

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF FINANCE  
DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS**

LOK SABHA  
UNSTARRED QUESTION No. 2937  
TO BE ANSWERED ON: Monday, March 21, 2022/Phalguna 30, 1943 (Saka)

**Projects under NIP**

**QUESTION**

**2937. MS. LOCKET CHATTERJEE:**  
**SHRI NAMA NAGESWARA RAO:**

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the details of infrastructure projects in the country which have been included in the National Infrastructure Pipeline (NIP) announced by the Government, State-wise including Telangana;

(b) the details of estimated expenditure of these projects, sector-wise and year-wise;

(c) the component of investment to be made by the State Government and Private Sector, if any, in these projects; and

(d) the manner in which the Government is planning to give benefits to the rural regions of the country under NIP as the majority of the population of India resides in villages?

**ANSWER**

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE  
(SHRI PANKAJ CHAUDHARY)**

(a) to (b): NIP is a first-of-its-kind, whole-of-government exercise to provide world-class infrastructure across the country & improve the quality of life for all citizens. To draw up the NIP, a bottom-up approach was adopted wherein all infrastructure projects of central, state and private sector projects were sought to be captured. NIP was launched with 6,835 projects which have been expanded to 9,335 projects (as on 14.03.2022). The list is dynamic and gets updated periodically. State-wise total capital outlay for FY 2020-25 is as below:

S.No.	State / UT	No. of Projects	Total Capital Outlay (Rs in Cr)
1	Maharashtra	677	769,488
2	Andhra Pradesh	582	804,482
3	Tamil Nadu	509	844,167
4	Uttar Pradesh	735	525,981
5	Madhya Pradesh	830	347,054
6	Karnataka	459	395,831
7	Telangana	217	290,939
8	West Bengal	876	365,354
9	Gujarat	444	286,910
10	Rajasthan	479	154,059
11	Bihar	246	167,671
12	Odisha	265	132,122

S.No.	State / UT	No. of Projects	Total Capital Outlay (Rs in Cr)
13	Kerala	215	206,827
14	Delhi	116	156,788
15	Jharkhand	263	132,651
16	Jammu and Kashmir	105	111,345
17	Haryana	157	81,642
18	Punjab	236	102,434
19	Assam	219	104,829
20	Arunachal Pradesh	87	49,236
21	Chhattisgarh	135	92,126
22	Uttarakhand	152	60,494
23	Mizoram	169	77,911
24	Himachal Pradesh	96	44,311
25	Sikkim	132	38,556
26	Chandigarh	86	43,792
27	Manipur	77	28,151
28	Andaman & Nicobar	101	16,838
29	Nagaland	69	25,249
30	Goa	41	14,125
31	Meghalaya	49	18,738
32	Tripura	40	13,225
33	Ladakh	9	10,058
34	Puducherry	22	6,048
35	Lakshadweep	4	1,348
36	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	12	998
37	Daman & Diu	6	529
38	Multiple States projects	418	4,235,717
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>9,335</b>	<b>10,758,022</b>

Infrastructure sectors such as roads (23%), energy (21%), water & sanitation (15%) and railways (12%) amount to around 71% of the projected infrastructure investments under NIP. The NIP Total Capital Outlay sector and year-wise is available on [NIP/IIG Dashboard Link](#)

(c) While launching NIP, it was envisaged that around 18-20% of NIP will be financed through the Centre's budget & about 24-26% is will be financed through state's budget. Remaining funding was expected to come from various sources such as bond markets, banks and NBFCs; private developers, multilateral agencies, internal accruals, PSUs, DFIs and asset monetisation.

(d) Government intends to develop rural infrastructure under NIP to provide basic amenities such as civic services, housing etc. to improve their quality of life. Further, NIP also covers agro-based industries which help in poverty alleviation, better access to markets & job opportunities in rural regions. Government has initiated schemes such as Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Gramin) to provide housing in the rural areas, Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak to develop and improve the quality of rural roads and Jal Jeevan Mission (Rural) to provide tap water to all rural households.