GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4303 TO BE ANSWERED ON 20.12.2024

HEALTH INFRASTRUCTURE IN MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENTS

4303. SHRI HARIBHAI PATEL:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) the total number of Primary Health Centers, Community Health Centers, Sub-District/Divisional Hospitals (SDHs), District Hospitals (DHs) and Central Government run hospitals as uploaded by the State/UTs on the Health Management Information System (HMIS) portal of the Government across the country particularly in Gujarat, State/UTwise:
- (b) the total number of doctors, nurses, health workers and allied health professionals employed in these medical establishments and for Union Government operated medical establishments, State/UT-wise;
- (c) the total number of vacancies in these medical establishments, Central Government operated medical establishments, State/UT-wise; and
- (d) the steps taken by the Government to improve the number and quality of medical professionals in the public health system?

ANSWER THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI PRATAPRAO JADHAV)

(a) to (c): The total number of Primary Health Centers, Community Health Centers, Sub-District/Divisional Hospitals (SDHs), District Hospitals (DHs) and the details regarding in-position and vacancies of doctors, nurses and other health workers/professionals in these

establishments are available at website of Ministry of Health and Family Welfare at the Uniform Resources Locator (URL) as under:

https://mohfw.gov.in/sites/default/files/Health%20Dynamics%20of%20India%20%28Infrastructure%20%26%20Human%20Resources%29%202022-23 RE%20%281%29.pdf

The total number Central Government run hospitals and the details regarding in-position and vacancies of doctors, nurses and other health workers/professionals in these medical establishments is at **Annexure-I & II**.

(d): There is an increase of 102% in Medical Colleges in the country from 387 in 2014 to 780 as of now. There is also an increase of 130% in MBBS seats from 51,348 in 2014 to 1,18,137 as of now and increase of 135% in PG seats from 31,185 in 2014 to 73,157 as of now.

The measures/steps taken by the Government to increase the doctors/medical professionals in the country include:-

- Centrally Sponsored Scheme for establishment of new medical college by upgrading district/ referral hospital under which 157 medical colleges have been approved.
- Centrally Sponsored Scheme for strengthening/ upgradation of existing State Government/Central Government Medical Colleges to increase MBBS and PG seats.
- Under "Upgradation of Government Medical Colleges by construction of Super Specialty Blocks" of Pradhan Mantri Swasthya Suraksha Yojana (PMSSY) scheme, a total of 75 projects have been approved.
- Under the Central Sector Scheme for setting up of new AIIMS, 22 AIIMS have been approved.
- DNB qualification has been recognized for appointment as faculty to take care of shortage of faculty.
- Enhancement of age limit for appointment/ extension/ re-employment against posts of teachers/Dean/Principal/ Director in medical colleges upto 70 years.

Under the National Health Mission, the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare provides technical and financial support to the States/UTs including State of Gujarat to strengthen the Page 2 of 5

public healthcare system including recruitment of health care professionals and their training in rural areas based on the proposals received in the form of Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs) under National Health Mission. Government of India provides approval for the proposal in the form of Record of Proceedings (RoPs) as per norms & available resources. The details are available in public domain at:

https://nhm.gov.in/index1.php?lang=1&level=1&sublinkid=1377&lid=744

Under NHM, following types of incentives and honorarium are provided for encouraging doctors to practice in rural and remote areas of the country:

- Hard area allowance to specialist doctors for serving in rural and remote areas and for their residential quarters so that they find it attractive to serve in public health facilities in such areas.
- Honorarium to Gynecologists/ Emergency Obstetric Care (EmoC) trained,
 Pediatricians & Anesthetist/ Life Saving Anaesthesia Skills (LSAS) trained doctors is also provided to increase availability of specialists for conducting Cesarean Sections in rural & remote area.
- Incentives like special incentives for doctors, incentive for Auxiliary Nurse and Midwife (ANM) for ensuring timely Antenatal Checkup (ANC) checkup and recording, incentives for conducting Adolescent Reproductive and Sexual Health activities.
- States are also allowed to offer negotiable salary to attract specialist including flexibility in strategies such as "You Quote We Pay".
- Non-Monetary incentives such as preferential admission in post graduate courses for staff serving in difficult areas and improving accommodation arrangement in rural areas have also been introduced under NHM.
- Multi-skilling of doctors is supported under NHM to overcome the shortage of specialists. Skill upgradation of existing HR is another major strategy under NRHM for achieving improvement in health outcomes.

Annexure-I

Annexure-I referred to in reply to Parts (a) to (c) of Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 4303 for 20.12.2024 asked Shri Haribhai Patel, Hon'ble MP (LS)

DOCTORS AND OTHER HEALTHCARE STAFF IN CENTRAL GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS

SI. No.	Name of the	Sanctioned	In-position	Vacancies
	Institutes			
1.	Safdarjung Hospital	7507	5454	2053
2.	RML Hospital	3921	2994	927
3.	Lady Harding Medical College	1630	1258	372
4.	Rural Health Training Centre (RHTC)	204	98	106
5.	Regional Institute of Medical Science (RIMS), Imphal	1455	865	590
6.	NEIGRIHMS, Shillong	1511	1077	434

Annexure-II

Annexure-II referred to in reply to Parts (a) to (c) of Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 4303 for 20.12.2024 asked Shri Haribhai Patel, Hon'ble MP (LS)

DOCTORS AND OTHER HEALTHCARE STAFF IN AIIMS

Sr.	Name of AIIMS & State	Faculty position (Doctors)			Non-Faculty position (including Nursing staff and other healthcare worker)		
No.							
		Sanctione d	In- position	Vacant	Sanctioned	In- position	Vacant
1.	New Delhi (AIIMS)	1235	810	425	14343	12101	2242
2.	Bhopal (Madhya Pradesh)	305	231	74	3884	2861	1023
3.	Bhubaneswar (Odisha)	315	241	74	3904	2808	1096
4.	Jodhpur (Rajasthan)	305	221	84	3884	3147	737
5.	Raipur (Chhattisgarh)	305	178	118	3884	2713	1171
6.	Patna (Bihar)	305	225	80	3884	2550	1334
7.	Rishikesh (Uttarakhand)	305	217	88	3884	2701	1183
8.	Mangalagiri (Andhra Pradesh)	259	152	107	1469	1060	409
9.	Nagpur (Maharashtra)	298	224	74	1459	1059	400
10.	Kalyani (West Bengal)	259	157	102	1527	910	617
11.	Gorakhpur (Uttar Pradesh)	183	122	61	1346	921	425
12.	Bathinda (Punjab)	209	140	69	1624	1128	496
13.	Bilaspur (Himachal Pradesh)	217	106	111	1511	918	593
14.	Guwahati (Assam)	183	105	78	1410	642	948
15.	Deoghar (Jharkhand)	183	120	63	1364	822	542
16.	Bibinagar (Telangana)	183	114	69	1374	876	498
17.	Raebareli (Uttar Pradesh)	201	106	95	1425	905	520
18.	Rajkot (Gujarat)	183	67	116	1247	550	697
19.	Madurai (Tamil Nadu)	183	51	132	911	42	869
20	Jammu (Jammu & Kashmir)	183	106	77	1267	737	530