GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT & GANGA REJUVENATION

LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4128

ANSWERED ON 19.12.2024

USE OF FLOODWATER IN UTTAR PRADESH

†4128. SHRI ASHOK KUMAR RAWAT

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) the measures taken/likely to be taken by the Government to address the problem of floodwater in the rivers of Uttar Pradesh;
- (b) whether the Government proposes any measures/projects to store the floodwater for future use and if so, the details thereof:
- (c) the details of water being wasted in the districts of Uttar Pradesh due to floods every year; and
- (d) whether any estimate has been made for storing flood water in cubic litres each year which is being wasted due to floods in Uttar Pradesh and if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI

(SHRI RAJ BHUSHAN CHOUDHARY)

(a) Flood management and anti-erosion schemes are formulated and implemented by concerned State Governments as per their priority. The Union Government supplements the efforts of the States by providing technical guidance and also promotional financial assistance for management of floods in critical areas.

Government of India had implemented Flood Management Programme (FMP) during XI & XII Plan for providing Central Assistance to States for works related to river management, flood control, anti-erosion, drainage development, anti-sea erosion, etc. which subsequently continued as a component of "Flood Management and Border Areas Programme" (FMBAP) for the period from 2017-18 to 2020-21 and further extended for a period of 5 years from 2021-22 to 2025-26. Total Central assistance amounting to Rs 692.75 Cr. has been released to Uttar Pradesh under FMBAP since its inception.

Further, Central Water Commission (CWC) issues flood forecasts for 44 Flood Forecasting Stations (39 level & 5 Inflow) in Uttar Pradesh.

(b) to (d) Government of India formulated a National Perspective Plan (NPP) in year 1980 and National Water Development Agency (NWDA) has been entrusted with work of Interlinking of Rivers (ILR) under NPP. The Scheme of Interlinking of Rivers (ILR) under National Perspective Plan (NPP) has been formulated for providing storages and transfer of surplus waters to water deficit regions to minimize the miseries brought by droughts and also to mitigate the ravages of annually recurring floods. The flood water from flood prone / water surplus river basins would be diverted to water deficit regions and would also recharge ground water table, tanks and canals in the command areas.

Under NPP, 30 link projects have been identified, 16 link projects under Peninsular component and 14 link projects under Himalayan component.

Details of Link project under National Prospective Plan that are benefitting Uttar Pradesh is given at **Annexure.**

ANNEXURE

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (b) to (d) OF UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4128 TO BE ANSWERED IN LOK SABHA ON 19.12.2024 REGARDING "USE OF FLOODWATER IN UTTAR PRADESH".

Sl. No.	Name	Annual Irrigation	Domestic &	Hydro power	Status
		(Lakh ha)	Industrial (Mm³)	(MW)	
1.	Ken-Betwa link	10.62	194	103 MW	DPR completed &
				(Hydro) & 27	project is under
				MW (Solar)	implementation
2.	Kosi-Ghaghra	8.35	0	-	FR completed
	link				
3.	Gandak Ganga	34.58	700	4375 (Dam PH)	FR completed and
	link			& 180 (Canal	circulated
				PH)	
4.	Ghaghra	27.84	1391	10884	Draft FR completed
	Yamuna link				
5.	Sarda Yamuna	2.95	3054	6620	FR completed
	link				
6.	Chunar-Sone	0.67	-	-	Draft FR completed
	Barrage link				
