

ORIGINAL IN HINDI

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD & PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.674
TO BE ANSWERED ON 1ST DECEMBER, 2021**

NEW RATION CARD OF ONORC

**†674. SHRI MALOOK NAGAR:
SHRI GOPAL CHINNAYA SHETTY:
SHRIMATI SUMALATHA AMBAREESH:
SHRI D.K.SURESH:
SHRI NALIN KUMAR KATEEL:**

Will the Minister of CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION उपभोक्ता मामले, खाद्य और सार्वजनिक वितरण मंत्री be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Central Government has directed the State Governments to issue ration card to the eligible beneficiaries on new standard format as a part of 'One Nation One Ration One Card' scheme;**
- (b) if so, the details thereof, the criteria for getting the benefit of the scheme and present status of implementation of scheme, State-wise;**
- (c) whether beneficiaries of the said scheme can avail the facility of procuring ration from any fair price shop in the country under the National Food Security Act(NFSA);**
- (d) if so, the details thereof; and**
- (e) the details total number of eligible ration card holders/beneficiaries received the benefits of ONORC scheme till date?**

**A N S W E R
MINISTER OF STATE FOR MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND
CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD & PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION
(SADHVI NIRANJAN JYOTI)**

(a) & (b): As part of the Targeted Public Distribution System (TPDS) reforms, States/UTs have been advised that whenever they plan to issue new ration cards under the National Food Security Act (NFSA), they may conform to a standard set of data fields in the ration cards in bi-lingual format with an intent to gradually standardize the ration cards across the country. However, as such there is no immediate requirement to issue new ration cards under NFSA for the purpose of ration card portability under the One Nation One Ration Card (ONORC) plan. To take the benefit of ration card portability under ONORC plan, any Aadhaar seeded NFSA beneficiary may lift the entitled foodgrains for self or on behalf of the complete household from any Fair Price Shop (FPS) in the country by using their same/existing ration card with biometric authentication on an electronic Point of Sale (ePoS) device. So far, the ONORC plan is enabled in 34 States/UTs covering about 75 Crore beneficiaries (94.3% NFSA population) in the country. State/UT wise status of implementation is at Annexure-I.

(c) & (d): Under the technology driven ONORC plan NFSA beneficiaries are empowered to lift their entitled foodgrains from any FPS of their choice in the country by using their same/existing ration cards with biometric authentication on an ePoS device at any of the FPS.

(e): Since inception of ONORC plan in August 2019 to November 2021, a cumulative total of about 49.6 Crore portable transactions have been recorded in the ONORC implemented States/UTs so far. However, as any member of an eligible ration card may lift the monthly entitled foodgrains on behalf of some or all members of the family in a single transaction, the actual cumulative number of ration card holders/beneficiaries having benefited from ONORC facility would be much higher than the total cumulative number of portability transactions recorded till date.

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (a)&(b) OF THE UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.674 FOR ANSWER ON 01.12.2021 IN THE LOK SABHA.

State/UT wise implementation status of One Nation One Ration Card (ONORC) plan so far:

Sl.	State/UT	Implementation Status	Implemented From
1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	Implemented	Dec-20
2	Andhra Pradesh	Implemented	Aug-19
3	Arunachal Pradesh	Implemented	Oct-20
4	Assam	-	
5	Bihar	Implemented	May-20
6	Chandigarh	Implemented	Nov-20
7	Chhattisgarh	-	
8	Dadra & NH and Daman & Diu	Implemented	May-20
9	Delhi	Implemented	Jul-21
10	Goa	Implemented	Jan-20
11	Gujarat	Implemented	Aug-19
12	Haryana	Implemented	Oct-19
13	Himachal Pradesh	Implemented	May-20
14	Jammu & Kashmir	Implemented	Aug-20
15	Jharkhand	Implemented	Jan-20
16	Karnataka	Implemented	Oct-19
17	Kerala	Implemented	Oct-19
18	Ladakh	Implemented	Sep-20
19	Lakshadweep	Implemented	Sep-20
20	Madhya Pradesh	Implemented	Jan-20
21	Maharashtra	Implemented	Aug-19
22	Manipur	Implemented	Aug-20
23	Meghalaya	Implemented	Dec-20
24	Mizoram	Implemented	Jun-20
25	Nagaland	Implemented	Aug-20
26	Odisha	Implemented	Jun-20
27	Puducherry	Implemented	Nov-20
28	Punjab	Implemented	May-20
29	Rajasthan	Implemented	Oct-19
30	Sikkim	Implemented	Jun-20
31	Tamil Nadu	Implemented	Oct-20
32	Telangana	Implemented	Aug-19
33	Tripura	Implemented	Jan-20
34	Uttar Pradesh	Implemented	Aug-20
35	Uttarakhand	Implemented	May-20
36	West Bengal	Implemented	Aug-21
	Total	34	