## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 5196 (ANSWERED ON 02.04.2025)

## **SEAWEED CULTIVATION**

5196. Shri Bhartruhari Mahtab:

Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

- (a) the Council of Scientific & Industrial Research (CSIR's) contributions in enhancing seaweed cultivation in the country; and
- (b) the current status of seaweed processing and extraction technology developed by CSIR?

## **ANSWER**

## MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) FOR THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND EARTH SCIENCES

(DR. JITENDRA SINGH)

(a) The cultivation of seaweeds and processing them into value-added products are nationally important areas pursued by Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) through its constituent laboratory namely, CSIR-Central Salt and Marine Chemicals Research Institute (CSIR-CSMCRI), Bhavnagar.

In this context, the key challenges currently addressed through R&D are developing and providing quality germplasm including stress tolerant variants, developing new cultivation protocols, enabling the availability of seed material, identifying locations conducive for cultivation at PAN India scale. The significant work carried out is as under:

- A methodology for elite germplasm has been developed for Kappaphycus alvarezii for commercial exploitation. 7500 elite germlings have been distributed to commercial farmers. A pilot-scale seed production of Kappaphycus alvarezii for promoting extensive farming along the Tamil Nadu coast has been undertaken, wherein the production of 275 tons of fresh seed has so far been made and distributed to several hundred farmers for multiplication.
  - Clonal propagation of *Gracilaria dura* (G. dura) and *Kappaphycus alvarezii* through imparting appropriate treatment of various growth-promoting substances has been developed. Based on the work of clonal propagation of *G. dura*, the first state-of-the-art facility in Public-

Private Partnership (PPP) mode has come up jointly with M/s. Indian Centre for Climate and Societal Impacts Research, Mandavi, under a Technology Information, Forecasting and Assessment Council (TIFAC)-supported project. About 25,000 seedlings of G. dura are out-planted and provided to fishermen of Gujarat, who have produced 500 kg germplasm for commercial farming.

- Pan-India pre-feasibility of seaweed farming is being carried out in mission mode at CSIR. Projects have also been supported by the Department of Fisheries, Government of India under Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana (PMMSY). A total of 269 sites were surveyed in all coastal states, including island territories Andaman and Nicobar Islands and Lakshadweep. Of these, over 86 sites were found to be suitable for undertaking pre-feasibility, and among them, 62 sites were found to be conducive to undertaking commercial seaweed farming.
- (b) The current status of seaweed processing and extraction technologies developed by CSIR-CSMCRI is at Annexure-I.

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| S.No. | Technology Knowhow                            | Current status                  |
|-------|---|---------------------------------|
| 1     | Integrated process for the                    | Technology know how             |
|       | simultaneous recovery of liquid               | transferred to three industries |
|       | fertilizer (sap) and carrageenan              | and products are                |
|       | (semi-refined & refined) from fresh           | commercialized                  |
|       | Kappaphycus alvarezii (USP No                 |                                 |
|       | 6,893,479                                     |                                 |
| 2     | Production of Sap from                        | Technology knowhow              |
|       | Kappaphycus alvarezii and its                 | transferred to Nine industries  |
|       | application.                                  | and products by few companies   |
|       |   | are commercialized              |
| 3     | Process for preparation of agar               |                                 |
|       | from Indian <i>Gracilaria</i> spp.            | transferred to one NGO          |
| 4     | An improved process for the                   |                                 |
|       | extraction of agarose polymer                 | transferred to one industry.    |
|       | from seaweed extractive.                      |                                 |
| 5     | Preparation of refined kappa                  |                                 |
|       | carrageenan from Kappaphycus                  | transferred to two industries   |
|       | alvarezii via semi refined kappa              |                                 |
| 6     | carrageenan  Production of Liquid seaweed     | Technology know how             |
| 0     | plant biostimulants from                      |                                 |
|       | Sargassum spp.                                | and products by few companies   |
|       | Cargassam Spp.                                | are commercialized.             |
| 7     | Zero Liquid Discharge Process for             | Technology knowhow              |
|       | the production of alginic acid and            | transferred to one industry     |
|       | its derivatives from alginophytes.            |                                 |
| 8     | Kappaphycus alvarezii and Red                 | Technology knowhow              |
|       | <b>Seaweed Based Formulations for</b>         | transferred to one industry     |
|       | <b>Improving Productivity and Health</b>      |                                 |
|       | of Dairy and Poultry Animals.                 |                                 |
| 9     | Kappahycus alvarezii elite                    | Technology developed            |
|       | seedling production through                   |                                 |
|       | micropropagation of tissue                    |                                 |
|       | cultured plants                               |                                 |
| 10    | Process of production of seedlings            | Technology developed            |
|       | in agarose yielding red seaweed               |                                 |
|       | Gracilaria dura for commercial                |                                 |
| 11    | exploitation                                  | Technology developed            |
|       | An integrated process to recover              | Technology developed            |
|       | a spectrum of bioproducts from fresh seaweeds |                                 |
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