# GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

# LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2747 TO BE ANSWERED ON 07.08.2024

#### TRAIN DERAILMENTS AND ACCIDENTS IN THE COUNTRY

### **2747. SHRI SUDHEER GUPTA:**

SHRI DHAIRYASHEEL SAMBHAJIRAO MANE: SHRI SELVAGANAPATHI T.M.:

Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether a number of train derailments and accidents including Chandigarh-Dibrugarh Express, Kanchenjunga Express in Darjeeling, Coromandel Express accident and Gonda train in Uttar Pradesh occurred in the country;
- (b) if so, the number of persons killed/injured in these accidents and the total amount of compensation paid to the families of the victims, accident-wise;
- (c) whether any inquiry has been conducted/ordered into these accidents, if so, the details and the outcome thereof;
- (d) whether the Government has prepared any comprehensive action plan to prevent future derailments and accidents and improve safety measures within the railway network, in view of the recent tragic accident and if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor; and
- (e) the steps taken/to be taken by the Government to check rail accidents in future and ensure the safety and security of the rail passengers?

#### **ANSWER**

## MINISTER OF RAILWAYS, INFORMATION & BROADCASTING AND ELECTRONICS & INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

(SHRI ASHWINI VAISHNAW)

(a) to (e): A Statement is laid on the Table of the House.

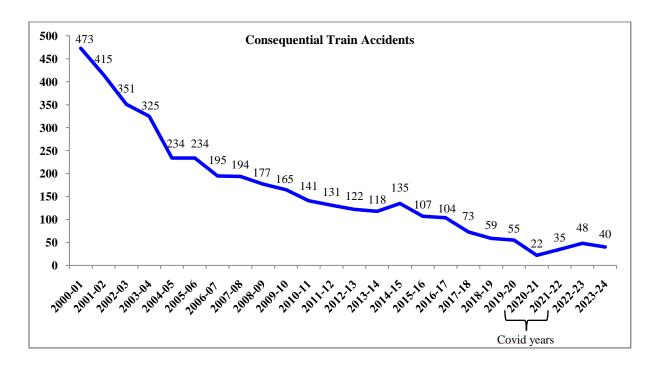
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STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) TO (e) OF UNSTARRED **QUESTION NO 2747 BY SHRI** SUDHEER GUPTA, SHRI DHAIRYASHEEL **SAMBHAJIRAO** MANE AND SHRI SELVAGANAPATHI TO BE ANSWERED IN LOK **SABHA** ON 07.08.2024 REGARDING TRAIN **DERAILMENTS AND ACCIDENTS IN THE COUNTRY** 

(a) to (c): As a consequence of various safety measures taken over the years, there has been a steep decline in the number of consequential train accidents including derailments. The graph below indicates that Consequential Train Accidents have reduced from 473 in 2000-01 to 40 in 2023-24. The figure for 2023-24 includes Coromandal Express Train Accident which took place in June 2023.

It may be noted that the consequential train accidents during the period 2004-14 was 1711 (average 171 per annum), which has declined to 678 during the period 2014-24 (average 68 per annum).

Another important index showing improved safety in train operations is Accidents Per Million Train Kilometer (APMTKM) which has reduced from 0.65 in 2000-01 to 0.03 in 2023-24, indicating an improvement of more than 95% during the said period.



## **Consequential Train Accidents on Indian Railways and casualties therein:**

Period	No. of Consequential Train Accidents	No. of Deaths	No. of Injuries
2004-05 to 2013-14	1711	904	3155
2014-15 to 2023-24	678	748	2087

The Kanchanjunga Express Train Accident and Chandigarh-Dibrugarh Express Train Accident (Gonda Train Accident) took place on 17.06.2024 and 18.07.2024 respectively, wherein 12 passengers lost their lives and 57 sustained injuries.

In the case of Coromandal Express Train Accident, Commissioner of Railway Safety (CRS) has established that the accident took place due to the lapses in the signalling-circuit alteration carried out in the past and execution of the signalling work related to replacement of Electric Lifting Barrier for level crossing gate. CRS Inquiry has been ordered in cases of Kanchanjunga Express Train Accident and Chandigarh-Dibrugarh Express Train Accident (Gonda Train Accident).

As per the decree awarded by Railway Claims Tribunal, an amount of Rs.25.10 Cr has been paid as compensation to the next of kin of deceased/victims for death and injury in Coromondal Express train Accident. Enhanced ex-gratia payment has been made to the next of kin of the deceased victims and the injured, purely on humanitarian grounds as under:-

S.No.	Accident Details	Enhanced Ex-Gratia paid		
		Death	Injured	
1.	Coromandal Exp.	26.9 Cr.	5.79 Cr.	
2.	Kanchanjunga Exp.	1.30 Cr.	40.50 lakh	
3.	Chandigarh-Dibrugarh Train(Gonda	30.50 lakh	24 lakh	
	Train)			

(d) & (e) Safety is accorded the highest priority on Indian Railways. The various safety measures taken to improve safety in train operations are as under:-

1. On Indian Railways, the expenditure on Safety related works has increased over the years as under:

Expenditure on Safety				
	(Rs in Cr.			
	2022-23	2023-	BE 2024-25	
	(Act)	24(Act)		
Maintenance of Permanent Way & Works	18,115	20,322	21,386	
Maintenance of Motive Power and Rolling Stock	27,086	30,864	31,494	
Maintenance of Machines	9,828	10,772	11,864	
Road Safety LCs and ROBs/ RUBs	5,347	6,662	9,980	
Track Renewals	16,326	17,850	17,652	
Bridge Works	1,050	1,907	2,137	
Signal & Telecom Works	2,456	3,751	4,647	
Workshops Incl. PUs and Misc. expenditure on Safety	7,128	9,534	9,634	
Total	87,336	1,01,662	1,08,795	

- 2. Electrical/Electronic Interlocking Systems with centralized operation of points and signals have been provided at 6,589 stations up to 30.06.2024 to eliminate accident due to human failure.
- 3. Interlocking of Level Crossing (LC) Gates has been provided at 11,048 level Crossing Gates up to 30.06.2024 for enhancing safety at LC gates.
- 4. Complete Track Circuiting of stations to enhance safety by verification of track occupancy by electrical means has been provided at 6,609 stations up to 30.06.2024.
- 5. Kavach is a highly technology intensive system, which requires safety certification of highest order. Kavach was adopted as a National ATP system in July 2020. Kavach has so far been deployed on 1465 Route km and 144 locomotives (including Electric Multiple Unit rakes) on South Central Railway. Kavach is provided progressively in phased manner.
- 6. Axle counters for Automatic clearance of Block Section, BPAC (Block Proving Axle Counter) are provided to ensure complete arrival of train without manual intervention before granting line clear to receive next train and to reduce human element. These systems have been provided on 6079 Block Sections upto 30.06.2024.
- 7. A project for provision of Long Term Evolution (LTE) based Mobile

  Train Radio Communication system has been approved for 34,803

  Rkms over Indian Railways.
- 8. The project for provision of Tunnel Communication has been taken up in various zonal Railways.
- 9. Emergency talk-back system and Emergency Alarm Systems have been provided in Vande Bharat Train sets.

- 10. CCTVs have been provided in all Vande Bharat Express coaches. Till date more than 9572 coaches are equipped with CCTV.
- 11. Detailed instructions on issues related with safety of Signalling e.g. mandatory correspondence check, alteration work protocol, preparation of completion drawing, etc. Have been issued.
- 12. System of disconnection and reconnection for S&T equipment as per protocol has been re-emphasized.
- 13. All locomotives are equipped with Vigilance Control Devices (VCD) to improve alertness of Loco Pilots.
- 14. Retro-reflective sigma boards are provided on the mast which is located two OHE masts prior to the signals in electrified territories to alert the crew about the signal ahead when visibility is low due to foggy weather.
- 15. A GPS based Fog Safety Device (FSD) is provided to loco pilots in fog affected areas which enables loco pilots to know the distance of the approaching landmarks like signals, level crossing gates etc.
- 16. Modern track structure consisting of 60kg, 90 Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS) rails, Prestressed Concrete Sleeper (PSC) Normal/Wide base sleepers with elastic fastening, fanshaped layout turnout on PSC sleepers, Steel Channel/H-beam Sleepers on girder bridges is used while carrying out primary track renewals.
- 17. Mechanization of track laying activity through use of track machines like PQRS, TRT, T-28 etc to reduce human errors.
- 18. Maximizing supply of 130m/260m long rail panels for increasing progress of rail renewal and avoiding welding of joints, thereby improving safety.
- 19. Ultrasonic Flaw Detection (USFD) testing of rails to detect flaws and timely removal of defective rails.

- 20. Laying of longer rails, minimizing the use of Alumino Thermic Welding and adoption of better welding technology for rails i.e. Flash Butt Welding.
- 21. Monitoring of track geometry by OMS (Oscillation Monitoring System) and TRC (Track Recording Cars).
- 22. Patrolling of railway tracks to look out for weld/rail fractures.
- 23. The use of Thick Web Switches and Weldable CMS Crossing in turnout renewal works.
- 24. Inspections at regular intervals are carried out to monitor and educate staff for observance of safe practices.
- 25. Web based online monitoring system of track assets viz. Track database and decision support system has been adopted to decide rationalized maintenance requirement and optimize inputs.
- 26. Detailed instructions on issues related with safety of Track e.g. integrated block, corridor block, worksite safety, monsoon precautions etc. Have been issued.
- 27. Preventive maintenance of railway assets (Coaches & Wagons) is undertaken to ensure safe train operations.
- 28. Replacement of conventional ICF design coaches with LHB design coaches is being done.
- 29. All unmanned level crossings (UMLCs) on Broad Gauge (BG) route have been eliminated by January 2019.
- 30. Safety of Railway Bridges is ensured through regular inspection of Bridges. The requirement of repair/rehabilitation of Bridges is taken up based upon the conditions assessed during these inspections.

- 31. Indian Railways has displayed Statutory "Fire Notices" for widespread passenger information in all coaches. Fire posters are provided in every coach so as to educate and alert passengers regarding various Do's and Don'ts to prevent fire. These include messages regarding not carrying any inflammable material, explosives, prohibition of smoking inside the coaches, penalties etc.
- 32. Production Units are providing Fire detection and suppression system in newly manufactured Power Cars and Pantry Cars, Fire and Smoke detection system in newly manufactured coaches. Progressive fitment of the same in existing coaches is also underway by Zonal Railways in a phased manner.
- 33. Regular counselling and training of staff is undertaken.
- 34. Concept of Rolling Block introduced in Indian Railways (Open Lines)
  General Rules vide Gazette notification dated 30.11.2023, wherein
  work of integrated maintenance/ repair/ replacement of assets is
  planned up to 52 weeks in advance on rolling basis and executed as
  per plan.

The details of the Safety related works undertaken by Railways are tabulated below:

SN	Item	2004-05 to 2013-14	2014-15 to 2023-24	2014-24 vs 2004- 14
	Track Maintenance			
1.	Expenditure on Track Renewal (Rs. in Cr.)	47,018	1,09,659	2.33 times
2.	Rail Renewal Primary (Track Km)	32,260	43,335	1.34 times
3.	Use of high-quality rails (60 Kg) (Km)	57,450	1,23,717	2.15 times
4.	Longer Rail Panels (260m) (Km)	9,917	68,233	6.88 times
5.	USFD (Ultra Sonic Flaw detection) Testing of Rails (Track km)	20,19,630	26,52,291	1.31 times

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6.	USFD (Ultra Sonic Flaw detection) Testing of Welds (Nos.)	79,43,940	1,73,06,046	<b>2.17 times</b>
7.	New Track KM added (Track km)	14,985	31,180	2.08 times
8.	Weld failures (Nos.)	In 2013-14:	In 2023-24:	87%
	,	3699	481	reduction
9.	Rail fractures (Nos.)	In 2013-14:	In 2023-24:	85%
	, ,	2548	383	reduction
10	Thick Web Switches (Nos.)	Nil	21,127	
11	Track Machines (Nos.)	As on	As on	122%
		31.03.14 =	31.03.24 =	increase
		748	1,661	
	<b>Level Crossing Gate Elimination</b>			
1.	Elimination of Unmanned Level	As on	As on	100%
	Crossing Gates (Nos.)	31.03.14:	31.03.24:	reduction
		8948	Nil	
			(AII	
			eliminated	
			by 31.01.19)	
2.	Elimination of Manned Level Crossing	1,137	7,075	6.21
	Gates (Nos.)			Times
3.	Road over Bridges (RoBs)/ Road under	4,148	11,945	2.88
	Bridges (RUBs) (Nos.)			Times
4.	Expenditure on LC Elimination	5,726	36,699	6.40
				Times
	Bridge Rehabilitation	1		
1.	Expenditure on Bridge Rehabilitation	3,919	8,008	2 Times
	(Rs. in Cr.)			
	Signalling Works			
1.	Electronic Interlocking (Stations)	837	2,964	3.52 times
2.	Automatic Block Signaling (Km)	1,486	2,497	1.67 times
3.	Fog Pass Safety Devices (Nos.)	As on	As on	219 times
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	Rolling Stock		19,742	
	Rolling Stock			
1.	Rolling Stock  Manufacture of LHB Coaches (Nos.)	2,337		15.80
1.			19,742	15.80 times
1.			19,742	
	Manufacture of LHB Coaches (Nos.)	2,337	19,742 36,933	

3.	Provision of Fire Detection and Suppression System in Pantry and Power Cars (Nos. of Coaches)	0	2,991	
4.	Provision of Fire Extinguishers in Non  -AC coaches (Nos. of Coaches)	0	66,840	
	Budget allocation			
1	Gross Budgetary Support for Railway Investment (Rs. in Cr.)	1,56,739	8,25,967	5.3 times

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