## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES

#### LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 321 TO BE ANSWERED ON 04<sup>th</sup> FEBRUARY, 2025

# **Production Inland Aquaculture**

#### 321. Dr. Rani Srikumar:

Will the Minister of FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING be pleased to state:

(a) the details of inland aquaculture production in the country, State-wise, during the last five years including Tamil Nadu;

(b) whether the Government has introduced any advancements or new technologies for enhancing inland aquaculture production, and if so, the details thereof;

(c) the measures have been taken by the Government to ensure that these technologies are accessible and affordable to fish farmers, especially in States like Tamil Nadu; and

(d) whether the Government is providing any subsidies or financial assistance for the adoption of these technologies and if so, the details thereof?

# ANSWER

# THE MINISTER FOR FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING (SHRI RAJIV RANJAN SINGH ALIAS LALAN SINGH)

(a): The details of inland fish production with aquaculture in the country, State-wise, during the last five years including Tamil Nadu is furnished as **Annexure-I**.

(b): Department of Fisheries (DoF), Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry & Dairying, Government of India is implementing a flagship scheme namely "Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana (PMMSY)" with highest ever investment of ₹20050 crore in fisheries sector for a period of 5 years with effect from the financial year 2020-21 in all the States/UTs to address critical gaps in fish production, productivity, quality, technology, post-harvest infrastructure and management, modernization and strengthening of value chain, reduction of post-harvest losses, traceability etc. in inland aquaculture. PMMSY, inter-alia, has supported projects with total outlay of ₹5259.85 Crore in the areas of infusion & adoption of new technologies such as Recirculatory Aquaculture System (RAS), biofloc, cage culture in reservoirs, Integrated Multi-tropic Aquaculture (IMTA), raceways, aquaponics, pen culture etc.

(c): To ensure that the new and latest technologies are accessible and affordable, the Government of India has supported 3028 training and capacity building programme involving 3,02,315 fishers, fish farmers and other stakeholders in all States/UTs including Tamil Nadu under PMMSY since 2020-21.

(d): Under PMMSY, the government financial assistance for various beneficiary oriented components and activities is provided to fishers, fish farmers & other eligible beneficiaries under Centrally sponsored component of PMMSY up to 40% of the unit/project cost for General category and 60% for SC/ST/Women category beneficiaries. In addition, concession finance with interest subvention up to 3% is also supported for creation and strengthening of fisheries infrastructure including latest fish production technologies under Fisheries and Aquaculture Infrastructure Development Fund. Besides, to facilitate access to institutional credit by fishers and fish farmers, Kisan Credit Card (KCC) facility has also been extended to fisheries sector since 2018-19. Till date, 4,50,799 KCC have been sanctioned to fishers and fish farmers.

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## Annexure-I

Statement referred to in reply to part (a) of the Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 321 for answer on 04<sup>th</sup> February, 2025 put in by Dr. Rani Srikumar, Hon'ble Member of Parliament (Lok Sabha). State/UT-wise details of the Inland Fish Production in the country (in lakhs Tonnes)

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No.	States/UTs	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	
1	Andhra Pradesh	36.10	40.70	42.19	45.06	45.58	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.09	0.09	
3	Assam	3.73	3.93	4.17	4.43	4.99	
4	Bihar	6.41	6.83	7.62	8.46	8.73	
5	Chhattisgarh	5.72	5.77	5.91	6.52	7.81	
6	Goa	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.09	
7	Gujarat	1.58	1.57	1.86	1.94	2.03	
8	Haryana	1.91	2.03	2.08	2.12	2.15	
9	Himachal Pradesh	0.14	0.15	0.16	0.17	0.18	
10	Jharkhand	2.23	2.38	2.57	2.80	3.11	
11	Karnataka	2.29	2.61	4.85	4.95	4.02	
12	Kerala	2.05	2.24	2.25	2.30	2.51	
13	Madhya Pradesh	2.00	2.49	2.93	3.42	3.82	
14	Maharashtra	1.18	1.25	1.57	1.44	2.67	
15	Manipur	0.32	0.33	0.33	0.34	0.45	
16	Meghalaya	0.14	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.20	
17	Mizoram	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	
18	Nagaland	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	
19	Odisha	6.60	7.01	7.89	8.39	8.97	
20	Punjab	1.51	1.65	1.90	1.85	1.84	
21	Rajasthan	1.16	0.60	0.66	0.79	0.91	
22	Sikkim	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	
23	Tamil Nadu	1.74	1.75	2.12	2.32	2.47	
24	Telangana	3.00	3.49	3.90	4.38	4.56	
25	Tripura	0.78	0.82	0.82	0.83	0.86	
26	Uttarakhand	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.09	
27	Uttar Pradesh	6.99	7.46	8.09	9.15	11.60	
28	West Bengal	16.19	16.69	16.52	18.56	18.84	
29	A and N Islands	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
30	Chandigarh	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
31	D&N Haveli & Daman and Diu	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
32	Delhi	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	
33	Jammu & Kashmir	0.21	0.21	0.25	0.27	0.28	
34	Ladakh	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	
35	Lakshadweep	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
36	Puducherry	0.07	0.05	0.08	0.05	0.04	
All-India		104.37	112.49	121.21	131.13	139.07	