

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2522
TO BE ANSWERED ON 10.12.2024

GROWTH OF TEXTILE INDUSTRY

2522. DR. SHIVAJI BANDAPPA KALGE:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES वस्त्र मंत्री
be pleased to state :

- (a) whether India is placed far behind in growth of the textile industry and the quantum of clothes produced affecting the volume of export;
- (b) if so, the major reasons besides the cheaper labour workforce;
- (c) whether measures have been initiated to address the problems of the textile industry in the country to reach the top position in textile manufacturing and exports surpassing even Bangladesh; and
- (d) the future of the textile industry in the country?

उत्तर

ANSWER

वस्त्र राज्य मंत्री (श्री पबित्र मार्घेरिता)

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR TEXTILES
(SHRI PABITRA MARGHERITA)

(a) & (b): India is ranked among the top textile exporting countries in the world with a share of approx. 4% of global textiles and apparel exports.

(c) & (d): The Government is implementing various schemes/initiatives to promote Indian textiles. The major schemes/initiatives include PM Mega Integrated Textile Regions and Apparel (PM MITRA) Parks Scheme to create a modern, integrated, world class textile infrastructure; Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme focusing on MMF Fabric, MMF Apparel and Technical Textiles to boost large scale manufacturing and enhancing competitiveness; National Technical Textiles Mission focusing on Research Innovation & Development, Promotion and Market Development; SAMARTH – Scheme for Capacity Building in Textile Sector with the objective providing demand driven, placement oriented, skilling program; Silk Samagra-2 for comprehensive development of sericulture value chain; National Handloom Development Program for end to end support for handloom sector. Ministry of Textiles is also implementing National Handicrafts Development Programme and Comprehensive Handicrafts Cluster Development Scheme for promotion of handicrafts.

Further, The Government is also implementing Rebate of State and Central Taxes and Levies (RoSCTL) scheme for Apparel/Garments and Made-ups in order to enhance competitiveness by adopting principals of zero rated exports. Further, textiles products not covered under the RoSCTL scheme are covered under Remissions of Duties and Taxes on Exported Products (RoDTEP) along with other products. In addition, Government provides financial support to various Export Promotion Councils and Trade Bodies under Market Access Initiative Scheme implemented by Department of Commerce for organising and participating in trade fairs, exhibitions, buyer-seller meets etc at national and international levels.
