

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI
DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1801
ANSWERED ON 05.12.2024

ACHIEVEMENTS MADE UNDER JAL JEEVAN MISSION

1801. SHRI E T MOHAMMED BASHEER:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) the achievements made in the implementation of Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) in providing safe drinking water to all rural households in the country, State-wise; and
- (b) the steps taken/being taken by the Government to ensure sanitation and hygiene in rural areas and the manner in which the Government is combating open defecation?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI
(SHRI V. SOMANNA)

(a) Since August 2019, Government of India in partnership with States is implementing Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) – Har Ghar Jal to make provision of potable water to every rural household of the country, through functional tap water connection i.e. at a service level of 55 litre per capita per day (lpcd), of prescribed quality (BIS:10500), on regular and long-term basis.

At the start of Jal Jeevan Mission in August 2019, only 3.23 Crore (16.8%) rural households were reported to have tap water connections. So far, as reported by States/ UTs as on 02.12.2024, under Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) – Har Ghar Jal more than 12.09 Crore additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections. Thus, as on 02.12.2024, out of 19.35 Crore rural households in the country, more than 15.32 Crore (79.11%) households are reported to have tap water supply in their homes. State/ UT-wise details of tap water connections as on 02.12.2024 are **annexed**.

(b) Swachh Bharat Mission (Grameen) [SBM(G)] was launched on 2nd October, 2014 with the aim to eliminate open defecation in rural areas by 2nd October, 2019. Sanitation over the years became Jan Andolan. Coverage as on 2.10.2014 was 38.7%. This increased to 100% as on 02.10.2019. Over 10 crore Individual household Latrines (IHHLs) constructed under Phase-I of SBM(G) and all the villages of the country declared themselves Open Defecation Free (ODF) by 2nd October, 2019. Having achieved the ODF status, SBM(G) Phase-II is being implemented during the period from 2020-21 to 2024-25 with the aim to sustain ODF status and Solid and Liquid Waste Management (SLWM). Grey Water Management (GWM) is one of the integral components of

Phase-II of SBM(G). Greywater management is done through soak pits, wherever possible, or through other technologies such as Waste Stabilization Ponds, Constructed Wetlands, Decentralised Wastewater Treatment Systems (DEWATS), etc, to ensure that untreated wastewater is not mixed with water bodies. Solid Waste management (GWM) is an important component of SBM(G). As per the SBM-G Phase-II operational guideline, for Solid Waste Management (SWM), States/UTs have been advised to make arrangement for Solid Waste Management i.e.-Bio-degradable and non-biodegradable system for Household and for all public Places (including the primary schools, Panchayat Ghar and Anganwadi canter). SWM system includes Collection, Transportation, Segregation, Storage, and management of SWM.

4,56,201 villages have been covered with Solid Waste Management (SWM) and 510,134 villages have been covered with Liquid Waste Management (LWM) in the Country as on 02-12-2024.

Annex referred to in Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1801 for reply on 05.12.2024

JJM: State/ UT-wise status of tap water connections in rural households as on 02.12.2024

No. in lakh

S. No.	State/ UT	Total rural HHs	Rural HHs with tap water supply as on 15.8.2019		Rural HHs given tap water connections since 15.8.2019		Rural HHs with tap water connection as on date	
			No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
1	A & N Islands	0.62	0.29	46.02	0.33	53.98	0.62	100.00
2	Arunachal Pr.	2.29	0.23	9.97	2.06	90.03	2.29	100.00
3	DNH & DD	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.85	100.00	0.85	100.00
4	Goa	2.64	1.99	75.44	0.65	24.56	2.64	100.00
5	Gujarat	91.18	65.16	71.46	26.02	28.54	91.18	100.00
6	Haryana	30.41	17.66	58.08	12.75	41.92	30.41	100.00
7	Himachal Pr.	17.09	7.63	44.64	9.46	55.36	17.09	100.00
8	Mizoram	1.33	0.09	6.91	1.24	93.09	1.33	100.00
9	Puducherry	1.15	0.94	81.33	0.21	18.67	1.15	100.00
10	Punjab	34.27	16.79	48.98	17.48	51.02	34.27	100.00
11	Telangana	53.98	15.68	29.05	38.30	70.95	53.98	100.00
12	Bihar	166.92	3.16	1.90	157.19	94.17	160.36	96.07
13	Uttarakhand	14.51	1.30	8.98	12.76	87.93	14.06	96.91
14	Ladakh	0.41	0.01	3.48	0.38	92.45	0.39	95.92
15	Nagaland	3.64	0.14	3.82	3.22	88.61	3.36	92.43
16	Lakshadweep	0.13	-	0.00	0.12	91.17	0.12	91.17
17	Sikkim	1.33	0.70	52.96	0.50	37.73	1.20	90.69
18	Maharashtra	146.79	48.44	33.00	79.83	54.38	128.26	87.38
19	Tamil Nadu	125.29	21.76	17.37	88.32	70.49	110.08	87.86
20	Uttar Pr.	266.77	5.16	1.94	225.02	84.35	230.19	86.29
21	Tripura	7.50	0.25	3.26	6.08	81.07	6.33	84.34
22	J & K	19.23	5.75	29.92	9.77	50.78	15.52	80.70
23	Assam	72.00	1.11	1.55	57.43	79.77	58.55	81.31
24	Meghalaya	6.51	0.05	0.70	5.25	80.66	5.30	81.36
25	Manipur	4.52	0.26	5.74	3.34	73.85	3.59	79.58
26	Chhattisgarh	50.04	3.20	6.39	36.63	73.19	39.83	79.58
27	Karnataka	101.29	24.51	24.20	58.21	57.47	82.72	81.67
28	Odisha	88.70	3.11	3.50	64.08	72.25	67.19	75.75
29	Andhra Pr.	95.53	30.74	32.18	39.57	41.42	70.31	73.60
30	Madhya Pr.	111.78	13.53	12.11	60.79	54.38	74.32	66.49
31	Jharkhand	62.54	3.45	5.52	30.70	49.08	34.15	54.60
32	Kerala	70.83	16.64	23.50	21.63	30.55	38.28	54.04
33	Rajasthan	107.31	11.74	10.94	47.00	43.80	58.74	54.74
34	West Bengal	175.25	2.15	1.22	91.85	52.41	94.00	53.64
	Total	19,34.64	3,23.63	16.73	12,09.03	62.49	15,32.67	79.22

Source: JJM-IMIS