

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP**

LOK SABHA

**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2509
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01.08.2022**

SKILL DEVELOPMENT OF BPL IN CHHATTISGARH

2509. SHRI CHUNNI LAL SAHU:

Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has made any scheme for Skill Development for the youth of Chhattisgarh State, especially the youth who fall below the poverty line category;
- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) the number of training programmes organized so far under this scheme during the last three years and the number of trainees/youth who have been trained in the state and the details thereof;
- (d) the number of youth especially those below poverty line who have got employment after training in the state of Chhattisgarh; and
- (e) the amount of funds allocated under this scheme and the details thereof?

ANSWER

**MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF
SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP
(SHRI RAJEEV CHANDRASEKHAR)**

(a) Yes Sir. Under Skill India Mission, the Government of India is implementing more than 40 programmes through more than 20 Central Ministries/Department for skill development for youths including youth living below poverty line in Chhattisgarh State.

(b) The details of various schemes being implemented by the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE) are as follows:

S. No.	Schemes	Brief
1	Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana(PMKVY)	Under the scheme, skill training is provided to youth belonging to all sections of the society including BPL category, in various sectors as per the need of the market demand.
2	Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSS)	Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSSs) are imparting skill training to nonliterate, neo-literates, persons with rudimentary level of education upto 8th and school dropouts upto 12th standard in the age group of 15-45 years in rural areas and urban slums. The priority groups are women, SC, ST, minorities and other backward sections of the society. Total BPL trained beneficiaries from FY 2019-20 to FY 2021-22 are 40,266.
3	National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme(NAPS)	This Scheme is for promoting apprenticeship training and increasing the engagement of apprentices by providing financial support to industrial establishments undertaking apprenticeship program under The Apprentices Act, 1961.
4	Craftsmen Training Scheme through Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs)	This scheme is for providing long-term training through Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs) operational across the country. The ITIs offer a range of vocational/skill training courses covering a large number of economic sectors with an objective of providing skilled workforce to the industry as well as self-employment of youth.

(c) The number of trainees/youth who have been trained in the Chhattisgarh State under MSDE's schemes viz. PMKVY, JSS, NAPS and CTS through ITIs during the last three years are as given below:

Name of Scheme	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
PMKVY	46548	16151	9495
JSS	13483	10480	18151
NAPS	5629	1644	2647
CTS	21831	19228	22319

(d) Under PMKVY (PMKVY 2.0 & PMKVY 3.0), 1.40 candidates have been trained/ oriented in the state of Chhattisgarh, including candidates from below poverty line. As under PMKVY, placement opportunities are being provided to STT certified candidates, while RPL is not linked with placements; a total of 26,589 candidates have been placed in the state of Chhattisgarh, including candidates from below poverty line.

JSS: The objective of training imparted under JSS is to link the individuals for gainful livelihood and supplement their family income through self-employment and wage employment. The providing of employment/placement to the beneficiaries is not the mandate of the JSS Scheme. As far as the employment of the JSS scheme beneficiaries is concerned, third party evaluation report of the scheme has mentioned, "It is finally observed that as an impact of the training programme conducted at JSSs, the self and wage employment and private job have become evident". The usefulness of the scheme would be further self-evident from the fact that same report has mentioned that 77.05% of the beneficiary trainees have undergone occupational shifts.

CTS: The final report of Tracer Study of ITI Graduates (published in January 2018 by the Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship, GoI) mentions that 63.5% of total ITI pass-outs got employed (wage+ self, out of which 6.7% are self-employed).

NAPS: Placements are not tracked in NAPS.

(e) The amount of fund allocated to Chhattisgarh under these schemes is given below:

Amount (Rs. in crore)

Scheme Name	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
PMKVY	26.34	7.58	4.60
JSS	3.42	3.60	5.10
