### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT

# LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 237 ANSWERED ON 19/07/2022

#### POVERTY ALLEVIATION SCHEMES

### 237. SHRI PALLAB LOCHAN DAS:

Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) the total outlay of the Government on poverty alleviation schemes; and
- (b) whether the Government has made any definitive time-bound target to end absolute poverty in the country and if so, the details thereof?

#### **ANSWER**

### MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SADHVI NIRANJAN JYOTI)

(a) and (b): Multi-pronged strategies are being taken by the Ministry of Rural Development to address rural poverty and improve the economic well-being of the people in rural areas with emphasis on increasing livelihood opportunities, empowering rural women, providing social safety net, skilling of rural youth, infrastructure development etc. through its programmes viz.Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), Deendayal AntyodayaYojana—National Rural Livelihoods Mission(DAY-NRLM),Deen Dayal Upadhyay Gramin KaushalyaYojana (DDU-GKY),Pradhan MantriAwaasYojana — Gramin (PMAY-G),Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY),Shyama Prasad Mukherjee National RurBAN Mission (SPMRM) and National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP). Various schemes of Ministry of Rural Development which are being implemented with a focus on alleviating poverty are as given below:

### i. Pradhan MantriAwaasYojana – Gramin (PMAY-G)

In order to achieve the target of "Housing for All" in rural areas, the Ministry of Rural Development is implementing Pradhan MantriAwaasYojana- Gramin (PMAY-G) with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2016 to provide assistance to eligible rural households with overall target to construct 2.95 crore pucca houses with basic amenities by March, 2024. The PMAY-G aims to provide assistance to eligible rural households identification and selection of those households is based on the housing deprivation parameters and inclusion/exclusion criteria prescribed under Socio Economic Caste Census (SECC), 2011 and new survey Awaas+ 2018 conducted to identify eligible households left out of SECC 2011. Under PMAY-G, a total target 2.70 crore has been allocated to States/UTs, 2.43 crore houses have been sanctioned to beneficiaries by States/UTs and 1.87 crore houses have completed under PMAY-G as on 11.7.2022. An amount of Rs.1,74,219.48 crore had been released as Central share to States/UTs under PMAY-G.

### ii. DeendayalAntyodayaYojana - National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM)

DeendayalAntyodayaYojana - DAY-NRLM intends to reach out to about 10 crore rural poor households and organize one woman member from each rural household into women SHGs by the end of year 2023, and further federate the SHGs at village and higher levels. The scheme aims at providing them with long-term support such that they diversify their

livelihoods, improve their incomes and quality of life. As of June, 2022, a total of 6840 blocks were covered under intensive block strategy. More than 8.37 crore households have been mobilized into 76.94 lakh SHGs. The SHGs have been federated into 4.47 lakh Village Organizations (VOs), which are in turn federated into 27,723 Cluster Level Federations (CLFs).

### iii. Pradhan Mantri Gram SadakYojana (PMGSY)

The Government of India, as a part of the poverty reduction strategy, launched the Pradhan Mantri Gram SadakYojana (PMGSY-I) on 25th December, 2000 as a Centrally Sponsored Scheme to assist the states, through "Rural Roads".

Since inception till 13<sup>th</sup> July, 2022, 1,84,056 roads of 7,93,567 km and 10,082 bridges have been sanctioned with value of projects of Rs. 3,50,306 crore under all the interventions/ verticals of PMGSY, against which 1,70,839 roads of 7,12,250 km and 7,209 bridges have been constructed at an expenditure of Rs. 2,79,337 crore (including state share).

PMGSY roads address the issues of poverty, hunger and infrastructure for growth. The roads increase access to market and livelihood opportunities, health and education facilities. Connectivity created by PMGSY roadshas been able to bring about socio- economic change in the life of the poor, thereby reducing the gap as compared to other sections of the society.

## iv. Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (Mahatma GandhiNREGS)

MGNREGS is a demand driven wage employment programme which provide for the enhancement of livelihood security of the households in rural areas of the country by providing at least one hundred days of guaranteed wage employment in every financial year to every household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled manualwork. It provides livelihood security, i.e. fall back options for livelihood for the rural households, when no better employment opportunity is available. Year-wise details of fund released under Mahatma Gandhi NREGA since inception is at **Annexure I**.

### v. Shyama Prasad MukherjiRurban Mission (SPMRM)

Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission (SPMRM) was launched on 21st February 2016 with a view to organize rural areas in selected clusters which are socially, economically and physically sustainable regions by providing economic, social and infrastructure amenities, which in turn leads to sustainable and balanced regional development in the country. 300 Rurban clusters with thematic economic growth points have been approved to be developed across the country under this innovative Mission in a stipulated time period. The total outlay of the scheme is Rs. 5142.08 crore.

The SPMRM is especially designed for holistic development of clusters and to ensure an optimum level of development. Based on the need of the clusters, different activities are being taken for holistic development of clusters from the above mentioned components with a major focus on income generating activities. SPMRM thus, tackles poverty in a systematic manner, providing sustainable and long lasting solutions.

# vi. **DeenDayalUpadhyayaGrameenKaushalyaYojana(DDU-GKY) and RuralSelfEmployment Training Institutes (RSETIs)**

There are two skill development programmes for rural poor youth under DAY-NRLM, namely,Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana(DDU-GKY) and Rura lSelf Employment Training Institutes (RSETIs).Both these schemes are aimed at increasing employability of rural poor youth either for wage or self-employment. During current FY 2022-23 (as on 22.6.2022), 30291 and 83831 candidates have been trained under DDU-GKY and RSETIs respectively.

### vii. SaansadAdarsh Gram Yojana(SAGY)

Under the SaansadAdarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY) framework, integrated and holistic development of Gram Panchayats is envisaged through convergence and implementation of existing Government schemes and programmes under the administrative control of respective Ministries without allocating additional funds.

The above mentioned schemes of MoRD are being implemented by the States/UTs in consultation with the Ministry with a view to ameliorate absolute poverty in the country. The Budgetallocation for implementation of major Rural Development Programmes invarious States/UTs during the last two years and current year is given at **Annexure II**.

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**Annexure-I** referred to part (a) and (b) of Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No.237for reply on 19.7.2022

# Year-wise details of fund released under Mahatma Gandhi NREGA since inception is as under:

S. No.	Year	Fund released (Rs. in crore)		
1	2006-07	8,694.25		
2	2007-08	12,661.22		
3	2008-09	30,000.19		
4	2009-10	33,539.38		
5	2010-11	35,841.49		
6	2011-12	29,215.05		
7	2012-13	30,274.69		
8	2013-14	32,994.12		
9	2014-15	32,977.43		
10	2015-16	37,340.72		
11	2016-17	48,219.05		
12	2017-18	55,166.06		
13	2018-19	61,829.5 <i>5</i>		
14	2019-20	71,687.71		
15	2020-21	1,11,170.86		
16	2021-22	98,467.85		
17	2022-23	31,740.43		
	(as on 13.07.2022)			

**Annexure-II** referred to part (a) and (b) of Lok Sabha Unstarred Q. No.237for reply on 19.7.2022

The Budget allocation for implementation of major Rural Development Programmes in various States/UTs during the last two years and current year is given as under:

(Rs. in Crore)

	Central SponsoredSchemes	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23 BE
1	Mahatma GandhiNational			
	Rural	111500.00	99117.53	73000.00
	Employment GuaranteeScheme			
2	National Rural LivelihoodMission- Aajeevika	9210.04	10813.89	13336.42
3	Pradhan MantriAwaasYojana- Grameen	19500.00	30057.15	20000.00
4	Pradhan Mantri GramSadakYojana	13706.23	14000.01	19000.00
5	National Social AssistanceProgramme	42617.22	8730.00	9652.31
6	Shyama PrasadMukherjee RURBANMission	372.33	153.69	550.00