

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI
DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2480
ANSWERED ON 13/03/2025

FUNDS RELEASED TO JAMMU AND KASHMIR UNDER JAL SHAKTI MISSION

2480. SHRI ABDUL RASHID SHEIKH:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the funds released to aspirational districts of Jammu and Kashmir under Jal Shakti Mission during the last three years and the current year; and
- (b) the number of households getting pure drinking water in Jammu and Kashmir, district-wise?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI
(SHRI V. SOMANNA)

(a) Since August 2019, the Government of India is implementing Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM), in partnership with States/ UTs to provide tap water supply to every rural household across the country, including the aspirational districts of Jammu and Kashmir. There is a total of 112 aspirational districts in the country, including two in Jammu and Kashmir viz. Baramulla and Kupwara. As reported by UT of J&K on JJM IMIS on 15.08.2019, 1.25 lakh (41.61%) rural households had provision of tap water supply in these aspirational districts. Since then, around 1.33 lakh additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections under JJM. Thus, as on 10.03.2025, out of 3.01 lakh rural households in these two districts, around 2.58 lakh (85.71%) rural households have tap water supply, which is comparatively higher than the UT coverage (81.06%) and national average (79.91%).

Under JJM, funds are released directly to the States/ UTs and their further district-wise allocations including aspirational districts are made and maintained by respective States/ UTs only and not at the Government of India level. As such, the funds released to UT administration of Jammu and Kashmir during last three years 2021-22, 2022-23 and 2023-24 and current year are Rs.604.18 crore, Rs.1,439.50 crore, Rs.3,267.12 crore and Rs.633.86 crore respectively.

(b) As reported by the UT of Jammu and Kashmir, at the start of JJM on 15.08.2019, only 5.75 lakh (29.92%) rural households had tap water connections. Since then, around 9.84 lakh additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections. Thus, as on 10.03.2025, out of 19.23 lakh rural households in state, the provision of tap water supply is available to approximately 15.59 lakh (81.06%) rural households. The number of households getting drinking water in Jammu and Kashmir, district-wise, as on 10.03.2025, is annexed.

Annex referred in reply to part (b) of Lok Sabha Unstarred Question no.2480

District-wise status of tap water connections in Jammu and Kashmir as on 10.03.2025

S.No.	District	No. of rural households	Total Household connections	% of total household connections
1	Anantnag	1,32,864	1,23,441	92.91
2	Bandipora	46,895	40,919	87.26
3	Baramulla	1,44,794	1,28,658	88.86
4	Budgam	1,27,754	1,14,245	89.43
5	Doda	1,25,652	1,00,665	80.11
6	Ganderbal	41,551	41,551	100
7	Jammu	1,88,155	1,24,938	66.4
8	Kathua	1,40,030	1,04,518	74.64
9	Kishtwar	55,595	43,223	77.75
10	Kulgam	61,122	53,871	88.14
11	Kupwara	1,56,264	1,29,738	83.02
12	Poonch	1,06,881	84,971	79.5
13	Pulwama	82,504	72,403	87.76
14	Rajouri	1,35,613	89,483	65.98
15	Ramban	60,784	48,594	79.95
16	Reasi	79,754	72,350	90.72
17	Samba	80,696	54,367	67.37
18	Shopian	45,423	41,912	92.27
19	Srinagar	10,407	10,407	100
20	Udhampur	1,00,602	78,827	78.36
	Total	19,23,340	15,59,143	81.06