GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION No. 2541 TO BE ANSWERED ON 5^{TH} AUGUST 2025

CTMVs AND MILK VILLAGES

2541. SHRI JASHUBHAI BHILUBHAI RATHVA:

Will the Minister of FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING मत्स्यपालन, पशुपालन और डेयरी मंत्री be pleased to state:

- (a) whether any projects aiming to foster self-reliance and livelihood generation through agriculture and dairy farming amongst tribal population have been implemented by the Government;
- (b) if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) the progress and status of Cluster Tribal Model Villages (CTMVs) and Milk Villages initiatives in the country?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING

(PROF. S. P. SINGH BAGHEL)

- (a) and (b) In order to complement and supplement the efforts made by the States to foster self-reliance and livelihood generation through agriculture and dairy farming for all farmers including tribal community, the Department of Animal Husbandry Dairying is implementing following schemes across the country:
- (i) Rashtriya Gokul Mission (RGM): RGM is implemented for development and conservation of indigenous breeds, genetic upgradation of bovine population and enhancement of milk production and productivity of bovines with the following major components:
 - (i) Nationwide Artificial Insemination Programme is being implemented to enhance artificial insemination coverage in districts with less than 50% Artificial Insemination Coverage;
 - (ii) Accelerated breed improvement programme using IVF technology and sex sorted semen is being implemented for rapid genetic upgradation of bovine population;
 - (iii) Multi-purpose Artificial Insemination Technicians in Rural India (MAITRIs) are trained and equipped to deliver quality Artificial Insemination services at farmers' doorstep and
 - (iv) Under the component of establishment of breed multiplication farm, 50% capital subsidy made available to entrepreneurs for increasing availability of high genetic merit animals.
- (ii) National Programme for Dairy Development (NPDD): NPDD is implemented with following 2 components:
 - (i) Component "A" of NPDD focuses on creating/strengthening of infrastructure for quality milk testing equipment as well as primary chilling facilities for State Cooperative Dairy Federations/ District Cooperative Milk Producers' Union/ Self Help Groups (SHGs)/ Milk Producer Companies/ Farmer Producer Organizations.
 - (ii) Component "B" of the NPDD scheme "Dairying through Cooperatives" aims to increase sale of milk and dairy products by increasing farmer's access to organized

market, upgrading dairy processing facilities and marketing infrastructure and enhancing the capacity of producer owned institutions.

- (iii) Supporting Dairy Cooperatives & Farmer Producer Organisations engaged in dairy activities (SDCFPO): To assist the State Dairy Cooperative Federations by providing interest subvention (regular 2% and additional 2% on prompt repayment) with respect to soft working capital loan to tide over the crisis on account severely adverse market conditions or natural calamities.
- (iv) Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Development Fund (AHIDF): AHIDF provides interest subvention at the rate 3% per annum for creation/ strengthening of livestock product processing and diversification infrastructure thereby providing greater access for unorganized producer members to organized market.
- (v) National Livestock Mission (NLM): to bring sharp focus on entrepreneurship development and breed improvement in poultry, sheep, goat, piggery and fodder by providing the incentivization to the individual, FPOs, SHGs, Section 8 companies for entrepreneurship development and also to the State Government for breed improvement infrastructure.
- (vi) Livestock Health and Disease Control Programme (LHDCP): to provide for prophylactic vaccination against animal diseases, capacity building of veterinary services, disease surveillance, and strengthening veterinary infrastructure. Also, a new component of Pashu Aushadhi is added under the scheme ensure availability of affordable generic veterinary medicine across the country through Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samriddhi Kendras (PM-KSK) and Cooperative Societies. This will create an ecosystem for Generic Medicine which will be affordable and of good quality.

Further, the Department of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (DA&FW) Government of India, is implementing a comprehensive range of Central Sector as well as Centrally Sponsored Schemes and programmes for the welfare of farmers in the country. These schemes encompass entire spectrum of agriculture including credit, insurance, income support, infrastructure, crops including horticulture, seeds, mechanization, marketing, organic and natural farming, farmer collectives, irrigation, extension, procurement of crops from farmers at minimum support prices and digital agriculture. The list of schemes providing subsidies and other benefits to farmers implemented by Department of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (DA&FW) across the country is at Annexure I.

(c) As per Ministry of Tribal Affairs till 2020-21, there was a scheme of Special Central Assistance (SCA) to Tribal Sub Plan (TSP)/ Special Central Assistance (SCA) to Tribal Sub Scheme (TSS) in which funds were provided for the development of clusters that is pockets of villages with the concentration of tribals of about 50% or more within a total population of 5000 or more in such area. However, the said scheme got revamped into Pradhan Mantri Adi Adarash Gram Yojna (PMAAGY) in 2021-22 wherein the concept of clusters of villages was changed into the development of Adarsh grams.

Further, under the NPDD scheme, provision has been made for providing financial assistance to State Cooperative Dairy Federation/District Cooperative Milk Unions for setting up of dairy cooperative societies in milk potential villages in the country.

Major schemes implemented by the Department of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare

- 1. Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi (PM-KISAN)
- 2. Pradhan Mantri Kisan Maan Dhan Yojana (PM-KMY)
- 3. Pradhan Mantri Annadata Aay SanraksHan Abhiyan (PM-AASHA)
- 4. Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY)/ Restructured Weather Based Crop Insurance Scheme (RWBCIS)
- 5. Modified Interest Subvention Scheme (MISS)
- 6. Agriculture Infrastructure Fund (AIF)
- 7. Formation and Promotion of 10,000 new Farmer Producers Organizations (FPOs)
- 8. National Bee Keeping and Honey Mission (NBHM)
- 9. Namo Drone Didi
- 10. Agri Fund for Start-Ups & Rural Enterprises' (AgriSURE)
- 11. National Mission on Natural Farming (NMNF)
- 12. Rastriya Krishi Vikas Yojana- Detailed Project Report (RKVY-DPR)
- 13. Per Drop More Crop (PDMC)
- 14. Sub-Mission on Agriculture Mechanization (SMAM)
- 15. Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana (PKVY)
- 16. Soil Health & Fertility (SH&F)
- 17. Rainfed Area Development (RAD)
- 18. Agroforestry
- 19. Crop Diversification Programme (CDP)
- 20. Sub-Mission on Agriculture Extension (SMAE)
- 21. National Food Security and Nutrition Mission (NFSNM)
- 22. Integrated Scheme for Agriculture Marketing (ISAM)
- 23. Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture (MIDH)
- 24. National Mission on Edible Oils (NMEO)-Oil Palm
- 25. National Mission on Edible Oils (NMEO)-Oilseeds
- 26. Mission Organic Value Chain Development for North Eastern Region
- 27. Digital Agriculture Mission
- 28. National Bamboo Mission