GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2957 ANSWERED ON 18/03/2025

CREATION OF MAN DAYS UNDER MGNREGS

2957. SHRI VIRENDRA SINGH:

Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has made a provision of 60:40 ratio to make the work of Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS) easier, if so, the details thereof;
- (b) whether the ratio of 60:40 is based on the unit of each work or the work is done on the basis of 60% Kachha and 40% Pakka in the entire district, State and district-wise;
- (c) the number of man days being created under MGNREGS, Statewise;
- (d) the percentage decrease or increase in the number of man days as compared during the last year, State-wise; and
- (e) whether the decrease in percentage has been seen and if so, the reasons therefor, State-wise?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI KAMLESH PASWAN)

(a)&(b): Para 20 of the Schedule-I of the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, 2005 lays down that, "For all works taken up under the Scheme, by the Gram Panchayat and other Implementing Agencies, the cost of the material component including the wages of the skilled and semi-skilled workers shall not exceed forty per cent at the district level." The wage material ratio of 60:40 at the district level has been purposefully mandated to promote the creation of productive

assets. As per NREGASoft, the percentage of material expenditure at the National Level during the last three financial years and current financial year 2024-25 (as on 12.03.2025) is given below:

| Financial Year | 2024-25 | 2023-24 | 2022-23 | 2021-22 |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Material expenditure (%) | 26.74 | 26.97 | 32.68 | 27.19 |

(c)to(e): Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (Mahatma Gandhi NREGS) is a demand driven wage employment Scheme which provides for the enhancement of livelihood security of the households in rural areas of the country by providing at least one hundred days of guaranteed wage employment in every financial year to every household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled manual work. It provides livelihood security, i.e. fall back options for livelihood for the rural households, when no better employment opportunity is available.

State/UT-wise details of person-days generated under the Mahatma Gandhi NREGS during the financial year 2023-24 (up to February 2024) and the current financial year 2024-25 (up to February 2025), along with the comparative percentage increase or decrease, is given at Annexure.

Annexure referred to in reply to parts (c) to (e) of LokSabhaUnstarred Question No. 2957 dated 18.03.2025.

State/UT-wise details of person-days generated under the Mahatma Gandhi NREGS during the financial year 2023-24 (up to February 2024) and the current financial year 2024-25 (up to February 2025), along with the comparative percentage increase or decrease.

| <u> </u> | parative percentage increase | Persondays generated (in lakh) | | | | |
|----------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | FY 2024-25, | | | | |
| | | upto | upto | %age | | |
| SI. | | February | February | increase/decrease | | |
| No. | State/UTs | 2025 | 2024 | | | |
| 1 | Andhra Pradesh | 2281.58 | 2401.97 | -5.01% | | |
| 2 | Arunachal Pradesh | 182.91 | 143.82 | 27.17% | | |
| 3 | Assam | 662.69 | 831.50 | -20.30% | | |
| 4 | Bihar | 2286.69 | 2041.09 | 12.03% | | |
| 5 | Chhattisgarh | 1234.00 | 1151.02 | 7.21% | | |
| 6 | Goa | 0.68 | 0.38 | 79.23% | | |
| 7 | Gujarat | 407.00 | 473.35 | -14.02% | | |
| 8 | Haryana | 107.77 | 113.13 | -4.74% | | |
| 9 | Himachal Pradesh | 370.95 | 310.42 | 19.50% | | |
| 10 | Jammu and Kashmir | 359.99 | 338.42 | 6.37% | | |
| 11 | Jharkhand | 933.66 | 1036.08 | -9.89% | | |
| 12 | Karnataka | 1197.63 | 1314.15 | -8.87% | | |
| 13 | Kerala | 845.77 | 945.95 | -10.59% | | |
| 14 | Ladakh | 21.87 | 19.64 | 11.38% | | |
| 15 | Madhya Pradesh | 1764.31 | 1891.76 | -6.74% | | |
| 16 | Maharashtra | 1463.99 | 1015.20 | 44.21% | | |
| 17 | Manipur | 210.80 | 116.07 | 81.61% | | |
| 18 | Meghalaya | 271.50 | 299.63 | -9.39% | | |
| 19 | Mizoram | 189.24 | 193.21 | -2.05% | | |
| 20 | Nagaland | 78.78 | 177.45 | -55.60% | | |
| 21 | Odisha | 1073.21 | 1766.33 | -39.24% | | |
| 22 | Punjab | 297.53 | 336.45 | -11.57% | | |
| 23 | Rajasthan | 2977.73 | 3485.89 | -14.58% | | |
| 24 | Sikkim | 31.06 | 33.08 | -6.11% | | |
| 25 | Tamil Nadu | 2992.75 | 4083.45 | -26.71% | | |
| 26 | Telangana | 1102.70 | 1048.33 | 5.19% | | |
| 27 | Tripura | 342.68 | 361.06 | -5.09% | | |
| 28 | Uttar Pradesh | 3220.09 | 3312.31 | -2.78% | | |
| 29 | Uttarakhand | 179.07 | 183.29 | -2.30% | | |
| 30 | West Bengal | 0.00 | 1.65 | -100.00% | | |
| 31 | Andaman and Nicobar | 0.75 | 1.04 | -27.88% | | |
| | Dadra and Nagar Haveli | | | | | |
| 32 | and Daman and Diu | 2.69 | 0.26 | 948.75% | | |
| 33 | Lakshadweep | 0.00 | 0.04 | -100.00% | | |
| 34 | Puducherry | 9.78 | 20.98 | | | |
| | Total | 27101.84 | 29448.40 | -7.97% | | |

(As per NREGASoft)