GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.3284 ANSWERED ON 20.03.2025

SWACHH BHARAT MISSION 2.0 IN MUMBAI

3284. SHRI NARESH GANPAT MHASKE: DR. SHRIKANT EKNATH SHINDE: SHRI RAVINDRA DATTARAM WAIKAR: SHRI RAJESH VERMA: SMT. SHAMBHAVI:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) the total amount of solid waste generated daily in Mumbai, and what percentage of it is scientifically processed or recycled under Swachh Bharat Mission 2.0;
- (b) whether any specific steps have been taken by the Government to improve solid waste collection, segregation and disposal mechanisms, especially in high-density urban areas;
- (c) the manner in which the Government plan to reduce the dependency on landfill dumping along with the policies in place to convert waste into energy or bio-fuel in Maharashtra;
- (d) whether any monitoring mechanisms exist to ensure accountability in municipal waste management and the manner in which the Government is addressing public grievances regarding waste disposal and if so, the details thereof; and
- (e) the Government's long-term vision for sustainable waste management along with the roadmap for introducing circular economy models in urban waste recycling?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI (SHRI V. SOMANNA)

(a) As reported by State of Maharashtra on Swachhatam Portal, the total quantity of municipal solid waste generated in urban areas of Maharashtra is 23,304 tons per day and 94% of generated waste has been processed.

(b) to (e) Government of India launched the Swachh Bharat Mission-Urban (SBM-U) on October 2, 2014 with the objective of making all cities Open Defecation Free (ODF) and for scientific processing of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) generated in the urban areas of all States/UTs. To carry forward the progress made, SBM-U 2.0 has been launched on October 1, 2021 with a vision of achieving Garbage Free Status for all cities through 100% source segregation, door to door collection and scientific management of all fractions of waste, including safe disposal in scientific landfills.

Under SWM component of SBM-U, central assistance of fund are provided for setting up all type of waste management projects such as Material Recovery Facilities (MRFs), transfer stations, composting plants, bio-methanation plants, Refused Derived Fuel (RDF) processing facilities, plastic waste processing facilities, waste to electricity plants, Construction and Demolition (C&D) waste plants.

Sanitation being a State subject as per the 7th schedule of Constitution, the decision to opt for waste to energy projects or any other method lies with the concerned Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) of State Government/Union territories (UTs). States opt for different types of projects based on their resources, technology, topography, type of waste involved, climatic conditions etc.

Central Share of funds are released to the States/UTs on the basis of demand made by States/UTs in the form of complete proposals duly approved by State Level Technical Committee (SLTC) which are further transmitted to ULBs as per their action plan. Under SWM component of SBM-U 2.0, State of Maharashtra has been allocated Rs. 1438.10 crores out of which Rs. 273.28 crore has already been released. ULB-wise project details are available on the website i.e. https://sbmurban.org/swachh-bharat-mission-progress.
