## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF TRIBAL AFFAIRS LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO- 1191 TO BE ANSWERED ON- 25/07/2022

## TRIBAL POPULATION IN UTTAR PRADESH

1191. SHRI RAJBAHADUR SINGH:

DR. RAMAPATI RAM TRIPATHI: SHRI BRIJBHUSHAN SHARAN SINGH: SHRI PRATAP CHANDRA SARANGI: SHRI P.P. CHAUDHARY:

Will the Minister of TRIBAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government has latest district-wise data of tribal population living in Uttar Pradesh updated post the 2011-census;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the details of the Tribal migrated from rural to urban areas, state wise details and the steps taken by Government under Vocal for Local to retain the tribal culture;

(d) whether the Government has data indicating the total budgetary expenditure of the last three years under Special Central Assistance to Tribal Assistance to Tribal Sub-Scheme for Uttar Pradesh;

(e) if so, the district wise details thereof;

(f) whether the Government has taken any steps towards imparting skills amongst the tribal population leveraging their cultural heritage; and

(g) if so, the details highlighting the annual income of skilled tribal population?

## ANSWER

## MINISTER OF STATE FOR TRIBAL AFFAIRS (SMT. RENUKA SINGH SARUTA)

(a) to (b): Data of tribal population is available from decennial censuses conducted by Office of the Registrar General and Census Commissioner, India (RGI). As informed by RGI, Census 2021 has been postponed due to the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic. However, district wise Scheduled Tribes population of Uttar Pradesh as per Census, 2011, is given at Annexure.

(c): Information on State-wise 'details of the Tribal migrated from rural to urban areas' is not available with this Ministry. However, as per survey on Employment & Unemployment and Migration Particulars conducted by the National Statistical Office (NSO), Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation during NSS  $64^{th}$  round (2007 – 08), estimated percentage of Scheduled Tribes migration in urban areas from rural area is 67.1 percent.

Ministry of Tribal Affairs has been implementing the scheme of "Institutional Support for Development and Marketing of Tribal Products/Produce" (now merged under Pradhan Mantri Janjatiya Vikas Mission) through Tribal Co-Operative Marketing Development Federation of India (TRIFED). Under the scheme, efforts are made to support marketing and development of tribal products including promotion of Vocal for Local including training and skill up- gradation regarding creation of supply chain etc. Details of steps taken in this regard are given below:

TRIFED provides marketing platform for tribal products through its network of 119 outlets and also organizes Tribal Artisan Mela (TAM) at District/Tehsil level to reach tribals located in interior tribal areas and source tribal art and craft directly. National Tribal Festival 'Aadi Mahotsav'–Festival of Craft, Culture, Cuisine and Commerce is organized to display and sale of tribal art and craft, tribal medicine & healers and tribal cuisine, tribal craft demonstrations and tribal folk performance.TRIFED has also established its own E-commerce portal www.tribesindia.com and is also present on all major e-commerce portals like Amazon, Snapdeal, Flipkart, Paytm, and Gem for promotion and marketing of tribal products.

National Scheduled Tribes Finance and Development Corporation (NSTFDC) is an apex organization set up on 10.04.2001, exclusively for economic development of Scheduled Tribes. The Corporation continues to function as a catalytic agent for promoting economic development activities of STs by providing financial assistance at concessional rates of interest under its schemes.

(d) to (e): Funds released under the scheme 'Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub-Scheme' to the State of Uttar Pradesh is given below. Details of district wise provision of fund by the State Government, are not centrally maintained.

	(Rs. in lakh)
Year	Fund Released
2019-20	779.91
2020-21	508.83
2021-22*	0.00

\*Scheme revamped as PMAAGY (Pradhan Mantri Adi Adrash Gram Yojna).

(f) to (g): "Van Dhan Vikas Karyakaram" is a development of value chain component of the Scheme "Mechanism for Marketing of Minor Forest Produce (MFP) through Minimum Support Price (MSP) and Development of Value Chain for MFPs" under Pradhan Mantri Janjatiya Vikas Mission. It emphasizes the enterprise route for generating additional income to the village level primary SHG units known as Van Dhan Self Help Groups (VDSHGs). Each VDSHG comprises of upto 20 forest dwellers to undertake the gathering, processing and value addition of Minor Forest Produces. 15 such VDSHGs are subsumed into each Van Dhan Vikas Kendra (VDVK) of upto 300 members to reap the advantages of economies of scale in training, aggregation of raw material, branding, packaging and marketing operations envisaged to create an inherent strength in the VDVK organisation in the area. The scheme allows VDVK members to undertake other activities like agriculture, floriculture, medicinal plants etc. for ensuring round the year livelihood. Since the launch of Van Dhan Vikas Karyakaram /Van Dhan Yojana, TRIFED has sanctioned 3225 VDVKs associated with 9.63 Lakhs beneficiaries in 25 states and 3 Union Territories. Under Tech for Tribals Initiative, TRIFED has initiated entrepreneurship training programs to Van Dhan beneficiaries, funds for which have been provided by the Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises(MSME) under their ESDP scheme.

Also, TRIFED imparts skill up-gradation training from time to time to tribal beneficiaries associated with TRIFED for supply of tribal products which include Comprehensive Training Programme (CTP), Design Workshop Training (DWT) and Design & Technology up-gradation cum Production Workshop (DTPW).

Further, under Skill India Mission, Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship is implementing its flagship scheme 'Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY)' for Skill based training of the youth across the country including Tribal candidates under Short Term Training (STT) courses and Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL).

Presently, the third phase of PMKVY i.e. PMKVY 3.0 is being implemented. PMKVY 3.0 is a demand driven scheme with bottom-up approach with District level plan being the fundamental level of implementation. Under PMKVY 3.0, District Skill Committees have been entrusted with the task of identifying local demand, based on which training is arranged in the district. Further, for incentivizing the youth of ST category, there is also a provision of monthly travel allowance and post placement support, Career progression support etc under the PMKVY scheme. The details of the ST candidates trained under the PMKVY scheme is given below:

UP/PAN India	ST candidates Trained
PAN India	6,49,310
Uttar Pradesh	18,575
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(as on 30.06.2022)

Annexure referred to in reply to part (a) to (b) of the Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1191 for 25.07.2022 by SHRI RAJBAHADUR SINGH, DR. RAMAPATI RAM TRIPATHI, SHRI BRIJBHUSHAN SHARAN SINGH, SHRI PRATAP CHANDRA SARANGI, SHRI P.P. CHAUDHARY regarding "Tribal Population in Uttar Pradesh"

Sl. No.	District Name	ST Population
1	Sonbhadra	385018
2	Ballia	110114
3	Deoria	109894
4	Kushinagar	80269
5	Lalitpur	71610
6	Kheri	53375
7	Chandauli	41725
8	Ghazipur	28712
9	Varanasi	28617
10	Balrampur	24887
11	Mau	22915
12	Mirzapur	20132
13	Gorakhpur	18172
14	Mahrajganj	16435
15	Siddharthnagar	12021
16	Bahraich	11159
17	Azamgarh	9327
18	Allahabad	7955
19	Lucknow	7506
20	Agra	7255
21	Shrawasti	5534
22	Jaunpur	4736
23	Ghaziabad	3968
24	Jhansi	3873
25	Kanpur Nagar	3753
26	Basti	3620
27	Meerut	3390
28	Bareilly	3227
29	Bijnor	3058
30	Unnao	2926
31	Firozabad	2565
32	Gautam Buddha Nagar	2215
33	Sant Ravidas Nagar (Bhadohi)	
34	Rae Bareli	1756

District wise population of Scheduled Tribes (STs) in Uttar Pradesh

l. No.	District Name	ST Population
35	Pilibhit	1714
36	Sitapur	1602
37	Sant Kabir Nagar	1593
38	Mathura	1520
39	Saharanpur	980
40	Faizabad	931
41	Gonda	870
42	Jalaun	832
43	Kanpur Dehat	801
44	Ambedkar Nagar	746
45	Pratapgarh	723
46	Sultanpur	696
47	Moradabad	685
48	Mahoba	647
49	Aligarh	629
50	Bara Banki	610
51	Shahjahanpur	508
52	Mainpuri	478
53	Hamirpur	474
54	Chitrakoot	366
55	Rampur	358
56	Hardoi	349
57	Fatehpur	340
58	Muzaffarnagar	317
59	Mahamaya Nagar	268
60	Farrukhabad	230
61	Bulandshahr	198
62	Kaushambi	193
63	Etawah	169
64	Jyotiba Phule Nagar	164
65	Banda	163
66	Auraiya	150
67	Kanshiram Nagar	150
68	Etah	140
69	Budaun	58
70	Kannauj	15
71	Baghpat	14

Source: Census 2011, Office of the Registrar General and Census Commissioner (RGI)

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