

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT  
LOK SABHA  
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.3232  
TO BE ANSWERED ON 16<sup>TH</sup> DECEMBER, 2024**

**UNEMPLOYMENT IN YOUTH AMONG ECONOMICALLY WEAKER SECTION**

**3232. SHRI GYANESHWAR PATIL:  
SMT. DELKAR KALABEN MOHANBHAI:  
SHRI RAVINDRA DATTARAM WAIKAR:**

**Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:**

- (a) whether the Government has assessed the number of unemployed youths among economically weaker sections in urban and rural areas of Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Madhya Pradesh especially in Khandwa and Maharashtra including Mumbai;**
- (b) if so, the district-wise details thereof and the remedial steps taken by the Government in this regard;**
- (c) the details of the areas with high unemployment rate in the country; and**
- (d) the number of employment provided to unemployed youth by the Government under various schemes in Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Madhya Pradesh especially in Khandwa District and Maharashtra including Mumbai during the last three years, State and district-wise?**

**ANSWER**

**MINISTER OF STATE FOR LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT  
(SUSHRI SHOBHA KARANDLAJE)**

**(a) to (d): The official data on Employment and Unemployment is collected through Annual Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS), which is conducted by Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI) since 2017-18. The survey period is July to June every year.**

**As per the data available in latest Annual PLFS Reports, the estimated Unemployment Rate (UR) on usual status for youth of age 15-29 years in urban and rural areas of Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Madhya Pradesh including Khandwa and Maharashtra including Mumbai have downward trend.**

**The estimated Unemployment Rate (UR) on usual status for youth of age 15-29 years in the country in the year 2023-24 was 10.2% which is lower than global levels. State/UT-wise details of the estimated Unemployment Rate (UR) on usual status for persons of age 15 years and above are at Annexure.**

**As per the data available in latest Annual PLFS Reports, the estimated Worker Population Ratio (WPR) indicating employment on usual status for youth of age 15-29 years in the year 2023-24 was 56.9% in Dadra and Nagar Haveli, 56.6% in Madhya Pradesh and 40.1% in Maharashtra.**

**Employment generation coupled with improving employability is the priority of the Government. Accordingly, the Government of India has taken various steps for generating employment in the country.**

**The various Ministries/ Departments of Government of India like Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises, Ministry of Rural Development, Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Textiles, Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology etc. are implementing different employment generation schemes/ programmes like Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY), Rural Self Employment and Training Institutes (RSETIs), Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM), Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY), etc., which, along with increase in capital expenditure, seeks to boost employment creation. The details of various employment generation schemes/programmes being implemented by the Government of India may be seen at [https://dge.gov.in/dge/schemes\\_programmes](https://dge.gov.in/dge/schemes_programmes).**

**Further, Government announced in the Budget 2024-25, the Prime Minister's package of 5 schemes and initiatives to facilitate employment, skilling and other opportunities for 4.1 crore youth over a 5-year period with a central outlay of Rs. 2 lakh crores.**

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**Annexure referred to in reply of part (a) to (d) of the Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 3232 due for reply on 16.12.2024**

**State/UT-wise estimated Unemployment Rate (UR) on usual status for youth of age 15-29 years**

<b>State/UTs</b>	<b>2023-24</b>
<b>Andhra Pradesh</b>	<b>17.5</b>
<b>Arunachal Pradesh</b>	<b>20.9</b>
<b>Assam</b>	<b>14.1</b>
<b>Bihar</b>	<b>9.9</b>
<b>Chhattisgarh</b>	<b>6.3</b>
<b>Delhi</b>	<b>4.6</b>
<b>Goa</b>	<b>19.1</b>
<b>Gujarat</b>	<b>3.1</b>
<b>Haryana</b>	<b>10.7</b>
<b>Himachal Pradesh</b>	<b>16.3</b>
<b>Jharkhand</b>	<b>3.6</b>
<b>Karnataka</b>	<b>10.2</b>
<b>Kerala</b>	<b>29.9</b>
<b>Madhya Pradesh</b>	<b>2.6</b>
<b>Maharashtra</b>	<b>10.8</b>
<b>Manipur</b>	<b>22.9</b>
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>14.0</b>
<b>Mizoram</b>	<b>13.3</b>
<b>Nagaland</b>	<b>27.4</b>
<b>Odisha</b>	<b>11.1</b>
<b>Punjab</b>	<b>18.8</b>
<b>Rajasthan</b>	<b>12.4</b>
<b>Sikkim</b>	<b>7.7</b>
<b>Tamil Nadu</b>	<b>15.3</b>
<b>Telangana</b>	<b>16.6</b>
<b>Tripura</b>	<b>6.8</b>
<b>Uttarakhand</b>	<b>9.8</b>
<b>Uttar Pradesh</b>	<b>9.1</b>
<b>West Bengal</b>	<b>9.0</b>
<b>Andaman &amp; N. Island</b>	<b>33.6</b>
<b>Chandigarh</b>	<b>10.3</b>
<b>Dadra &amp; Nagar Haveli &amp; Daman &amp; Diu</b>	<b>6.6</b>
<b>Jammu &amp; Kashmir</b>	<b>17.4</b>
<b>Ladakh</b>	<b>22.2</b>
<b>Lakshadweep</b>	<b>36.2</b>
<b>Puducherry</b>	<b>14.6</b>
<b>All India</b>	<b>10.2</b>

**Source: PLFS, MoSPI**