

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1092
TO BE ANSWERED ON 22nd JULY, 2022**

HEALTH PROJECTS IN JHARKHAND

1092. SHRI CHANDRA PRAKASH CHOUDHARY:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of major health projects and special programmes rolled out and being implemented by the Government in Jharkhand;
- (b) the cost of major health projects along with the time by which they are likely to be completed and the benefits likely to be accrued to the people there from; and
- (c) whether any zones have been earmarked in the State which require specific programmes for the eradication of chronic local diseases and if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY
WELFARE
(DR. BHARATI PRAVIN PAWAR)**

(a) to (c): Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India under the National Health Mission (NHM), provides financial and technical support to States/UTs to strengthen their health care systems including setting-up/upgrading public health facilities and augmenting health human resource on contractual basis for provision of equitable, affordable healthcare to all its citizens based on requirements posed by the States in their Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs). The list of programmes/ schemes run by government under National Health Mission in States/UTs including Jharkhand is at **Annexure-I**.

The following funds are sanctioned to the State of Jharkhand for implementing and Strengthening of Public health programmes/ schemes run by the government under National Health Mission.

- **Under the National Health Mission**, for the FY 2021-22- Rs 1827.88 Cr, FY 22-23- Rs. 2737.53 Cr and FY 23-24- Rs 2316.52 Cr has been approved in ROP by the GOI for Public health programs like Reproductive, Maternal, Neonatal, Child and Adolescent health, Communicable diseases, Non-communicable diseases and Health System Strengthening.
- **Under the Fifteenth Finance Commission**, health grants of Rs 444.39 Cr for FY 2021-22 and Rs 446.33 Cr for FY 2022-23 has been approved for upgrading the health facilities in both rural and urban areas like Building less Sub-Centres, Block Public

Health Units, Urban Health & Wellness Centres and diagnostic infrastructure for Primary Health Centres & Sub-centres.

- **Under the Pradhan Mantri Ayushman Bharat Health Infrastructure Mission**, health grant of Rs. 298.08 Crores for FY 2021-22 has been approved to support infrastructure of health facilities like Building-less Sub Health Centres and Critical Care Hospital Blocks.
- **Under Emergency COVID Response Package II**, health grant of Rs. 653.94 Crore has been approved to support Health infrastructure with focus on Paediatric Units, drugs, diagnostics, Teleconsultation, Hospital Management Information system, Capacity Building and enhancement of Human resources for Health.

The benefits likely to be accrued to the people from major health projects are as follows:

- Affordable, equitable and quality healthcare at primary, secondary & tertiary level.
- Reduced Out of Pocket expenditure.
- Universal Health Coverage.

As per information received from Govt. of Jharkhand, no specific zone has been earmarked which requires specific programme for eradication of chronic local disease.

Government of India launched Kala-azar Elimination (KAE) programme in four endemic States including Jharkhand. Kala-azar is targeted for elimination by 2023. Target of elimination is to reduce the number of Kala-azar cases to <1 case per 10,000 population at block level. At the end of 2021 out of 33 Kala-azar endemic blocks, only six blocks reported >1 case per 10,000 population, however, in 2022 till June, none of the blocks has reported >1 case per 10,000 population. List of endemic districts and blocks is given in **Annexure-II**.

Government of India launched Elimination of Lymphatic Filariasis (ELF) programme in 20 States/UTs including Jharkhand. Lymphatic Filariasis is targeted for elimination by 2030. In Jharkhand, 22 districts of are earmarked for LF elimination. List of endemic districts is given in **Annexure-III**.

During 2022-23 and 2023-24, an amount of Rs. 71.05/- Crore has been allocated under NHM for all six vector borne diseases (including KA and LF). Under this programme, all the services are free of cost for the targeted communities to prevent morbidity and mortality due to the disease. Elimination of KA is targeted for elimination by 2023 and LF is targeted for elimination by 2030.

List of programmes/ schemes run by government under National Health Mission in States/UTs including Jharkhand

(I) Reproductive, Maternal, Neonatal, Child and Adolescent health

- Janani Shishu Suraksha Karyakaram (JSSK)
- Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram(RKSK)
- Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakram (RBSK)
- Universal Immunisation Programme
- Mission Indradhanush (MI)
- Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY)
- Pradhan Mantri Surakshit Matritva Abhiyan (PMSMA)
- Navjaat Shishu Suraksha Karyakram (NSSK)
- National Programme for Family planning
- LaQshya' programme (Labour Room Quality Improvement Initiative)

(II) National Nutritional Programmes

- National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Programme
- MAA (Mothers' Absolute Affection) Programme for Infant and Young Child Feeding
- National Programme for Prevention and Control of Fluorosis (NPPCF)
- National Iron Plus Initiative for Anaemia Control

(III) Communicable diseases

- Integrated Disease Surveillance Programme (IDSP)
- Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme (RNTCP)
- National Leprosy Eradication Programme (NLEP)
- National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (NVBDCP)
- National AIDS Control Programme (NACP)
- Pulse Polio Programme
- National Viral Hepatitis Control Program (NVHCP)
- National Rabies Control Programme
- National Programme on Containment of Anti-Microbial Resistance (AMR)

(IV) Non-communicable diseases

- National Tobacco Control Programme(NTCP)
- National Programme for Prevention and Control of Cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases & Stroke (NPCDCS)
- National Programme for Control Treatment of Occupational Diseases
- National Programme for Prevention and Control of Deafness (NPPCD)
- National Mental Health Programme
- National Programme for Control of Blindness & Visual Impairment (NPCB&VI)

- Pradhan Mantri National Dialysis Programme (PMNDP)
- National Programme for the Health Care for the Elderly (NPHCE)
- National Programme for Prevention & Management of Burn Injuries (NPPMBI)
- National Oral Health programme

(V) **National Urban Health Mission**

(VI) **Health System Strengthening**

- Comprehensive Primary Healthcare (CPHC)
- Blood Services & Disorders
- Public Health Institutions as per IPHS norms
- Referral Transport
- Quality Assurance
- Inventory management
- Human resource for health
- IT interventions and systems

(VII) Besides these mentioned above, various **National level programs & schemes** to strengthen the activities in rural health sector like:

- Ayushman Bharat Pradhan Mantri- Jan Arogya Yojana (AB-PMJAY)
- Pradhan Mantri Ayushman Bharat Health Infrastructure Mission (PM-AB-HIM)
- 15th Finance Commission and
- Emergency Response and Health System Preparedness Package (ECRP)

Annexure-II

Kala Azar endemic districts and blocks in Jharkhand

Sl. No.	District	Blocks
1	Sahibganj	Sahibganj, Borio, Mandro, Barhait, Pathna, Barharwa , Rajmahal, Udhwa, Taljhari
2	Godda	Godda, Poraiyahat, Pathargama, Meharna, Mahagama, Boarijore, Sundarpahari, Thakurgangti
3	Pakur	Maheshpur, Pakuria, Pakur, Hiranpur*, Littipara*, Amrapara*
4	Dumka	Dumka*, Jama*, Shikaripara, Raneshwar, Masalia, Kathikund*, Gopikandar, Ramgarh, Jarmundi, Saraiahath

**blocks reported >1 case per 10,000 population at the end of 2021*

Annexure-III

Lymphatic Filariasis endemic districts (22) in Jharkhand

Bokaro, Deoghar, Dhanbad, East Singhbhum, Garhwa, Giridih, Gumla, Hazaribagh, Khunti, Lohardaga, Ramgarh, Ranchi, Sehebganj and West Singhbhum, Chatra, Dumka, Godda, Jamtara, Latehar, Palamu, Saraikela, Simdega
