

PROMOTING INDIGENOUS MANUFACTURING IN TEXTILES

2361. DR. BHOLA SINGH:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES वस्त्र मंत्री
be pleased to state :

- (a) whether the Government is promoting indigenous manufacturing under the Production Linked Incentive (PLI) scheme for textiles;
- (b) the number of beneficiaries under the scheme, categorized by MSMEs and large-scale manufacturers and the funds disbursed so far;
- (c) the steps taken by the Government for ensuring the global competitiveness of India's textile exports amidst rising costs of raw materials;
- (d) whether there are any specific initiatives to boost the production of technical textiles for healthcare and defence; and
- (e) the impact of these initiatives on job creation in rural and semi-urban areas?

उत्तर

ANSWER

वस्त्र राज्य मंत्री (श्री पबित्र मार्घेरिता)

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR TEXTILES
(SHRI PABITRA MARGHERITA)

(a) & (b): The Government is promoting the production of MMF Apparel, MMF Fabrics and Products of Technical Textiles in the country through Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme for Textiles, with an approved outlay of Rs. 10,683 crore, to enable Textile sector to achieve size and scale and to become competitive. Under the scheme, the incentive will be disbursed to the companies on achieving threshold investment and turnover. Out of the 74 applicants selected under the PLI Scheme, 24 are MSMEs.

(c): The Government is implementing various schemes/initiatives to promote Indian textiles. The major schemes/initiatives include PM Mega Integrated Textile Regions and Apparel (PM MITRA) Parks Scheme to create a modern, integrated, world class textile infrastructure; SAMARTH – Scheme for Capacity Building in Textile Sector with the objective providing demand driven, placement oriented, skilling program; Silk Samagra-2 for comprehensive development of sericulture value chain; National Handloom Development Program for end to end support for handloom sector. Ministry of Textiles is also implementing National Handicrafts Development Programme and Comprehensive Handicrafts Cluster Development Scheme for promotion of handicrafts.

Further, The Government is also implementing Rebate of State and Central Taxes and Levies (RoSCTL) scheme for Apparel/Garments and Made-ups in order to enhance competitiveness by adopting principals of zero rated exports. Further, textiles products not covered under the RoSCTL scheme are covered under Remissions of Duties and Taxes on Exported Products (RoDTEP) along with other products. In addition, Government provides financial support to various Export Promotion Councils and Trade Bodies under Market Access Initiative Scheme implemented by Department of Commerce for organising and participating in trade fairs, exhibitions, buyer-seller meets etc. at national and international levels.

Ministry is also supporting Export Promotion Councils/Associations in organizing a Global Mega Textile Event i.e. BHARAT TEX 2025 in February 2025 to showcase the strength of the Indian textiles value chain, highlighting the latest progress/ innovations in textile & fashion industry and positioning India as the most preferred destination for sourcing and investment in textile sector.

(d) & (e): National Technical Textiles Mission (NTTM) primarily focuses on Research and Development, budding startups, manpower skilling and market development of technical textiles with budget outlay of Rs. 1,480 crore for a period from 2020-21 to 2025-26. A number of R&D projects have been sanctioned in healthcare and defence products envisaging boost in production of Technical Textiles after commercialization of these technologies. In addition, PLI Scheme for Textiles also focusses on boosting production of technical textiles including medical/ hygiene and defence textiles.
