GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO. *116 TO BE ANSWERED ON 25.07.2022

SKILL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING PROGRAMMES

*116. DR. ALOK KUMAR SUMAN:

Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has implemented various Skill Development schemes/programmes for providing a range of Skill Development training on pan India basis;
- (b) if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) the details of the number of people who have benefitted from these schemes/programmes during the last two years on pan India basis; and
- (d) the number of people who have secured jobs on pan India basis after obtaining the training?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP (SHRI DHARMENDRA PRADHAN)

(a) to (d) A Statement is laid on the table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (A) TO (D) OF LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. *116 TO BE ANSWERED ON 25.07.2022 ASKED BY DR. ALOK KUMAR SUMAN REGARDING 'SKILL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING PROGRAMMES'.

- (a) Yes Sir. Under Skill India Mission, the Government of India is implementing more than 40 programmes through more than 20 Central Ministries/Department for skill development for youths on pan India basis.
- (b) The Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE) is delivering skill-training through a comprehensive network of skill development centres under various schemes viz. Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY), National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS), Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSS) and Craftsmen Training Scheme (CTS) through Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs) for the youth in urban and rural areas across the country. Brief of these schemes is as under:

Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY): The Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE) is implementing its flagship, demand-driven, Centrally Sponsored Scheme, PMKVY, for imparting short duration skill development training through Short-Term Training (STT) and Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) to youth across all States/ Union Territories (UTs).

Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSS) Scheme: The Jan Sikshan Sansthan (JSS) initiative is a step in the direction of realizing the unique demographic potential of urban slums and rural India. The programs are based on the polyvalent or multi-dimensional approach. The main target of the JSS is to impart vocational skills to the non-literates, neo-literates and the person having rudimentary level of education of 8th standard and school dropouts upto 12th standard in the age group of 15-45 years, with due relaxation in case of "Divyangjan" and other deserving cases. Priority is given to Women, SC, ST, OBC and Minorities. More than 50% beneficiaries of this scheme hail from rural areas.

National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS): This Scheme is for promoting apprenticeship training and increasing the engagement of apprentices by providing financial support to industrial establishments undertaking apprenticeship programme under the Apprentices Act, 1961. Training consists of Basic Training and On-the-Job Training / Practical Training at workplace in the industry.

Craftsmen Training Scheme (CTS) through Industrial Training Institutes (ITI): This scheme is for providing long-term training through Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs) across the country. The ITIs offer a range of vocational/skill training courses covering a large number of economic sectors with an objective to provide skilled workforce to the industry as well as self employment of youth.

The Ministry is also imparting various long and short term skill training through National Skill Training Institutes (NSTIs) and National Skill Training Institutes for Women [NSTI (W)s].

Apart from MSDE, following major skilling schemes of the other Ministries are imparting various types of skill training to the youth in a big way:

 Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen KaushalyaYojna (DDU-GKY) of Ministry of Rural Development which is a placement linked skill development program for wage employment.

- Skill development through Rural Self Employment Training Institutes (RSETIs) of Ministry of Rural Development enabling a trainee to take Bank credit and start his/her own Microenterprise. Some of such trainees may also seek regular salaried jobs.
- Deen Dayal Antyodaya Yojna National Urban Livelihood Mission (DAY-NULM) by Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (MoHUA) is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme to reduce poverty and vulnerability of urban poor households on a sustainable basis. Under the Employment through Skill Training and Placement (EST&P) component, skill training is provided to the urban poor candidates in market-oriented certified courses to place them in wage employment and/ or self-employment opportunities.

Further, Department of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (DA&FW) is also implementing the following schemes for rural youth/ farmers:

- Skill Training of Rural Youth (STRY) for 7 days under Sub Mission on Agricultural Extension (SMAE) - The short term skill training of 7 days (15 trainees per batch) is imparted to rural youth and farmers on specific vocational areas in agriculture and allied areas through Governmental training institutes including Krishi Vigyan Kendras and State Agricultural Universities.
- Skill training under National Skill Development Mission (NSDM) (minimum 200 Hours) The major areas of skill trainings include mushroom production, bee-keeping, micro irrigation, maintenance and repair of farm equipments, nursery management, organic grower, vermi-compost production, animal husbandry, dairying, poultry, fishery, etc.
- (c) The details of number of people who have been trained during last two years under the schemes implemented by MSDE is as under:

PMKVY: Number of candidates trained under PMKVY during the last two years:

Financial Year	2020-21	2021-22
Number of Candidates skill trained	6,29,611	3,76,978

JSS: Number of candidates trained under JSS during the last two years:

Financial Year	2020-21	2021-22
Number of Candidates skill trained	3,59,796	4,61,996

NAPS: Number of candidates trained under NAPS during the last two years:

Financial Year	2020-21	2021-22
Number of Candidates skill trained	2,97,368	5,80,051

CTS: Number of candidates enrolled under ITI under CTS during the last two years:

Financial Year	2020	2021
Number of Candidates enrolled	12,18,036	12,21,826

The details of number of people who have been trained during last two years viz. 2020-21 and 2021-22 under the schemes implemented by Ministry of Rural Development is as under:

DDU-GKY: Number of candidates trained under DDU-GKY during the last two years:

Financial Year	2020-21	2021-22
Number of Candidates skill trained	38,289	97,006

RSETI: Number of candidates trained under RSETI during the last two years:

Financial Year	2020-21	2021-22
Number of Candidates skill trained	2,55,141	3,14,114

The details of number of people who have been trained during last two years viz. 2020-21 and 2021-22 under the schemes implemented by Department of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (DA&FW) is as under:

STRY: Number of candidates trained under STRY during the last two years:

Financial Year	2020-21	2021-22
Number of Candidates skill trained	6,414	10,456

Skill training (minimum 200 Hours) under Rashtriya Kaushal Vikas Yojana (RKVY): Number of candidates trained under RKVY during the last two years:

Financial Year	2020-21	2021-22
Number of Candidates skill trained	3,741	840

(d) The details of number of people who have been placed during last two years viz. 2020-21 and 2021-22 under the schemes implemented by MSDE is as under:

PMKVY: Number of candidates placed under PMKVY during the last two years:

Financial Year	2020-21	2021-22
Number of Candidates placed	2,16,102	1,64,162

JSS: The objective of training imparted under JSS is to link the individuals for gainful livelihood and supplement their family income through self-employment and wage employment. The providing of employment/placement to the beneficiaries is not the mandate of the JSS Scheme. As far as the employment of the JSS scheme beneficiaries is concerned, third party evaluation report of the scheme has mentioned, "It is finally observed that as an impact of the training programme conducted at JSSs, the self and wage employment and private job have become evident". The usefulness of the scheme would be further self-evident from the fact that same report has mentioned that 77.05% of the beneficiary trainees of the JSS Scheme have undergone occupational shifts.

CTS:Under this Scheme, employement/ placement details are not being traced, however, as per the report of Tracer Study of ITI Graduates (published in January 2018 by the Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship, Gol), 63.5% of total ITI pass-outs got employed (wage+ self, out of which 6.7% are self-employed).

NAPS:Placements are not tracked in NAPS.

The details of number of people who have been placed during last two years viz. 2020-21 and 2021-22 under the schemes implemented by Ministry of Rural Development is as under:

DDU-GKY: Number of candidates placed under DDU-GKY during the last two years:

Financial Year	2020-21	2021-22
Number of Candidates placed	49,563	45,612

RSETI: Number of candidates placed under RSETI during the last two years:

Financial Year	2020-21	2021-22
Number of Candidates placed	1,85,234	2,56,429

The details of number of skill trained candidates who have been placed during last two years viz. 2020-21 and 2021-22 under DAY-NULM is as under:

Financial Year	2020-21	2021-22
Number of Candidates placed	38,753	45,845
