GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 5332 TO BE ANSWERED ON APRIL 03, 2025

TARGETS UNDER SWACHH BHARAT MISSION – URBAN

NO. 5332. SHRI YOGENDER CHANDOLIA:

SHRI CAPTAIN BRIJESH CHOWTA:

DR. RAJESH MISHRA:

SHRIPC MOHAN:

DR. K SUDHAKAR:

DR. BHOLA SINGH:

MS KANGNA RANAUT:

SHRI VISHNU DAYAL RAM:

SHRI BHARTRUHARI MAHTAB:

SHRI ANIL FIROJIYA:

SHRI ALOK SHARMA:

SHRI NABA CHARAN MAJHI:

Will the Minister for HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) the progress made in achieving the targets set under the Swachh Bharat Mission Urban (SBM-U);
- (b) whether there are any new initiatives under SBM-U 2.0 to improve waste segregation and recycling rates and if so, the details thereof;
- (c) the manner in which the Government is planning to enhance public participation and awareness in sanitation initiatives;
- (d) whether any specific plan has been formulated for Singrauli Municipal Corporation in Sidhi Parliamentary Constituency in this regard and if so, the details thereof;
- (e) whether the Government has identified any gaps in the implementation of SBM-U and if so, the corrective measures taken/being taken by the Government in this regard; and
- (f) the steps taken/being taken by the Government to ensure the sustainability of sanitation infrastructure in urban areas?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS (SHRI TOKHAN SAHU)

(a): Government of India launched the Swachh Bharat Mission-Urban (SBM-U) on October 2, 2014 with the objective Open Defecation Free (ODF) and for scientific processing of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) generated in the urban areas of the country. To carry forward the progress made, Swachh Bharat

Mission (SBM-U) 2.0 has been launched on October 1, 2021 for a period of five years with a vision of achieving Garbage Free Status for all cities through source segregation, door to door collection and scientific management of all fractions of waste.

So far 63.75 lakh IHHLs have been constructed which is more than mission target of 58.99 lakh (108.06%) and 6.36 lakh Community Toilet/Public Toilet (CT/PT) seats have been constructed against the mission target of 5.07 lakh (125.44%).

Further, as reported by States/UTs on Swachhattam portal, 100% door to door collection is practiced in 97.69% of the wards i.e. 93,981 out of the total 96,194 wards and source segregation is being practiced in 90.39% of the wards i.e. 86,955 out of total 96,194 wards. Against the 16% in 2014, processing of municipal solid waste is 80.49% of the total waste generated per day i.e. waste process is 1,29,708 ton per day (TPD) out of total 1,61,157 TPD of waste generated.

(b) to (f): Sanitation is a State subject under 7th schedule of the constitution and by the 74th amendment of the Constitution of India the devolution of power has been made to the Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) for water and sanitation services. It is the responsibility of State/ULBs to plan, design, execute and operate sanitation projects in the urban areas of the country.

To support the States/ULBs including Singrauli Municipal Corporation in Sidhi Parliamentary Constituency, Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs (MoHUA) provide policy directions, financial and technical support by sharing Manuals/Standard of Procedures (SoPs) on Solid Waste Management and issue various Advisories & Guidelines time to time for choosing appropriate technologies to manage solid waste. The selection of treatment technologies is open to ULBs/State Governments.

Further under SBM-U, Central Share of funds are released to the States/UTs on the basis of demand made by States/UTs in the form of complete proposals duly approved by State Level Technical Committee (SLTC) for setting up of Solid Waste Management plants, Used Water management plants, construction of toilets, capacity building initiatives creating necessary infrastructure to fill the gaps in waste processing capacities.

Funds for Information, Education and Communication (IEC) and behavioral change campaigns is also provided to State and cities to ensure awareness creation alongwith large scale citizen outreach to intensify 'Jan Andolan' and institutionalize swachh behavior and related set of actions, towards achieving the vision of Garbage Free cities.
