GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2387 ANSWERED ON 06/08/2024

RURAL ROADS IN UTTAR PRADESH

2387 MRS RUCHI VIRA:

Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENTbe pleased to state:

- (a) the district-wise details of the works undertaken in Uttar Pradesh particularly in Moradabadand Bijnor districts under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme(MGNREGS) during the last three years;
- (b) whether the Government is aware that the roads in the rural areas of Uttar Pradesh are stillnot in proper condition which is causing accidents every day; and
- (c) if so, the details thereof and the plan of the Government to improve the condition of internalroads in rural areas?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI KAMLESH PASWAN)

- (a): District-wise number of work completed in the State of Uttar Pradesh under the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme(Mahatma Gandhi NREGS), including Moradabad and Bijnor districts during the last three Financial Year 2021-20, 2022-23 and 2023-24 are given at Annexure.
- (b)&(c): As per Schedule I of Mahatma Gandhi NREGA Section 4 (3), Para 4 (1) Category: D: Rural Infrastructure (ii) Providing all-weather rural road connectivity to unconnected villages & Border area and to connect identified rural production centres to the existing pucca road network; and construction of pucca internal

roads or streets including side drains and culverts within a village are permissible activities

Pradhan Mantri Gram SadakYojana (PMGSY) is a one-time special intervention of Government of India to provide rural connectivity, by way of a single all-weather road, to the eligible unconnected habitations in the core network. It was launched in the year 2000 as a measure towards alleviation of poverty in rural areas by providing access to basic services to the rural population by providing them good quality roads. Subsequently, new intervention/verticals namely PMGSY-II, Road Connectivity Project for Left Wing Extremism Areas (RCPLWEA) and PMGSY-III were added under the ambit of PMGSY for upgradation of rural roads and construction of strategically important roads in LWE Areas.

Since inception till 01.08.2024, a total of 21,124 roads of 77,414 km have been sanctioned and 20,447 roads measuring 73,481 km have been constructed in the State of Uttar Pradesh under various interventions/verticals of PMGSY.

All PMGSY road works are covered by initial five-year (Defect Liability Period (DLP)) maintenance contracts to be entered into along with the construction contract, with the same contractor, as per the Standard Bidding Document of PMGSY. Maintenance funds to service the contract are required to be budgeted by the State Governments and placed at the disposal of the State Rural Roads Development Agencies (SRRDAs) in a separate maintenance account. On expiry of this 5 year post construction maintenance (post DLP period), PMGSY roads are required to be placed under Zonal maintenance contracts consisting of 5 year maintenance including renewal as per cycle, from time to time.

For Information Technology (IT) based monitoring of maintenance of PMGSY roads in the Defect Liability Period (DLP) and post DLP phase, Electronic Maintenance of Rural Roads (eMARG) has been introduced. Payment to the contractor is to be made through eMARG which is based on the existing condition of road, its cross drainage works and traffic assets.

In order to bring the execution of PMGSY works to the desired quality standard, a three tier quality management mechanism has been institutionalized under PMGSY. Based on the periodic monitoring of quality of roads under the 3-tier mechanism, corrective measures, wherever necessary, are taken by the State Governments.

During the last three years, total 1,988 National Quality Monitor (NQM) inspections have been carried out in the State of Uttar Pradesh. Further, National Rural Infrastructure Development Agency (NRIDA) has issued advisory on 07.02.2017 to the States on Road Safety advising them to constitute an in-house separate cell with the existing technical staff to monitor the road safety issues during planning, construction and operation of PMGSY projects.

Further, PMGSY-III guidelines also specify that safety aspects have to be an integral part of road design during the preparation of Detailed Project Reports (DPRs). It is mandated to undertake design stage road safety audit of all PMGSY-III roads, which are more than 5 km in length. NRIDA has issued detailed guidelines in this regard on 06.10.2020. So far, Design Stage Road Safety Audit has been conducted for 3,899 roads sanctioned under PMGSY-III.

NRIDA has also circulated a list of 830 certified Road Safety Auditors who have completed two-week course on road safety audit conducted by Government recognized institutes such as Indian Academy of Highway Engineers (IAHE), Central Road Research Institute (CRRI), Asian Institute of Transport Development (AITD) etc. The States have been advised to use these Road Safety Auditors for conducting Road Safety Audits of PMGSY roads.

The Central Government and the States, including the State of Uttar Pradesh, are jointly taking the above initiatives for road maintenance and safety.

Annexure

Annexure referred in reply to part (a) of LokSabhaUnstarred Question No. 2387 dated 06.08.2024

District-wise number of work completed in the State of Uttar Pradesh under Mahatma Gandhi NREGS, including Moradabad and Bijnor districts during the last three Financial Years 2021-22, 2022-23 and 2023-24.

SI.		Number of works completed			
No.	District	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	
1	AGRA	5629	12253	724	
2	ALIGARH	7321	16855	939	
3	AMBEDKAR NAGAR	9062	27845	1173	
4	AMETHI	30492	17000	1774	
5	AMROHA	9906	17462	973	
6	AURAIYA	3468	7052	647	
7	AYODHYA	16448	14604	1367	
8	AZAMGARH	23406	35063	3241	
9	BAGHPAT	236	200	5	
10	BAHRAICH	41724	42597	3551	
11	BALLIA	12759	29292	2480	
12	BALRAMPUR	7506	20439	1548	
13	BANDA	18427	22513	1950	
14	BARABANKI	24688	19518	2163	
15	BAREILLY	12585	16496	1239	
16	BASTI	27510	29966	2460	
17	BIJNOR	16242	12533	1359	
18	BUDAUN	5755	11019	730	
19	BULANDSHAHR	2589	2922	320	
20	CHANDAULI	6381	15748	1277	
21	CHITRAKOOT	9266	12154	70 ⁻	
22	DEORIA	8144	18073	130	
23	ETAH	6274	7381	123	
24	ETAWAH	7595	10731	89	
25	FARRUKHABAD	6913	9030	900	
26	FATEHPUR	20556	22328	176	
27	FIROZABAD	6828			
28	GAUTAM BUDDHA NAGAR	37	98		
29	GHAZIABAD	0	0		
30	GHAZIPUR	19922	29706	1873	
31	GONDA	25329	15923		
32	GORAKHPUR	20436	26311	1017	

33 HAMIRPUR	9886	10207	8532
34 HAPUR	447	531	766
35 HARDOI	19620	28705	22531
36 HATHRAS	3506	3169	2931
37 JALAUN	11651	16324	13306
38 JAUNPUR	35310	55307	27156
39 JHANSI	14743	11637	7645
40KANNAUJ	12505	6074	12506
41 KANPUR DEHAT	6112	12717	9140
42 KANPUR NAGAR	5244	6387	6401
43 KASHGANJ	6774	5410	4364
44 KAUSHAMBI	15403	10051	10198
45 KHERI	46348	46390	33106
46 KUSHI NAGAR	19757	22106	16129
47 LALITPUR	3839	20147	16058
48 LUCKNOW	9084	5334	5132
49 MAHARAJGANJ	15878	21198	19895
50 МАНОВА	5168	6521	6558
51 MAINPURI	12585	17004	13961
52 MATHURA	6055	14241	3224
53 MAU	15395	17388	15254
54 MEERUT	2595	1385	1545
55 MIRZAPUR	21120	24185	14435
56 MORADABAD	10088	11381	6359
57 MUZAFFARNAGAR	5182	3635	2240
58 PILIBHIT	21732	12118	12373
59 PRATAPGARH	17669	51136	36346
60 PRAYAGRAJ	38112	45368	34989
61 RAE BARELI	31136	23946	25294
62 RAMPUR	6556	9200	9798
63 SAHARANPUR	6573	10629	5142
64SAMBHAL	4886	11265	7741
65 SANT KABEER NAGAR	11648	43950	21131
66 SANT RAVIDAS NAGAR	9531	13231	8146
67 SHAHJAHANPUR	15869	12075	28792
68 SHAMLI	1407	2500	840
69 SHRAVASTI	8064	5521	9570
70 SIDDHARTH NAGAR	15061	25337	13246
71 SITAPUR	64724	39519	33258
72 SONBHADRA	18039	21911	22292
73 SULTANPUR	41208	25609	19124
74 UNNAO	25471	9042	14016
75 VARANASI	8402	15232	13677
Total			

1,073,817 1,290,035 1,020,578
