

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI
DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 878
TO BE ANSWERED ON 21/07/2022

WATER CONNECTIONS TO EVERY HOUSEHOLD BY 2024

878. SHRI BENNY BEHANAN:
SHRI MOHAMMED FAIZAL P.P.:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government is on track to meet its promise of providing water connections to every household by 2024;
- (b) if so, the details of progress made as on date and if not, the reasons therefor;
- (c) whether a revised target and/or deadline has been set and if so, the details thereof;
- (d) the percentage of rural and urban households with tap water connections so far, State-wise; and
- (e) the percentage of rural households with piped water connections, State-wise?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI
(SHRI PRAHLAD SINGH PATEL)

(a) & (b) Since August 2019, Government of India, in partnership with States, is implementing Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) to make provision of tap water supply to every rural household of the country by 2024.

At the time of announcement of Jal Jeevan Mission, out of 18.93 Crore rural households, 3.23 Crore (17%) households were reported to have tap water connections. So far, 6.57 Crore (34.32%) rural households have been provided with tap water connections in last 35 months. Thus, as of date, out of 19.15 Crore rural households in the country, around 9.81 Crore (51.22%) households are reported to have tap water supply in their homes.

(c) Drinking Water being a State subject, it is States, who plan, design, approve and implement drinking water supply schemes. Government of India supplements the efforts of the States by providing technical and financial assistance. The year-wise timelines finalized by States/ UTs for making provision of tap water supply to every rural household is as under:

Year	State/ UT
2020	Goa
2021	Telangana, Puducherry, A & N Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu
2022	Bihar, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Haryana, Uttarakhand, Ladakh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Punjab and Jammu & Kashmir
2023	Arunachal Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, Tamil Nadu and Tripura,
2024	Assam, Andhra Pradesh, Jharkhand, Maharashtra, Odisha, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal

In Goa, Telangana, Haryana, Puducherry, A & N Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu, provision for tap water supply to all rural households has been made.

(d) & (e) State-wise details of rural households with tap water connections is at **Annex-I**.

As informed by Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, AMRUT was launched on 25 June, 2015 in selected 500 cities across all States /Union Territories (UTs) with focus on providing infrastructure in the sectors of water supply, sewerage and septage management, storm water drainage, non-motorized urban transport, and green spaces and parks. So far, out of target of providing 139 lakh tap connections to achieve universal water supply coverage in the selected cities, 130 lakh (91.5%) household water tap connections have been provided under AMRUT and in convergence with other schemes. State-wise details of household tap connections provided under AMRUT and in convergence with other schemes is given at **Annex – II**.

Further, Government of India has launched AMRUT 2.0 on 01 October, 2021 for the period of 05 years (FY 2021-22 to 2025-26), with the objective of providing universal coverage of water supply through functional household tap connections in all statutory towns in the country.

Annex-I referred in the reply to Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 878 due for reply on 21.07.2022

State/ UT-wise status of tap water connections in rural households
(as on 18.07.2022)

(Number in lakhs)

S. No.	State/ UT	Total rural HHs as on date	Rural HHs with tap water supply	
			No.	In%
1.	A & N Islands	0.62	0.62	100.00
2.	Andhra Pradesh	95.69	57.38	59.97
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	2.20	1.48	67.18
4.	Assam	63.35	24.44	38.58
5.	Bihar	1,72.21	159.77	92.78
6.	Chhattisgarh	50.06	12.45	24.86
7.	DNH and D&D	0.85	0.85	100.00
8.	Goa	2.63	2.63	100.00
9.	Gujarat	91.77	88.57	96.51
10.	Haryana	30.97	30.97	100.00
11.	Himachal Pradesh	17.28	16.25	94.04
12.	J&K	18.35	10.62	57.86
13.	Jharkhand	61.22	13.16	21.49
14.	Karnataka	1,01.18	52.65	52.03
15.	Kerala	70.69	29.61	41.89
16.	Ladakh	0.43	0.20	46.07
17.	Madhya Pradesh	1,22.09	51.13	41.88
18.	Maharashtra	1,44.92	102.52	70.74
19.	Manipur	4.52	3.26	72.17
20.	Meghalaya	5.90	2.41	40.87
21.	Mizoram	1.34	0.86	63.96
22.	Nagaland	3.77	1.71	45.39
23.	Odisha	88.57	43.83	49.48
24.	Puducherry	1.15	1.15	100.00
25.	Punjab	34.40	34.31	99.75
26.	Rajasthan	1,05.69	27.30	25.83
27.	Sikkim	1.32	0.90	68.43
28.	Tamil Nadu	1,21.41	58.90	48.51
29.	Telangana	53.87	53.87	100.00
30.	Tripura	7.42	3.89	52.39
31.	Uttar Pradesh	2,64.28	39.23	14.84
32.	Uttarakhand	14.94	9.56	63.99
33.	West Bengal	1,60.02	44.38	27.73
	Total	19,15.10	9,80.85	51.22

Source: JJM – IMIS

HH: Household

Annex-II referred in the reply to Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 878 due for reply on 21.07.2022

State/ UT-wise information on percentage households connected with tap water connections in 500 AMRUT cities

S. No	State/UT	Household tap water connections provided under AMRUT and convergence	% Households covered with tap water connections with Census 2011 population as base
1.	A&N Islands	7,198	90.00%
2.	Andhra Pradesh	3,98,479	69.35%
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	750	91.30%
4.	Assam	64,775	86.57%
5.	Bihar	6,00,827	80.99%
6.	Chandigarh	1,76,434	100%
7.	Chhattisgarh	2,81,529	86.86%
8.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	21,571	100%
9.	Daman & Diu	7,000	94.04%
10.	Delhi	7,53,791	100%
11.	Goa	150	96.88%
12.	Gujarat	5,77,503	100%
13.	Haryana	3,46,100	100%
14.	Himachal Pradesh	22,563	100%
15.	J & K	170	65.58% (combined for erstwhile state of J&K)
16.	Ladakh	1,620	
17.	Jharkhand	2,75,423	85.05%
18.	Karnataka	8,22,924	80.67%
19.	Kerala	2,48,450	88.32%
20.	Lakshadweep	-	0.00%
21.	Madhya Pradesh	13,73,404	100%
22.	Maharashtra	10,05,359	88.68%
23.	Manipur	28,947	87.99%
24.	Meghalaya	190	77.50%
25.	Mizoram	56,535	100%
26.	Nagaland	4,265	39.08%
27.	Odisha	4,92,723	100%
28.	Puducherry	1,050	95.69%
29.	Punjab	2,41,947	82.22%
30.	Rajasthan	6,86,704	100%
31.	Sikkim	3,907	91.44%
32.	Tamil Nadu	15,30,208	97.57%
33.	Telangana	5,48,525	82.98%
34.	Tripura	43,137	100%
35.	Uttar Pradesh	8,42,593	79.38%
36.	Uttarakhand	76,338	95.10%
37.	West Bengal	15,43,835	82.02%
Total		1,30,03,603	89.38%