#### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

#### MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI

#### DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION

#### LOK SABHA

## **UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2767**

ANSWERED ON 12.12.2024

## VILLAGES CERTIFIED AS 'HAR GHAR JAL' UNDER JJM

## †2767. SHRI ALOK SHARMA:

SHRI LUMBA RAM:

SHRI BIDYUT BARAN MAHATO:

SHRI VIJAY BAGHEL:

SHRI CHAVDA VINOD LAKHAMSHI:

SHRI ARUN GOVIL:

SHRI PRAVEEN PATEL:

SHRI ANIL FIROJIYA:

SHRI JANARDAN MISHRA:

SHRI CHANDRA PRAKASH JOSHI:

SHRI DILIP SAIKIA:

SHRI DHARAMBIR SINGH:

SHRI MANOJ TIWARI:

SHRI KANWAR SINGH TANWAR:

SMT. SMITA UDAY WAGH:

SMT. KAMALJEET SEHRAWAT:

## Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of villages certified/selected under 'Har Ghar Jal' Scheme of Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) in the country, State/UT-wise including Amroha, Bhiwani-Mahendergarh, Phulpur Parliamentary Constituencies, Jalgaon district in Maharashtra, Jalore and Sirohi districts in Rajasthan, Ujjain district in Madhya Pradesh;
- (b) the increase in the number of rural household tap water connections since 2019 along with the number of villages benefited under the said Scheme;
- (c) whether the 'Har Ghar Jal' Scheme under JJM has been successful in providing functional household tap connections to every rural household;
- (d) if so, the details thereof along with the current status of the Scheme and if not, the reasons therefor along with the measures taken/being taken to achieve the target;
- (e) the steps taken/being taken to accelerate the completion of pending tap water connections in rural areas, especially in underserved/water scarcity regions; and

(f) the Government's plan to address the challenges faced in ensuring continuous and reliable water supply to all rural household along with maintenance and sustainability of tap water connections under the Scheme in the country?

### **ANSWER**

# THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI (SHRI V. SOMANNA)

(a) to (d) Since August 2019, Government of India in partnership with States is implementing Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) – Har Ghar Jal to make provision of potable water to every rural household of the country, through functional tap water connection i.e. at a service level of 55 litre per capita per day (lpcd), of prescribed quality (BIS:10500), on regular and long-term basis.

At the start of Jal Jeevan Mission in August 2019, only 3.23 Crore (16.8%) rural households were reported to have tap water connections. So far, as reported by States/ UTs as on 09.12.2024, under Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) – Har Ghar Jal, around 12.11 Crore additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections. Thus, as on 09.12.2024, out of 19.35 Crore rural households in the country, more than 15.34 Crore (79.28%) households are reported to have tap water supply in their homes and the remaining households are likely to be covered by the States as per their plans. State/ UT-wise details of 'Har Ghar Jal' reported and certified districts and villages are **annexed**.

Further, the parliamentary constituency-wise details of tap connections provided under JJM are not maintained at the Government of India level. However, the district-wise number of tap water connections provided to rural households under JJM in Bhiwani & Mahendergarh in Haryana, Jalgaon in Maharashtra, Amroha and Prayagraj in Uttar Pradesh, Ujjain in Madhya Pradesh, Jalore and Sirohi in Rajasthan, is as under:

No. in lakh

District & State	Total rural households (HHs)	HHs with tap connections	
Bhiwani, Haryana	1.68	1.68 (100.00%)	
Mahendergarh, Haryana	1.49	1.49 (100.00%)	
Jalgaon, Maharashtra	6.91	6.90 (99.92%)	
Amroha, Uttar Pradesh	2.98	2.64 (88.91%)	
Prayagraj, Uttar Pradesh	6.51	4.89 (75.10)	
Ujjain, Madhya Pradesh	2.64	1.90 (71.87%)	
Jalore, Rajasthan	2.27	1.35 (59.69%)	
Sirohi, Rajasthan	1.86	1.06 (57.08%)	

Source: JJM-IMIS

Further, the district-wise and village-wise status of tap water connection provided under the Mission in rural areas is also in public domain and available on JJM dashboard at:

https://ejalshakti.gov.in/jjmreport/JJMIndia.aspx

(e) & (f) States have informed that during planning phase challenges such as lack of dependable drinking water sources in water-stressed, drought prone and desert areas, presence of geo-genic contaminants in ground water, uneven geographical terrain and scattered rural habitations affected the progress. It was observed that in some states delay in release of the matching state share and lack of requisite technical capacity with implementing agencies also hampered the implementation. Further, CoVID-19 pandemic and poor availability of raw materials especially DI/ HDPE pipes due to Russia-Ukraine conflict have also impacted the pace of implementation in the States.

To address the challenges holistically and overcome these, Government of India has taken a number of steps, *inter alia* including implementation of Special Assistance to States for Capital Expenditure through M/o Finance for financial assistance as 50-year interest free loan for capital investment projects; taking suitable measures for maintaining assured and adequate availability of pipes at reasonable price, nomination of a nodal officer in the Department for coordinating with Central nodal Ministries/ Departments/ agencies to facilitate the States in obtaining Statutory/ other clearances; setting up of State Programme Management Units (SPMUs) and District Programme Management Units (DPMUs) and implementation of "Nal Jal Mitra Programme" for ensuring availability of skilled local persons at village level.

Further, to ensure long term sustainability of infrastructure created, quality material and quality construction is being ensured through third party inspection before making payment. Moreover, measurement and monitoring of water supply in villages through sensor-based IoT solution, linking Aadhar of the head of household for targeted delivery subject to statutory provisions, geo-tagging of assets created, etc. are also provisioned under JJM.

Further, to bring transparency and effective monitoring, an online 'JJM dashboard' & mobile App has been created, which provides State/ UT, district, and village-wise progress as well as status of provision of tap water supply to rural homes.

Provisions for taking up augmentation and strengthening of local drinking water sources in convergence with other schemes viz. MGNREGS, 15th Finance Commission grants to Rural Local Bodies (RLBs)/ Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs), Integrated Watershed Management Programme (IWMP), State schemes, MP/ MLA-LAD funds, District Mineral Development Fund, CSR funds, community contribution, etc. have also been envisaged under the JJM.

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Annex referred to in Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 2767 for reply on 12.12.2024 State/ UT-wise details of 'Har Ghar Jal' reported and certified districts and villages

S. No.	State	Total districts	No. of Har Ghar Jal District		Total	No. of Har Ghar Jal Village	
			Reported	Certified	villages	Reported	Certified
1	A & N Islands	3	3	3	265	265	265
2	Andhra Pradesh	26	1	0	15,999	4,781	3,701
3	Arunachal Pradesh	25	25	25	5,133	5,133	5,133
4	Assam	35	0	0	24,295	7,998	4,361
5	Bihar	38	5	0	37,270	32,311	1
6	Chhattisgarh	33	0	0	19,656	3,638	2,033
7	DNH & DD	3	3	3	96	96	96
8	Goa	2	2	2	373	373	373
9	Gujarat	33	33	6	18,024	18,024	16,840
10	Haryana	22	22	22	6,600	6,600	6,600
11	Himachal Pradesh	12	11	1	17,633	17,632	13,812
12	Jammu & Kashmir	20	1	1	6,153	1,191	664
13	Jharkhand	24	0	0	29,398	4,442	2,167
14	Karnataka	31	0	0	26,563	6,412	4,111
15	Kerala	14	0	0	1,435	126	87
16	Ladakh	2	0	0	240	164	80
17	Lakshadweep	1	0	0	10	8	6
18	Madhya Pradesh	52	2	1	51,056	17,055	9,916
19	Maharashtra	34	0	0	40,297	18,588	11,655
20	Manipur	16	0	0	2,556	613	295
21	Meghalaya	12	0	0	6,457	2,678	1,469
22	Mizoram	11	11	6	637	637	595
23	Nagaland	16	1	0	1,425	1,029	615
24	Odisha	30	0	0	46,597	13,956	8,226
25	Puducherry	2	2	2	91	91	91
26	Punjab	23	23	23	11,977	11,977	11,977
27	Rajasthan	48	0	0	41,917	8,383	4,159
28	Sikkim	6	0	0	400	166	108
29	Tamil Nadu	37	13	5	11,816	7,742	6,514
30	Telangana	32	32	0	9,693	9,693	0
31	Tripura	8	0	0	765	97	86
32	Uttar Pradesh	75	0	0	97,081	31,043	22,014
33	Uttarakhand	13	0	0	14,985	10,705	7,229
34	West Bengal	22	0	0	38,196	3,814	2,294
	Total	761	190	100	5,85,089	2,47,461	1,47,573

Source: JJM-IMIS