

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS  
LOK SABHA  
STARRED QUESTION NO. 474  
TO BE ANSWERED ON APRIL 03, 2025**

**ACHIEVEMENTS UNDER SWACHH BHARAT MISSION-URBAN**

**NO. 474. SHRI BALYA MAMA SURESH GOPINATH MHATRE:  
SHRI BALWANT BASWANT WANKHADE:**

**Will the Minister of HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS be pleased to state:**

- (a) the details of the major achievements made so far under Swachh Bharat Mission – Urban (SBM-U), State-wise along with the date of launch of the scheme;**
- (b) whether it is true that waste management and sewerage systems are still poor in many cities in the country and if so, the reasons therefor;**
- (c) the manner in which the Government ensures the necessary financial assistance for cleanliness to all municipal bodies in the country;**
- (d) whether the Government has new strategy to make solid waste management more effective in urban areas in the country; and**
- (e) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?**

**ANSWER**

**THE MINISTER OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS  
(SHRI MANOHAR LAL)**

**(a) to (e): A statement is laid on the Table of the House.**

**STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 474 FOR 03.04.2025 REGARDING “ACHIEVEMENTS UNDER SWACHH BHARAT MISSION-URBAN ”**

**(a) & (b) : Government of India launched the Swachh Bharat Mission-Urban (SBM-U) on October 2, 2014 with the objective of making urban areas of the country Open Defecation Free (ODF) and for scientific processing of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) generated in the urban areas of the country. To carry forward the progress made, SBM-U 2.0 has been launched on October 1, 2021 for a period of five years with a vision of achieving Garbage Free Status for all cities through 100% source segregation, door to door collection and scientific management of all fractions of waste including safe disposal in scientific landfills and remediation of all legacy dumpsites. Used Water Management (UWM) is also a new component under SBM-U 2.0 to holistically deal with fecal sludge & septage in cities having less than 1 lakh population as per census 2011.**

**All ULBs of 35 States/UTs became ODF in October, 2019. This has been achieved with the construction of 63.75 lakh Individual Household Latrines (IHHLs) units, which is more than mission target of 58.99 lakh (108.06%) and 6.36 lakh Community Toilet/Public Toilet (CT/PT) seats have been constructed against the mission target of 5.07 lakh (125.44%). Further, as reported by States/UTs on Swachhattam portal, a total of 1,61,157 ton per day (TPD) of Municipal Solid Waste is generated in the urban areas of the country. Out of which 1,29,708 TPD is processed. i.e. against 16% waste processing in 2014, the current processing capacity has increased to 80.49% by setting up of waste processing facilities such as Material Recovery Facilities (MRFs), transfer stations, composting plants, Construction and Demolition (C&D) and waste to energy plants including waste to electricity, bio-methanation plants etc. As of now, 7766 solid waste processing facilities has been established. Further, Government of India has allocated Rs. 10,930.12 crores under SWM component of SBM-U 2.0. Out of which projects having central share of Rs. 8,662.28 crores have been approved and Rs. 1999.96 crores have been claimed by the States/UTs. State-wise waste processing facilities**

are available on website at <https://sbmurban.org/swachh-bharat-mission-progress>.

To deal with sewerage and septage management, Government has launched the Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT) in 500 cities on June 25, 2015. AMRUT 2.0 has been launched on 1<sup>st</sup> October 2021 to make cities 'self-reliant' and 'water secure'. AMRUT 2.0 will extend the ease of living by up-scaling universal coverage in water supply from 500 cities to all statutory towns in the country.

(c) : Under SBM-U, Central Share of funds are released to the States/UTs on the basis of demand made by States/UTs in the form of complete proposals duly approved by State Level Technical Committee (SLTC) which are further transmitted to ULBs by the concerned State/UT Govt. as per their action plan. Further Central Assistance/Grants-in-aids up to 50% of the gap funding subject to maximum of 30% of project cost approved by State High Power Committee (SHPC) are provided to States/Union Territories for setting up of Solid Waste Management plants and Used Water management plants under Swachh Bharat Mission – Urban (SBM-U).

Central Share (CS) assistance under SBM-U has been given to States/UTs for establishing of various types of MSW management plants and use water management projects etc. The details of budget provision for SBM-U and SBM-U 2.0 is given as under:

(₹in crores)

<b>SBM Phase</b>	<b>Budget Outlay</b>	<b>Central Share</b>
<b>SBM-U (2014-2021)</b>	<b>62,009</b>	<b>14,623</b>
<b>SBM-U 2.0 (2021-2026)</b>	<b>1,41,600</b>	<b>36,465</b>

Under sewerage and septage management sector of AMRUT, 889 projects worth ₹34,501 crore have been grounded of which work worth ₹32,175 crore have been physically executed. Under AMRUT 2.0, Sewerage and septage management sector, so far 592 projects worth ₹67,649 crore which covers creation/augmentation of 6,739 MLD sewage treatment plant capacity & 2,089 MLD for recycle/reuse.

**(d) & (e) : To support the States/ULBs efforts to plan, design and execute the sanitation and solid waste management projects in the urban areas, Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs (MoHUA) supplements the efforts of States/UTs by providing policy directions, financial and technical support by sharing Manuals/Standard of Procedures (SoPs) on Solid Waste Management and issue various Advisories & Guidelines time to time for choosing appropriate technologies to manage solid waste. The advisories/guidelines/SoPs issued by MoHUA as available to all the States/UTs at <https://sbmurban.org/technical-advisories>.**

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