cell (ACC) Battery	1	611
14.	Specialty Steel	4	647
	<b>Total</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>1,27,311</b>

(As per information received from PLI implementing Ministries/Departments).

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