## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION

## LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1499 ANSWERED ON 13/02/2025

#### CURRENT PROJECTS UNDER JJM IN RAJASTHAN

1499. SHRI DUSHYANT SINGH:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of current projects being implemented by the Government in Rajasthan, particularly in the areas of water supply, irrigation and rural development;
- (b) the reasons for the slow progress of the Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) in Rajasthan along with the steps taken/being taken by the Government to address the challenges affecting its timely completion;
- (c) the details of statistics regarding the status and coverage of the Jal Jeevan Mission in the aspirational districts of Rajasthan along with the way in which the State compares to other regions in terms of achieving the mission's targets; and
- (d) the details of the total funds allocated by the Government for water-related projects in Rajasthan along with the manner in which the financial assistance is distributed across different districts, especially the aspirational ones?

### **ANSWER**

# MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI (SHRI V. SOMANNA)

(a) and (d): Since August 2019, Government of India is implementing Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM), in partnership with States/ UTs including Rajasthan, to make provision of tap water supply to every rural household of the country. 'Drinking Water' is a state subject, and hence, the responsibility of planning, approval, implementation, operation, and maintenance of drinking water supply schemes, including those under the JJM, lies with State/UT Governments. The Government of India supports the states by providing technical and financial assistance.

As reported by the state government of Rajasthan on JJM IMIS, on 15.08.2019, only 11.68 lakh (10.84%) rural households had tap water connections. Since then, around 48.00 lakh additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections under JJM. Thus, as on 11.02.2025, out of 1.07 crore rural households in state, the provision of tap water supply is available to approximately 59.68 lakh (55.39%) rural households.

Under JJM, funds are released directly to the States/ UTs and their district-wise fund details are not maintained at the Government of India level. The details of fund allocation, fund drawn and reported fund utilization during the last five years (2019-20, 2020-21, 2021-22, 2022-23)

and 2023-24) and current financial year 2024-25 (as on 11.02.2025) by the state of Rajasthan are as follows:

(Amount in Rs. Crore)

Year		Evmanditura				
	Opening Balance	Allocation	Fund Drawn	Available Fund	Reported utilization	Expenditure under State share
2019-20	313.67	1,301.71	1,301.71	1,615.38	620.31	686.69
2020-21	995.07	2,522.03	630.51	1,625.58	762.04	789.05
2021-22	863.53	10,180.50	2,345.08	3,208.61	1,919.83	1,665.84
2022-23	1,288.79	13,328.60	6,081.80	7,370.59	3,937.70	4,123.31
2023-24	3,435.49	3,019.94	250.00	3,685.49	2,898.54	3,904.64
2024-25*	786.95	11,061.46	1,659.22	2,446.17	2,167.65	1,358.36

Source: JJM-IMIS \*as on 11.02.2025

As informed by Department of Water Resources, RD &GR, under Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojna – Accelerated Irrigation Benefits Programme (PMKSY-AIBP), 2 projects viz., Narmada Canal Project and Modernisation of Ganga Canal Project were prioritized in the state of Rajasthan in the year 2016-17. Both these projects have been reported to be completed. Central Assistance (CA) of Rs. 427.82 crore and Rs. 30.74 crore was released during 2016-24 respectively for the projects under PMKSY-AIBP. The irrigation potential created under these two projects is 245.88 thousand hectares and 69.69 thousand hectares respectively. After approval for continuation of PMKSY for the period 2021-26, one more project of Rajasthan, namely Parwan Multipurpose Project was included for funding. The ultimate irrigation potential of this project is 1.22 lakh hectare. Central assistance of Rs. 364.19 crore has been provided and mother sanction of Rs. 69.49 crore for financial year 2024-25 has been issued for the project. The central assistance is being provided to the projects included under PMKSY-AIBP on the basis of progress and budget provision made by state to the project in the financial year.

Further, 02 schemes have been included under RRR (Repair, Renovation and Restoration)

component of PMKSY in the state of Rajasthan as per details below:

Name of scheme	District benefitted	Inclusion year	Estd Cost	Central Share	Target IP	Targeted Storage revival (MCM)	CA released (in crore)
37 RRR	Dungarpur (5), chittorgarh (1) Pratapgarh (1), Swaimadhopur (3), Dholpur (2), Dausa (1), jaipur (3), sikar (1), Tonk (2), Bharatpur (2), Ajmer (5), Jhalawar (1), Baran (2), Bundi (8)	2021-22	124.71	74.82	7.48	1.71	40.76
84 RRR	Kota (44), Bundi (20), Tonk (20)	2023-24	142.92	85.75	4.40	6.16	0.00
	Total		267.63	160.58	11.89	7.87	40.76

Ministry of Rural Development has informed that Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana- Gramin (PMAY-G) is being implemented w.e.f. 1st April, 2016 to provide assistance to eligible rural households for construction of pucca houses with basic amenities to achieve the objective of "Housing for all" in rural areas. The target under the PMAY-G was construction of 2.95 crore pucca houses with basic amenities by March, 2024. The scheme has been approved for implementation during FY 2024-25 to 2028-29 for construction of 2 crore additional houses. As on 10.02.2025, against the cumulative target of 4.95 crore houses under PMAY-G, a total target of 3.79 crore houses (including 22,15,247 houses of Rajasthan) have been allocated to the States/UTs out of which 3.38 crore houses (including 19,98,639 houses of Rajasthan) have already been sanctioned to the beneficiaries. Further, as on 10.02.2025, over 2.69 crore houses (including 17,00,553 houses of Rajasthan) have already been constructed. Since inception of the PMAY-G, the central share of assistance released to the state of Rajasthan is Rs. 13,152.03 crore (including PM-JANMAN).

Further, another programme being implemented by Ministry of Rural Development is Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (Mahatma Gandhi NREGS). Mahatma Gandhi NREGS is a demand-driven wage employment scheme which provides for the enhancement of livelihood security of the households in rural areas of the country by providing at least one hundred days of guaranteed wage employment in every financial year to every household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled manual work. There is no project-wise allocation of funds under the Mahatma Gandhi NREGS. During the financial year 2024-25, as on 10.02.2025, 56,351 water-related works have been completed in state of Rajasthan with total expenditure of Rs.2,57,321.00 lakhs.

(b) : The slow implementation of JJM in Rajasthan has been mainly on the account of non-tendering of several JJM works approved by State Level Scheme Sanctioning Committee (SLSSC). In addition, out of Rs.41,414.24 crore central grant allocated to the state under JJM till FY 2024-25, the state could draw only Rs.12,268.32 crore due to the non-availability of matching state share fund, thus, affecting the pace of implementation of JJM in Rajasthan.

To expedite the provision of tap water connections to all rural households in the state, concerted efforts have been made to impress the state government to accelerate the pace of implementation of JJM on ground. These include measures such as holding high level joint review meetings with the state government on regular basis and visits of multi-disciplinary teams from the department to highlight areas which need attention for expediting implementation in a mission mode to make provision of tap water supply to all households in timebound manner.

(c) : There are 05 aspirational districts namely Baran, Dholpur, Jaisalmer, Karuali & Sirohi in the state of Rajasthan. As reported by state government on JJM IMIS as on 15.08.2019, only 0.75 lakh (8.31%) rural households had provision of tap water supply in these districts. Since then, around 3.54 lakh additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections under JJM. Thus, as on 11.02.2025, out of 8.97 lakh rural households in these districts, around 4.29 lakh (47.43%) rural households have tap water supply, compared to state average of 55.39%.

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