

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI
DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 3177
TO BE ANSWERED ON 16/12/2021

ACCESS TO POTABLE WATER

3177. SHRI THIRUMAAVALAVAN THOL:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has the data, State-wise, pertaining to the number of persons having access to potable water in the country during the past five years;
- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether the Government has any target and plan to provide potable water to 100% of the population; and
- (d) if so, the details of the target and plan fixed in this regard?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI
(SHRI PRAHLAD SINGH PATEL)

(a) & (b) As reported by States/ UTs, as on 13.12.2021, out of 17.01 lakh rural habitations in the country, 13.46 lakh (79.11%) having 79.44% population have provision of potable drinking water with supply level of more than 40 litre per capita per day (lpcd) and 3.18 lakh (18.72%) rural habitations having 18.80% population with supply level of less than 40 lpcd with sources at a reasonable distance and 0.37 lakh (2.17%) rural habitations having 1.76% population are reported to have water quality issues in drinking water sources. State/ UT-wise details are **annexed**.

(c) & (d) Since August, 2019, to make provision of potable tap water supply to every rural household of the country by 2024, Government of India in partnership with States is implementing Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM). At the time of announcement of Jal Jeevan Mission, out of 18.93 Crore rural households, 3.23 Crore (17%) households were reported to have tap water connections. In last 27 months, 5.43 Crore (28.2%) rural households have been provided with tap water connections. Thus, as of date, out of 19.22 Crore rural households in the country, 8.66 Crore (45%) households are reported to have tap water supply in their homes.

Annex

Annex referred in the reply to Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 3177 due for reply on 16.12.2021

State-wise details of rural habitations with provision of potable water supply
(as on 13.12.2021)

S. No.	State/ UT	Total number of rural habitations	Number of habitations with provision of 40 lpcd or more of potable water	Number of habitations with provision of less than 40 lpcd of potable water	Number of habitations having water sources with quality issues
1.	A & N Islands	266	229	37	0
2.	Andhra Pradesh	48,488	35,316	13,073	99
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	7,866	3,401	4,241	224
4.	Assam	87,935	44,861	28,728	14,346
5.	Bihar	1,08,161	1,06,962	737	462
6.	Chhattisgarh	74,982	73,218	1,580	184
7.	Goa	378	378	0	0
8.	Gujarat	35,996	35,996	0	0
9.	Haryana	7,407	7,273	134	0
10.	Himachal Pradesh	55,166	39,685	15,481	0
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	16,171	7,799	8,369	3
12.	Jharkhand	1,24,792	1,17,933	6,683	176
13.	Karnataka	58,249	23,846	34,403	0
14.	Kerala	15,966	9,398	6,476	92
15.	Ladakh	1,412	416	996	0
16.	Madhya Pradesh	1,27,672	1,12,627	14,959	86
17.	Maharashtra	99,587	77,767	21,741	79
18.	Manipur	2,976	1,988	988	0
19.	Meghalaya	9,646	2,545	7,101	0
20.	Mizoram	722	324	398	0
21.	Nagaland	1,499	570	929	0
22.	Odisha	1,57,102	1,53,592	50	3,460
23.	Puducherry	292	292	0	0
24.	Punjab	15,230	11,918	2,335	977
25.	Rajasthan	1,21,877	53,208	56,565	12,104
26.	Sikkim	2,208	931	1,277	0
27.	Tamil Nadu	79,329	57,639	21,690	0
28.	Telangana	24,028	24,028	0	0
29.	Tripura	8,723	5,752	1,892	1,079
30.	Uttar Pradesh	2,59,895	2,51,570	7,807	518
31.	Uttarakhand	38,756	19,401	19,351	4
32.	West Bengal	1,07,883	64,638	40,265	2,980
	Total	17,00,781	13,45,501 (79.11%)	3,18,407 (18.72%)	36,873 (2.17%)

Source: JJM – IMIS