GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO–1673 ANSWERED ON 01/08/2024

TAP WATER CONNECTIONS UNDER JJM

1673. SHRI TARIQ ANWAR:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

(a) the details of yearly targets and actual achievements made for providing potable tap water to every rural household in the country under the Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM);

(b) the number of households that have received tap connections and not receiving the daily quota of 55 litres of water per person per day under the JJM;

(c) the number of households with tap connections but are currently not receiving any water under the JJM;

(d) the details of the findings of the independent assessment conducted by the Ministry regarding the State's claims; and

(e) whether it is true that many certified villages lack tap water connections in their major households and if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI (SHRI V. SOMANNA)

(a) Since August 2019, Government of India, in partnership with States, is implementing Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) – Har Ghar Jal to make provision of tap water supply to every rural household.

Since launch of JJM, additional 11.79 Crore rural households have been provided tap connections. Thus, as on 28.07.2024, out of 19.32 crore rural households in the country, provision of tap water supply has been made to 15.03 Crore (77.79%) households. The yearwise details of tap connections provided, are as under:

Fin.Year	No. of tap connections provided under JJM
	(in Lakhs)
2019-20	82.62
2020-21	322.62
2021-22	201.34
2022-23	232.75
2023-24	299.25
2024-25 (As on 30.7.2024)	40.56
Total	1179.14

(b) and (c) Under JJM, the quantity of drinking water in a tap connection is 55 liters per capita per day (LPCD) or more. This department maintains the data of rural households having tap connections receiving only 55 lpcd or more.

(d) Under JJM, this department regularly conducts 'Functionality Assessment of tap connections' through an independent 3rd party agency. Under the assessment exercise, the functionality of tap connection is assessed on three parameters i.e. quantity (55 lpcd or more), quality and regularity i.e. water supply for all 12 months in a year or on daily basis. The intersection of these parameters of adequate quantity (>55 LPCD of water), full regularity and quality (potability) are taken to define the functionality of the HH tap water connection. As per findings of the last such assessment conducted in 2022, nationally, a total of 3.01 Lakhs households (HHs) from 13,303 villages across the country were randomly covered. Out of these HHs, tap connections were found working in 86% HHs out of which, 85% HHs were being supplied with drinking water in adequate quantity, 87% of HHs were supplied water of prescribed quality and 80% HHs were found receiving full regular water supply. The assessment finds that 62 percent of the HHs receive fully functional tap water connections within the premises. Report of the assessment is available in public domain and can be accessed at:

https://jaljeevanmission.gov.in/sites/default/files/2022-10/national_report_of_functionality_assessment_2022.pdf

(e) As per Operational Guidelines of JJM, after making provision of tap connections to all rural households in a village, the Department implementing the scheme provides completion certificate to Gram Panchayat and marks the village as 'Har Ghar Jal' village on JJM-IMIS. Subsequently, Gram Sabha while reading out aloud the work completion report in its meeting, formally passes resolution certifying itself as 'Har Ghar Jal' village. The copy of certificate provided by implementing department, resolution passed by Gram Sabha, and a small video capturing the Gram Sabha is reflected on JJM Dashboard and village is marked certified in JJM-IMIS. As such, certification is carried out only at village level and only after providing tap connections to all households in the village.
