

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1564
TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 26TH JULY, 2022

STUDY FOR FARMERS' INCOME

1564. SHRI NAMA NAGESWARA RAO:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्री be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government is conducting annual study to calculate income and expenditure of farmers across the country;
- (b) if so, the details thereof for the last five years, State/UT-wise;
- (c) if not, the measures taken / proposed to be taken to conduct scientific study to ascertain whether the income of farmers is doubling or not?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्री (SHRI NARENDRA SINGH TOMAR)

(a) to (c): National Statistical Office (NSO) conducts Situation Assessment Survey (SAS) of Agricultural Households in the rural areas of the country to estimate income and expenditure of farmers across the country. NSO conducted 77th round of survey on "Land and Livestock Holdings of Households and Situation Assessment of Agricultural Households" during the period 1st January 2019 to 31st December 2019 with reference to the agricultural year July 2018- June 2019. Similar survey was conducted by NSO during NSS 70th round (January 2013- December 2013) with reference to the agricultural year July 2012- June 2013. As per the latest available result of the SAS 77th round, the State-wise / UT-wise details of average income per agricultural household is at **Annexure-I**.

Government had also constituted an Inter-Ministerial Committee in April, 2016 to examine issues relating to "Doubling of Farmers Income (DFI)" and recommend strategies to achieve the same. The Committee submitted its final report to the Government in September, 2018 containing the strategy for doubling of farmers' income through various policies, reforms & programmes. Government has adopted several developmental programmes, schemes, reforms and policies for achieving higher incomes for the farmers. There have been several reforms to tap the potential for income enhancement which have been able to augment income of farmers directly or indirectly. These include:

- (i) Formation and promotion of 10,000 FPOs along with necessary financial support under Atma Nirbhar Package (Agriculture),
- (ii) Special attention for creation of infrastructure through Agri Infrastructure Fund (AIF) with a size of Rs. 100,000 crore,
- (iii) Supplementary income transfers under PM-KISAN,
- (iv) Crop insurance under Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojna (PMFBY),
- (iv) Better access to irrigation under Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojana (PMKSY),
- (vi) Increase in Minimum Support Price (MSPs) for all Kharif & Rabi crops ensuring a minimum of 50 percent of profit margin on the cost of production,
- (vii) New procurement policy under PM-AASHA in addition to FCI operations,
- (viii) Kisan Credit Cards (KCC) offering production loan to even dairy & fishery farmers besides agricultural crops,
- (ix) National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture (NMSA), which aims to evolve and implement strategies to make Indian agriculture more resilient to the changing climate.
- (x) Focus on application of digital technology at all stages of agricultural value chain.
- (xi) Adoption of drone technologies in agriculture which has a potential to revolutionize the Indian agriculture.
- (xii) Benefits accruing under Bee-Keeping, Rashtriya Gokul Mission, Blue Revolution, Interest Subvention Scheme, agro-forestry, restructured bamboo mission, implementation of new generation watershed guidelines, etc.

Annexure referred in reply to part (a) to (c) of Lok Sabha Unstarred Q. No. 1564 due for answer on 26/7/2022

The details of State-wise / UT-wise Average monthly income per agricultural household during the agricultural year July 2018 June 2019

State/ Group of UTs	Average monthly income per agricultural household (₹)
Andhra Pradesh	10,480
Arunachal Pradesh	19,225
Assam	10,675
Bihar	7,542
Chhattisgarh	9,677
Gujarat	12,631
Haryana	22,841
Himachal Pradesh	12,153
Jammu & Kashmir	18,918
Jharkhand	4,895
Karnataka	13,441
Kerala	17,915
Madhya Pradesh	8,339
Maharashtra	11,492
Manipur	11,227
Meghalaya	29,348
Mizoram	17,964
Nagaland	9,877
Odisha	5,112
Punjab	26,701
Rajasthan	12,520
Sikkim	12,447
Tamil Nadu	11,924
Telangana	9,403
Tripura	9,918
Uttarakhand	13,552
Uttar Pradesh	8,061
West Bengal	6,762
Group of N E States	16,863
Group of UTs	18,511
All India	10,218

Note: Considering paid out expenses

Based on the common households of visit-1 and visit-2

Source: NSS Report No. 587: Situation Assessment of Agricultural Households and Land and Livestock Holding of Households in Rural India, 2019

Income includes income from wages, income from leasing out of land, net receipt from crop production, net receipt from farming of animals and net receipt from non-farm business