## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

## LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2187 TO BE ANSWERED ON 09.12.2024

#### **National Biodiversity Strategy**

# 2187. SHRI PRAVEEN PATEL: SHRI S JAGATHRATCHAKAN:

Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE be pleased to state:

- (a) the highlights and salient objectives of the newly unveiled National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan;
- (b) the details of the Government's plan to engage local communities and stakeholders in the implementation of this strategy to enhance biodiversity conservation efforts;
- (c) whether the updated National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan covers sustainable use of wild species, management of ecosystem services, better access to green spaces for urban residents, fair sharing of biodiversity benefits, and encouraging public support for biodiversity conservation; and
- (d) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

#### ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE (SHRI KIRTI VARDHAN SINGH)

(a) to (d) India updated and submitted its National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan on 31st October 2024 on the Convention on Biological Diversity Portal during the recently concluded CBD COP-16 at Cali, Colombia. The Action Plan is fully aligned with the goals and targets set under the Kunming Montreal Global Diversity Framework (KMGBF), to be implemented in accordance with the national circumstances, priorities and capabilities.

> The plan has been updated through a wider consultative process conducted across the country involving 23 central Ministries, several national and state-level organizations, communities, and other stakeholders following a Whole-of-Government and Whole-of-Society approach. It summarizes the country's efforts towards conservation of biodiversity, highlighting achievements, identifying gaps and threats, and describes strategies and result- oriented action points to achieve the targets. The plan also provides an insight into the current status of biodiversity across the country and trends therein, existing policy and institutional framework, biodiversity expenditure and potentially possible biodiversity finance solutions.

The NBSAP ensures effective stakeholder participation inclusive of women, youth, marginalized, and vulnerable sections of the society, decentralized responsibilities, devolved power and authority, and intergenerational equity in planning and implementation.

India's National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (NBSAP) is aligned with the Kunming Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework, which has 4 goals and 23 targets. Itcomprehensively addresses conservation, sustainable use, and benefit sharingandenvisages protecting terrestrial and marine areas, restoring degraded ecosystems and reducing biodiversity threats through pollution control and invasive species management. Key priorities include species conservation, sustainable utilization of wild species, enhanced management of ecosystem services, improved access to green spaces in urban areas, and the development of wildlife corridors to reduce habitat fragmentation. Additionally, the plan emphasizes active community participation in biodiversity governance to ensure inclusive and sustainable outcomes.

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